

Stalingrad Stands Off Foe; Hungarian Attack Smashed at Voronezh

Russians Retreat Near Grozny in Caucasus Battle For Road to Oil

The War Today

BRITISH CONTINUE to advance on the Capital of Madagascar, Page 2.

WAVE OF TERROR sweeps the Balkans, Page 2.

BRITISH STAGE commando-like raid on Tobruk with heavy casualties to both sides, Page 2.

R. A. F. FOUNDS Bremen again, while Russians raid Bucharest and some points in Bulgaria and Germany, Page 2.

Twenty-first Day

By Eddy Gilmore

Associated Press Staff Writer

Moscow (Tuesday), Sept. 15.—The Russian lines before Stalingrad held firmly yesterday despite repeated Nazi lunges that left a growing mound of German dead on the western and southwestern outskirts of that imperiled Volga River city, a communique said early today.

Northwest of Stalingrad the Russians sent cavalry against two German infantry attacks, "wiping out about 500 enemy officers and men," in a successful repulse, the communique said.

The steady Nazi attacks west of the city also were repulsed, the Russians said, citing one instance where Soviet artillery and "tank busters" destroyed nine German tanks and about three infantry companies when two regiments supported by 40 tanks crashed against the Soviet positions.

Further east, the Germans launched a "ferocious" attack on the Caucasus front, but no details were given of that sector.

[The International News Service said big Russian guns, some of the mounted on monitors in the Volga behind Stalingrad, combined with tank-breaking weapons to crush one particularly powerful attack from the west, annihilating three companies of infantry and shattering nine tanks.]

Leningrad Success

A Red army withdrawal in the central Caucasus at Mordok was announced, however. On that front, less than 60 miles from the Grozny oil fields, the Russians fell back to the new defense positions after German tanks crossed a river, presumably the Terek.

Red army snipers fighting in the Caucasian foothills to bar the Germans, the communique said.

See RUSSIA, Page 2, Column 1.

450 Japs Seized In Solomons Taken to Port

Pearl Harbor, Sept. 14.—Four hundred and fifty Japanese prisoners captured in the Solomon Islands have arrived at a "port outside the immediate theater of operations," it was announced today.

Most of the prisoners were taken on Guadalcanal in the landing and shore operations by Pacific Fleet forces since August 7. All were captured in the general Tulagi-Guadalcanal area.

An announcement from Pacific Fleet headquarters said that the outstanding feature of the capture was that the prisoners all "expected to be killed."

"Human treatment, including the furnishing of medical attention and clothing, was so surprising to the captives that many of them expressed a desire never to return to Japan," the announcement said.

"This attitude is understandable, since according to the Japanese code, any man missing after battle is declared legally dead."

The prisoners comprised landing force personnel—counterpart of the United States Marines—charged with defending the Japanese bases in the Solomons when the American offensive began, and labor troops who were building an air field at Guadalcanal.

Somoza Says Axis Plotted His Death

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 14 (AP).—President Anastasio Somoza declared today that a plot of Axis agents and some of his political opponents to assassinate him had been frustrated and "everything is now under control."

China Shares What's Left

Britain, Russia Receiving 70% Of U. S. Lend-Lease Weapons

Estimates of Needs Delayed

WFO OFFICIAL says Army and Navy delay estimates of needs from plans, Page 3.

JUNKING OF PRIORITIES asked of WFB; an article in Ben Gilbert's series, Page 15.

SENATORS TRUMAN and Wallgren charge U. S. pilots are given inferior planes, Page 3.

United Nations' Jumping-Off Place

By the Associated Press

President Roosevelt disclosed yesterday that Britain now is regarded as "an offensive base" for the fighting men of the United Nations, but is sharing equally with Russia in American lend-lease weapons flowing across the seas to the European war theater.

Mr. Roosevelt sent Congress his sixth quarterly report on lend-lease operations, and breaking down export figures for the first time in a year, showed that about 35 per cent of the weapons and war supplies are going to Russia, 35 per cent to the United Kingdom, and 30 per cent to all other regions.

Total lend-lease assistance through August was \$4,490,000,000, the report said.

See LEND, Page 2, Column 2.

Subs Sink 5 Ships of Convoy Off Canada

Nazi Radio Reports 19 Sunk in Another Battle in Atlantic

By the Associated Press

Ottawa, Sept. 14.—An Atlantic convoy battle in which Axis submarines sank four Allied merchantmen and the Canadian escort vessel Racoon, the latter with all 39 hands, was announced today by the Canadian navy ministry.

The sinkings were known to have occurred on the Canadian east coast where, the navy said, "there has been an increase in the tempo of enemy activity."

(Since the Canadian navy makes a practice of delaying announcements of losses until the next of kin have been notified, it was believed the sinkings disclosed today occurred some time ago and had no connection with a big Atlantic convoy battle mentioned by German communiques the past two days.)

19 Vessels Claimed

(The Germans announced Monday that U-boats had sunk 19 ships totaling 122,000 tons, 2 destroyers and 1 corvette out of an Allied convoy in the North Atlantic. There was no Allied confirmation of this report, which was similar to a German claim Sunday that 18 Allied ships totaling 121,500 tons had been sunk and a nineteenth ship torpedoed.)

Navy Minister Angus MacDonald said that 10 officers and men of the four sunken merchantmen were lost.

The Racoon, an armed yacht, was the eighth ship lost by the Canadian navy since the war's start.

The increase in the tempo of enemy activity off the Canadian coast implied that German U-boat raiders had swung northward from the coast of the United States and South America where shipping losses have been heavy.

See SINKINGS, Page 2, Column 2.

For the Army

Jaqueline Cochran to Head Training of Women Pilots

Appointment of Miss Jacqueline Cochran as director of women's flying training within the Army Air Forces was announced yesterday by Lieut. Gen.

Henry H. Arnold, commanding general.

Miss Cochran, long an outstanding flier, will be in charge of a program designed to create a pool of trained women pilots, from

Miss Cochran

which will be drawn, as needed, personnel for noncombatant flying purposes, to release as many men pilots as possible for combat and other important duties. She will serve in a civil service status.

Formation of the Women's Air

Jap-Marked Bomb Pieces Found on Coast

Small Plane Was Seen And Sub Sighted In Same Vicinity

By the Associated Press

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—Evidence that a Japanese seaplane, possibly operating from a submarine, may have attempted to set southern Oregon forests afire in the first air bombing of continental United States was reported by the Western Defense Command today.

A communique issued by Lieut. Gen. John L. Dewitt, Western Defense commander, said that:

A small seaplane was observed over the area of Mount Emily, 9 miles northeast of Brookings, Ore., September 9.

A submarine was later sighted and bombed about 30 miles off the same shore by an Army patrol plane, with unobserved results.

A forest fire was started near Mount Emily and that markings on what appeared to be fragments of an incendiary bomb were Japanese.

Forest patrols, which extinguished the blaze, discovered a foot-deep crater, the communique added, and about 40 pounds of metal fragments and small pellets.

The fragments bore Japanese ideographs.

Apparently the Japanese, if they made the attack, selected one of the most wooded sections of the coast, frequently threatened by forest fires.

A few years ago a fire in the same general area swept out of control and virtually wiped out the Oregon coast town of Bandon.

Japanese submarines have twice shelled the Pacific Coast—at Goleta in southern California February 23 and near Seaside, Ore., June 22, but this was the first reported attack from the air.

First Wave

Blitz Scrap Collection Set for Next Sunday

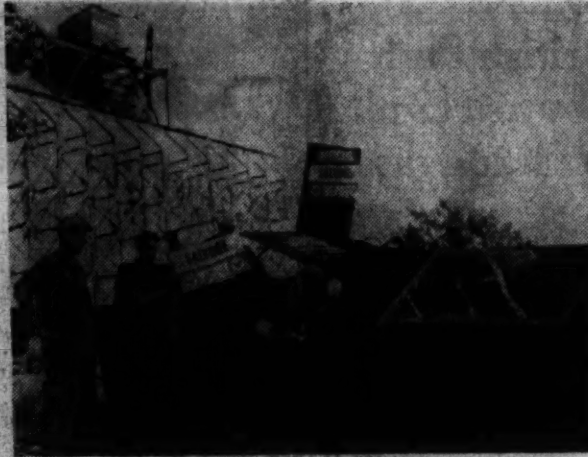
(Map of Collection Areas, Page 4.)

A whirlwind house-to-house scrap metal collection to cover all of eastern Washington next Sunday and all of western Washington the following Sunday was mapped yesterday by the District Commissioners' special scrap and salvage committee.

Salient points of the campaign are:

1. District Refuse Department trucks, supplemented by trucks owned by commercial establishments and each manned by a driver and four men, will cover the city from 8 a. m. until the job is done on each of the two days.

2. Every resident, businessman, building superintendent, apartment manager and hotelman in Northeast and Southeast Washington and Anacostia will be expected to have his scrap on the sidewalk in front of his home or establishment by 8 a. m. next Sunday. Those in Northwest and the rest of South-



The Washington Cathedral yesterday added vital metal to the salvage scrap pile by giving up the steel girders (left, background) and building equipment which will not be needed since construction on the edifice has been halted. Bernard Gilman, chief engineer, dismantles huge scoops.

west Washington will put theirs out at 8 a. m. the following Sunday, September 27.

3. The trucks, 110 to be supplied by the District and 110 to be sought from merchants, will dump their loads at some 600 official scrap depots at police stations, firehouses, garages, service stations and vacant lots.

4. "Super depots" will be established in open fields like the Anacostia Flats to take care of possible overflow at regular depots.

5. Junk dealers will pick up the scrap at the depots, take it to processing plants in the District and see that it is shipped to the hungry steel mills of the Nation for conversion into war implements.

6. Money paid by junk dealers will be turned over to community salvage committees which have been formed in 61 of the 66 citizens association territories and will be established in the other five by Sunday. The community committees, comprised of citizens' association members in some cases and civilian defense committee members in others, will use the money as residents of the community desire—for civilian defense equipment, citizens' movements, charity or other purposes.

"What the Commissioners are looking for," Commissioner John Russell Young told the special committee at the District Building, "is a plan to put into motion and carry out an intensive drive to get out the materials."

The committee thereupon mapped the campaign in one-two-three fashion—taking up the questions of when, where and how in rapid order—and adjourned in less than two hours with practically every detail complete.

Chairman Beverly C. Snow, Assistant Engineer Commissioner, and the six other committee members decided to split

See SCRAP, Page 4, Column 1.

2 Years Old Tomorrow

Selective Service Attaining Goal Of Biggest Army in U. S. History

The Selective Service System will be 2 years old tomorrow. Born of the shock of France's fall in the summer of 1940, it is beginning to bite deeply into America's manpower. This is the first of a series of articles on the operation of the law, and the repercussions therefrom.

By Edward T. Follard

Whatever else may be said about the Selective Service System—and plenty is being said—one thing is clear: It is achieving its primary purpose.

That purpose is to provide men for the greatest Army in United States history. It is an Army whose striking power, added to that of our Allies, is counted on to turn the tide of the war and bring victory to the United Nations.

And since this is a whole-hog war, that Army's objectives will be nothing less than Berlin, Rome and Tokyo.

If the proportions of this huge American war machine, current and prospective, were known, it would help a lot. It would particularly help those who now appear to be shocked by the inroads the Selective Service boards are making on the country's manpower.

For they then would be better able to understand much that is happening—in to understand why doctors and dentists are disappearing in droves from civilian life, why an unprecedented number of clergymen are leaving their pulpits to serve as chaplains, why married men are being told to get ready, why 18 and 19-year-old youths will be called after the New Year, and why five million women are being

All figures on the size of the military forces are, of course, a secret, although it is entirely possible that nobody, not even Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff, could say today what the ultimate size of the Army will be.

It probably would be safe, however, to take all our figures for the World War of 1914-18 and at least double them. For this, as President Roosevelt said recently, "is the toughest war of all time."

The total strength of the United States armed forces on November 11, 1918, was as follows:

Army 4,185,220
Navy 482,229
Marine Corps 54,600

That, it should be remembered, was the strength of those forces on Armistice Day, one year, seven months and four days after the World War of 1914-18 and at least double them. For this, as President Roosevelt said recently, "is the toughest war of all time."

The prospect is that by the time we are in this war a year the Army will be bigger than it was at its peak in the last war. General Marshall, in a speech at West Point last May, said we would have an Army of nearly 4,500,000 by the end

See SELECTIVE, Page 16, Column 2.

New Farm Parity Bill Threatens to Snarl Price Control Plans

Without Pay Cuts

Civil Service Given Power To Make Transfers at Need

By Jerry Klutz

Federal Staff Writer

Sweeping power over the lives of the Nation's 2,300,000 Federal workers now lies in the hands of the Civil Service Commission.

The commission was given authority yesterday by the President and the War Manpower Commission to transfer Government employees to other jobs within the Federal service without their consent and without the approval of the agencies involved.

Federal employees, under the historic order, may be switched to war jobs in private industry when the commission decides they will be of a greater service to the all-out war effort. But in these instances, the employees must agree to the transfers.

The order is an attempt, as explained at a joint press conference by Manpower Czar Paul McNutt and Civil Service Commissioner Arthur S. Flemming, to place Government employees in the right jobs

at the right time and in jobs where they will be of the most use.

Steps, however, will be taken, as explained by Commissioner Flemming, who is also a member of the War Manpower Commission, to protect the basic rights of the employees.

Employees transferred—either to other Federal jobs or to private industry—will be guaranteed reemployment rights. Temporary employees will not have reemployment privileges. The same applies, in part, to war service appointees.

Such appointees who are transferred will be given employment security for the duration of the war and six months thereafter. All employees appointed since March 16, except those in the field service of the postal service, are given war service appointments.

Briefly, the same job security is given transferred permanent employees as is guaranteed Federal

See DIARY, Page 7, Column 2.

White, Sewall Win Reelection In Maine Vote

Hale, Roosevelt Foe, Has Dwindling Lead; Rep. Smith Ahead

By the Associated Press

Portland, Me., Sept. 14.—Republicans rolled up one-sided victories tonight three of the four top contests in the Nation's first election since it went to war, and apparently were assured a clean sweep of the Down-East State.

United States Senator Wallace H. White, Jr., and Gov. Sumner Sew-

Army, Navy Won't Ship N. Y. Ballots Abroad

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 14 (AP).—The War and Navy Departments refused today to deliver "war ballots" to New York voters overseas, declaring the job "would manifestly interfere with the war effort."

The War Ballot Commission announced receipt of similar letters from Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson and the Navy Department rejecting a commission proposal that military authorities transport and distribute approximately 150,000 special ballots abroad. Stimson wrote that "... if every State would follow New York's plan, there would be sacrifice of space in our ships that would manifestly hinder the war effort."

all Republicans were returned to office by better than 2-to-1 majorities, and United States Representative Margaret C. Smith, held virtually insurmountable margin over her Democratic opponent, with only a handful of precincts still uncounted.

The sharpest contest centered in the First Congressional District, where Robert Hale (Republican), a critic of the President's domestic policies, held a dwindling lead over former Democratic Governor Louis J. Brann, Administration supporter.

See ELECTIONS, Page 6, Column 2.

Leader Hedges

Denial of Tires Threatened If Cabmen Strike Tomorrow

By Christine Sadler

Post Staff Writer

The threat of a strike tomorrow morning by the United Taxicab Drivers, Inc., which claims 4000 members, yesterday drew from Representative Schulte (Democrat) of Indiana the counter threat that all striking drivers would have their licenses revoked and be denied "future rubber."

"We do not intend to have a strike in the District of Columbia in wartime," he declared, "and particularly we will not tolerate a strike from an organization that neither the A. F. of L. nor the C. I. O. will claim."

Schulte, chairman of the police and fire subcommittees of the House District Committee, had a letter from E. A. Glenn, president of the union threatening a "vacation," informing him that all its drivers were vacationing in a body at 12:31

a. m. Wednesday in protest against treatment received from the Public Utilities Commission and officials in the Office of Price Administration and the Office of Defense Transportation.

"He is threatening to strike because his drivers can't get rubber. It's the silliest thing I ever heard of at a time like this," Schulte declared. "That would be a strike against the Government pure and simple and it will not be tolerated."

"It is difficult to ascertain from his letter what else he wants, but I am sure it is nothing that cannot be settled around a conference table. He says the Public Utilities Commission has denied his group a hearing and he wants some changes in the zoning. He says he has 4000

See TAXI, Page 6, Column 1.

Rep. Steagall Offers Measure Denying Roosevelt Power Over Farm Purse

By Robert C. Albright

Post Staff Writer

President Roosevelt's inflation-control program headed into an uncertain congressional snarl last night as widely divergent price-control measures were introduced in House and Senate.

Chairman Henry B. Steagall of the House junked the simple over-all resolution earlier considered and offered legislation with a 100 per cent of parity crop loss "floor" under agricultural prices.

The Steagall bill, which actually would operate to move farm prices further upward, had only wage and farm price control "objectives" in common with the Senate measure offered earlier by Senator Brown (Democrat) of Michigan.

Farm Purse Protected

Both emergency measures vested broad "authority" over wages, salaries and farm prices in the President. But where the Senate bill applied a similar control platform for wages and farm prices, stabilized around August 15 prices, the Steagall bill cushioned the effect of any stabilization on farm prices.

Among other concessions to the farm bloc, the House bill would reverse the long-established parity formula to include all costs of farm production, including wages paid for hired farm labor, for purposes of price control.

Ties Wage to Farm Prices

The bill tied any wage orders promulgated by the President directly to the farm price structure by directing the White House to fix "such maximum salaries and industrial wages as will bring about and maintain a fair and equitable relation between such salaries and industrial wages and the maximum prices for agricultural commodities established under this act."

The "floor" under farm prices inserted in the bill by Steagall in effect picked up a bill guaranteeing 100 per cent of parity loans on farm commodities which already has passed the Senate and is pending in the House. The present Commodity Credit loan rate is 85 per cent of parity.

Hearings Stated Tomorrow

Under the Steagall measure, 100 per cent loans could be extended to nonbasic commodities if the Secretary of Agriculture finds it necessary to encourage their expansion and production.

The bill was introduced long after the House had adjourned under

See CONGRESS, Page 3, Column 2.

FBI Probing Mystery Blasts On Streamliner

By the Associated Press

Creston, Iowa, Sept. 14.—FBI agents, railroad detectives and other officers tonight blocked off an area approximately 3 miles east of Nodaway, Iowa, where early today a series of 12 explosions rocked the Burlington Railroad's westbound Zephyr streamliner.

The blasts caused at least one passenger, J. H. Sheridan of Omaha, to believe the train "had been hit by lightning." No one was injured and no cars left the track.

Damage to nine of 12 cars on the sleek train was estimated at \$5000. When the blasts went off the train's air brakes were damaged, causing them to lock. The train, doing more than 70 miles an hour, slid 3600 feet to a stop, flattening wheels on several of the cars.

The damage included burst water tanks, bulged floors, tilting loosened, a dozen windows smashed; hatches, belly plates, skirting and other parts blown from the undersides of the cars.

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Tobruk Is Raided By British Troops

War Sidelights
British, U. S.
Air Chiefs
See Victory

London, (Tuesday), Sept. 15 (AP).—Lieut. Gen. H. H. Arnold, commander in chief of the United States Army Air Forces, and Air Chief Marshal Sir Charles Portal, commander in chief of the R. A. F., promised today that sky-filling attacks of the two forces will "wreck vengeance" on the Nazis and "overwhelm our enemies and bring about their final destruction."

The ideas were expressed in an exchange of messages on the occasion of the second anniversary of the climax of the Battle of Britain—the day on which the R. A. F. and anti-aircraft gunners shot down 185 German planes over the island and its approaches.

Paying tribute to the R. A. F. on behalf of American Army forces, General Arnold said that the deeds of your flyers on that day turned the tide of war, ending forever the Nazi hope of world conquest and made possible the final United Nations victory that is to come.

Extending a "proud welcome" to the American air forces, Portal said: "We watch with admiration their growing strength."

Getting Jumpy, Adolf?
London, Sept. 14 (AP).—German commentators have pictured actions such as the seven-man landing attempt on the French coast, reported today by the Berlin high command, as almost nightly occurrences along the shores of the occupied continent.

Broadcast mention of these incidents have included the explanation that the forays are intended for collection of information. Usually there are quick getaways.

The Nazis claimed that the landing was frustrated.

As in the past, both the war office and combined operations headquarters declined comment on the German report.

British Miners Warned
London, Sept. 14 (AP).—Miners who stay away from work without reasonable excuse, or who persistently are late, will be prosecuted, the Labor Ministry decreed today.

The order effective September 17, followed a warning by Gwilym Lloyd George, minister of fuel and power, that Britain's coal situation was serious.

Atties in Newfoundland
London, Sept. 14 (AP).—Dominions Secretary Clement R. Attlee has arrived in Newfoundland to discuss current questions there and in Canada, it was announced tonight. He will visit Ottawa and after spending a few days in Canada will return to Britain, it was stated.

Stalingrad Holds Reinforced Nazis
RUSSIA, From Page 1.
man advance at Mordok, less than 60 miles from the Grozny oil fields, were said to have killed more than 1000 Germans in recent fighting. One sniper alone was credited with picking off 204 Nazis.

In beating off five fierce Hungarian attacks south of Voronezh on the Upper Don, the Russians said 2000 Hungarians were killed, 20 tanks destroyed and prisoners taken. The Germans and Hungarians for months now have tried to crash through the Red positions at Voronezh to protect the left flank of their long salient, which reaches south-eastward to Stalingrad.

On the Volkhov River in the Leningrad area, the Russians said the enemy was dislodged from a populated place near Sinyavino and that 600 Germans were killed and five tanks and about 40 blockhouses destroyed.

The battle for Stalingrad had entered its twenty-first day.

Heavy R. A. F. Blasts Precede Attack On Libyan Port

By the Associated Press

London (Tuesday) Sept. 15.—A small contingent of British troops, supported by light naval forces and heavy R. A. F. attacks, landed at the Axis-held Libyan port of Tobruk Sunday night and inflicted casualties and damage on the enemy before withdrawing. The A-4s, Italy announced today.

"Our force landed in the face of strong opposition," the command added. "The withdrawal was not carried out without losses, which in view of the strength of the defenses, were to be expected."

Other British light naval forces "successfully" bombarded enemy lines of communication at El Daba in Egypt, and emerged with neither damage nor casualties, the British said.

The British did not give the extent of their losses in the raid on Tobruk, which is 75 miles west of the Egyptian frontier. An earlier Rome radio broadcast said two British warships were hit by Axis shell-fire and that one of the vessels later sank.

The Italians said a violent bombardment by a large number of R. A. F. planes preceded the landing, and that "immediate intervention of Italian-German defenses frustrated the attempt."

British paratroopers, Rome said, also participated in the raid which "was supported by six naval units, made up of cruisers and destroyers."

Tobruk, an important supply port for Field Marshal Rommel's Axis army in Egypt, has been in Axis hands since June 22. It has been attacked by R. A. F. and United States planes repeatedly.

Roosevelt Issues Lend-Lease Report
LEND, From Page 1.
cluded goods awaiting transfer to the recipient nations, those on docks and in warehouses ready for actual export, and such services as the repairing of ships and the training of airplane pilots.

The value of exports alone through August was \$3,325,000,000. With only 30 per cent of this going to the Middle East, Australia, China and other areas, the report commented on the fact that help for China had been limited by transportation difficulties, but said that "the development of other means of transportation will relieve this situation."

It did not identify the means under consideration.

Outdoing U. S. in Proportion
While Russia is a battlefield and Britain an offensive base, the Chief Executive said they were continuing to produce to the limit. In relation to their available resources, he said, they have turned out more weapons than this country has to date.

"Deliveries of lend-lease supplies, which have been growing, will have to grow much larger still," the United Nations, the President said, "need all the weapons that all of us can produce and all the men that all of us can muster."

have reported the slaughter of roughly 1000 to 1500 Germans daily, but as yet there has been no overall estimate.

The noon communiqué reported that one German penetration of Russian positions on the Stalingrad front, and this only a temporary one.

"In one sector (southwest of Stalingrad) the enemy broke into the positions of our troops," it said. "A Soviet tank detachment attacked and restored the position. Five German tanks and 11 armored cars were destroyed and a company of infantry was wiped out."

(Reporting that Field Marshal Fedor von Bock had sent "thousands of new reinforcements with tanks" into the gigantic frontal assault west of Stalingrad, a Tass news agency dispatch, quoted by the International News Service, reported this morning that 6000 Germans were slain yesterday in one sector before the city.)

Envoy's Son in Training



CADET WINANT—John G. Winant, Jr. (right), son of the United States Ambassador to Britain, is an Army Air Forces cadet in training at Goodfellow Field, Tex. Here he confers with Staff Sgt. Joe Sarzoza before a take-off. Young Winant's father served as a captain with the Eighth Air Observation Squadron in France during World War I.

Balkan Revolt, Axis Terror Drive Mount

By the Associated Press

London, Sept. 14.—A new wave of Axis terror and anti-Axis revolt was reported spreading through the Balkans tonight following redoubled efforts by Hitler to wring greater tribute for his war machine from occupied but still recalcitrant southeastern states.

The Germans themselves contributed to the accounts of trouble on their hands, reporting revolt in Bulgarian Macedonia and execution of 800 persons, described, of course, as "bandits," captured in Bosnia, mountainous western area of occupied Yugoslavia.

A state of siege was clamped on the district and city of Skopje, now a part of Bulgarian Macedonia and formerly a part of Yugoslavia, after the killing of Yugoslav patriots, said Balkan dispatches received in Switzerland. One account said these disorders were set off by efforts of Germans, Italians and Bulgarians to loot the district of its harvest.

One Sofia dispatch told of the appearance of mysterious planes over the Skopje area, which dropped leaflets addressed to the population and ammunition for Macedonian insurgents.

At one stage of the outbreak, these same dispatches said, an attempt was made to assassinate Peter Grabowski, Bulgarian Interior Minister. In two villages every Bulgarian official was slain by Macedonian bands, it was said.

The mass executions in Bosnia and the Berlin radio's announcement that "mopping up operations there are progressing according to plan" were taken here to mean that the Germans were making a supreme effort to smash resistance.

The continuing activity of the patriots was best evidenced by an Italian casualty list for August showing 285 of Mussolini's soldiers killed and 387 wounded that month "on the Balkan front."

Nazis' Winter Line in Russia Will Be Strongly Fortified
By the Associated Press
London, Sept. 14.—The Germans were reported today to be making intense preparations for a strongly fortified winter line in Russia even while the terrific frontal assault on Stalingrad is going on. Behind this line, apparently, Adolf Hitler hopes to regroup, rest, and reequip his badly mauled forces.

First disclosure of Hitler's winter plans, which he promised in his Reichstag address last April, was the Axis announcement of the appointment of General Franz Halder, Jacob and Wietersheim to establish an impregnable line and clothe Axis troops against the ravages of the Russian winter.

In London it was believed that these preparations were the imperative result of heavy casualties and material losses in Gen. Fedor von Bock's frontal attack on Stalingrad, which the Nazi command earlier had hoped to avoid by its more familiar swift flanking movements.

The decision to sacrifice valuable shock troops before Stalingrad, London military quarters said, had been forced upon the Nazis by the Red army's retention of a Don bridgehead in the Kleitskaya area which had robbed Von Bock of freedom of movement.

Halder, considered one of the ablest generals in Germany, will direct military requirements, according to word reaching London. Jacob, who helped build the west wall, is to be entrusted with fortifications and Wietersheim will direct supply.

R.A.F., Reds Raid Foe From Two Directions

By Russell C. Landstrom

Associated Press Staff Writer
London, Sept. 14.—The two-front air war against Germany and her junior partners achieved its broadest score thus far when hundreds of R. A. F. bombers assaulted Bremen and other targets in northwestern Germany last night and unaccounted Russian bombers fanned wide over eastern Germany, Rumania and Bulgaria.

The Russians specified only the Rumanian oil-producing center, Ploesti, the Rumanian capital, Bucharest, and Koenigsburg, East Prussia, as their targets, but Axis reports credited even a broader sweep to the Red air force.

The Russians said they left Ploesti installations and Bucharest in flames.

The British raid on Bremen, Germany's second largest port and an important U-boat hatchery, was compared in unofficial comment to last Thursday's assault by several hundred bombers on Dusseldorf. It was the R. A. F.'s 100th call on the big maritime centers up the Weser.

Admit Loss of 19 Planes
The official report indicated the weight of the attack on Bremen and northwestern Germany by describing the attackers as "a very strong force" and acknowledging loss of 19 bombers.

R. A. F. fighter planes joined the general offensive from the west with "intruder patrols" over northern France—maneuvering over German air fields to catch enemy planes in takeoffs or landings.

A thumping finale to the R. A. F.'s night operations was provided by bombers which streaked singly across northwestern Germany at sunrise to smash at German factories, transport and personnel.

The raid caught Bremen still in the process of cleaning up from the ninety-ninth attack September 4, when enormous destruction was wrought in submarine yards, a Focke-Wulf plane factory, railways and industrial buildings.

As the night was moonless it was likely that the R. A. F.'s new pathfinder planes were utilized to illuminate the targets with their flares and lay out the pattern for the succeeding waves of planes with their own bombs.

Saw Glow for 100 Miles
Homeward bound bombardiers could see the red glow of their handwork for 100 miles, it was said.

The German high command and subsidiary Axis agencies provided a piecemeal picture of the Russian effort, evidently the broadest since the synchronized British-Russian offensive started as a sequel to the Churchill-Stalin conferences at Moscow.

One Vichy broadcast said Budapest and Berlin also were Russian targets and that seven other Rumanian towns besides Bucharest had been bombed.

A Bulgarian communiqué broadcast by Berlin showed that several Bulgarian towns were bombed and that there were civilian casualties.

Vichy 'Fines' Jews
Vichy, Sept. 14 (AP).—Jewish communities in both occupied and unoccupied France were ordered by the Vichy government today to provide six million francs a month, either by voluntary contributions or taxation, to the French General Union of Jews.

Vichy appears to be following the example of the Nazis, who frequently have levied mass fines and taxes on Jewish communities in Germany in order to finance the carrying out of anti-Jewish measures.—Editor's note.

Japs Tougher Than Germans, Aussie Veterans Maintain

By Murkin Spencer

Associated Press Staff Writer
Melbourne, Australia, Sept. 14.—Australian veterans who fought the Germans at Tobruk and the Japanese at Milne Bay agreed unanimously today that the Japanese soldier is a wily fighting man more dangerous than any Hitler threw at them.

"It was like fighting tigers down in that jungle and it was a question of kill or be killed," said one Aussie who got a bullet wound in the neck at Milne Bay.

He was among the first wounded to arrive in Australia from the Milne Bay action, which started August 26 when a Japanese convoy moved in a naval landing force under cover of darkness in a peeling rain.

This is the story one of the wounded Australians told: "The Japanese noise tactics were alarming, to say the least, during the first engagement. They set up a hell of a clatter and chatter, blew trumpets and whistles and set firecrackers to popping."

"Many of the crackers appeared to be a kind of delayed-action grenade which was lobbed behind the lines and caused a racket that gave the impression we were surrounded."

"And how those babies could talk! You'd be on patrol and a voice in the clearest fashion would greet you with 'Hey, Bill, is the corporal there?'"

"Some of our boys fell for it. They lifted their heads and were shot to pieces."

"If a dozen of us were moving toward a single Jap, he'd stand there and be shot and he'd just as likely get one of two of us before he went down."

"Jap parties working through the jungle sent one or two men forward to draw fire and be killed just to discover where our machine guns and other weapons were hidden."

"If we fired a shot we'd be plastered by a dozen tommy guns from point blank or even behind."

One favorite Japanese trick, he added, was to play dead among the wounded, wait for advancing Allied troops to pass then shoot them from behind.

Blann and Upp Placed in Army Specialist Corps
Two Washington men have been appointed to the Army Specialist Corps by order of President Roosevelt, the War Department revealed yesterday.

They are John Edward Blann, with the rank of colonel, 3738 North Chesterbrooke Road, and John Edgar Upp, Montgomery County, Md., with the rank of lieutenant colonel.

Colonel Blann is assigned as chief liaison officer, Headquarters, Army Specialist Corps. Colonel Upp is assigned as principal administrative officer, Headquarters, Army Specialist Corps.

Five Ships Lost In Convoy Battle

SINKINGS, From Page 1.

losses have shown a decline in recent weeks.

Axel Broner, skipper of a Panamanian merchant vessel, whose torpedoing by a submarine off the coast of South America was announced yesterday by the United States Navy, possibly saved himself from being taken prisoner aboard the undersea craft by refusing to identify himself.

In an east coast port interview, he said: "When they asked for me, I just wasn't there. The Germans played the game fair enough. They asked us if we had water and provisions and gave us a tin for baiting our boat. They took the second officer aboard for questioning about the ship and our destination but released him."

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Services' Estimates On Needs Delayed

Prisoner of Japs Wounded D.C. Sailor Given Purple Heart

A wounded, Jap-held Washingtonian was awarded the Order of the Purple Heart as the result of his gallantry in action in the Philippines, the Navy Department announced yesterday.

He is Gunner C. A. Carlson, U. S. N., who is among the first to be awarded the decoration in the Navy during the present war. His wife, Mrs. Mildred Carlson, lives at 2819 Hillcrest Drive Southeast, Washington.

Notification of the decoration was received here while Mrs. Carlson was visiting friends in California. Her father said he did not know how long before she would return to the city. He said she had been induced to make the visit in order to help in recovering from the shock of that terse message from the Navy Department, received upon the fall of Corregidor.

"Missing in action."

Hope He's Prisoner

"We are hoping that he is a prisoner," Mr. Kever explained. "You see, he was stationed on an American war vessel when that vessel was bombed and sunk. We assume he was wounded by a bomb fragment. We do know that for a time he was on Batavia, in a hospital there."

"We also know that he later was removed to Corregidor and that he was there when that fortress fell to the Japanese."

"But really, all we know definitely is that he is missing, as stated in the Navy message. We simply hope he is still alive although a prisoner."

The father-in-law said the last direct message they had received from Carlson was in December, about Christmas time, and they had heard nothing since he was wounded.

Kever explained that Carlson had been on duty in Tientsin before the outbreak of the war and his wife had been with him. Prior to Pearl Harbor they had left the China station and returned to Manila via Shanghai.

Returned to U. S.

Mrs. Carlson remained in Manila for about a month before she was able to obtain transportation back to the States and Carlson was assigned to duty with the Navy in the islands.

The couple have one son, John Carlson, 11 years old, who also is in California with his mother.

Gunner Carlson, who is 32 years old, lived in Youngstown, Ohio. The Order of the Purple Heart is awarded by the Army and Navy.

They have previously been given to officers and men of the Marine Corps. The Navy men decorated were the first to receive the decorations from the Philippine action.

They were cited by Lieut. Gen. Jonathan Wainwright.

The Order of the Purple Heart was originated by Gen. George Washington in 1782 and awarded to persons who perform any singularly meritorious service. A wound in action is sometimes considered as resulting from such service.

U. S. Engineers Drop Shovels, Battle Japs

Copyright by New York Tribune, Inc. Somewhere in Australia, Sept. 14, Wounded Australian soldiers, arriving here from the Milne Bay area of New Guinea, disclosed that United States Army engineers working on an airfield dropped their shovels, picked up rifles and tommy guns when the Jap marines landed there recently.

Despite the fact that the field was an immediate objective of the enemy, the Americans suffered only slight casualties, and returned to their jobs after the Japanese had been driven to cover.

Although the Japanese attacked the landing field in waves, until their losses convinced them they were beaten, their usual tactics in jungle country were those of Indian-like stealth and single-handed combat, according to the wounded Australians who arrived here.

British Subs' Record

London, Sept. 14 (AP).—Admiral Sir Max Horton said today that British submarines have sunk 300 enemy supply ships and sunk or damaged 87 German or Italian warships since the start of the war.

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Senator's Daughter to Wed



THE MAN OF HER CHOICE IS A FLIER—Marcella Virginia Chandler, 20-year-old daughter of Senator Chandler (Democrat), of Kentucky, and Capt. John P. Gregg, 24, applied in Los Angeles yesterday for a license to wed. She said her mother would decide when the marriage ceremony was to be performed, but that it probably would be Friday in a Catholic chapel in L. A. Capt. Gregg is in the Army Air Forces.

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Snarl Threatens Price Controls

CONGRESS, From Page 1.

special permission. Steagall said brief hearings would open tomorrow in introducing the Senate bill to the House this week. Tentative arrangements called for action by the House beginning next Tuesday.

The far less controversial Senate bill, introduced at the outset of yesterday's Senate session, brought qualified praise alike from farm and labor Senators. Hearings on it will open this morning before the Senate Banking Committee, with Price Administrator Henderson and Secretary of Agriculture Wickard leading witnesses.

Chairman Wagner of the Senate Banking Committee joined Brown in introducing the Senate bill. The bill authorizes and directs the President to stabilize prices, wages, salaries and other factors affecting living costs "so far as practicable" on the basis of levels prevailing last August 15.

President Roosevelt would be authorized to promulgate the necessary regulations to suspend any provisions of law in conflict with the purpose of the act, and to delegate his power to any department, agency or officer he may designate.

Under the Brown-Wagner bill, maximum farm prices could not be fixed below parity or the highest market price received for any commodity between January 1 and September 15, 1942, whichever was higher. Brown said this would maintain farm prices at about the present average of 101 per cent of parity.

Wage levels fixed could not be inconsistent with provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, nor could wage and salary maximums be set which were lower than the highest paid for any particular work from January 1 to September 15 of this year.

The President could adjust either farm prices or wages and salaries below the highest levels reached in this nine-month period to the extent that he finds necessary to correct gross inequities.

The law would extend to June 30, 1944, unless Congress terminated it earlier by concurrent resolution.

Senate Minority Leader McNary called a Republican conference tomorrow to consider the Senate bill. He said "its objectives are commendable but may require some modification in the interest of inflation control."

In Congress TODAY

Senate Not in session; meets at noon Thursday.

Committees: Banking, open hearing on inflation bill.

House Meets at noon.

TOMORROW

Senate Met at noon.

Received President Roosevelt's lend-lease report.

Received Brown bill authorizing President Roosevelt to stabilize prices, wages and other factors affecting cost of living.

Hear Senator Truman on quality of United States fighting aircraft.

Voted to reject nomination of Fred J. Blumer as postmaster of Monroe, Wis. Confirmed other nominations.

Adjourned at 3:37.

House Met at noon.

Received Rogers bill to increase membership of the Maritime Commission.

Received Jacobson bill regulating punishment for misuse of American flag.

Received Steagall bill authorizing the President to impose farm price ceilings at parity, with the proviso that parity would be revised upwards to include cost of farm labor and other production costs.

Adjourned at 1:47.

Draft Chief Acts to 'Freeze' War Labor

By Eugene Rachlis

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

Selective Service chief, Maj. Gen. Louis B. Hershey has placed the weight of the draft system behind a War Manpower Commission order to freeze labor in essential Western industries, it was learned last night.

In telegrams to State selective service directors, Hershey ordered that any worker who leaves his job in copper and other nonferrous metal industries or the lumber industry be reclassified "out of class 2-A or class 2-B into a class immediately available for service."

It marked the first time that the power of the draft has been used in such a manner and foreshadowed further actions along a similar line.

The telegrams from Hershey followed by a few days an order by War Manpower Commissioner Paul V. McNutt to the lumber and nonferrous metal industries in 12 Western States that no worker would be allowed to leave his work without a "certificate of separation."

At that time, officials heatedly denied that the action was a "freeze" order.

One of the telegrams which were revealed to the Chicago Sun yesterday stated that "national headquarters is not issuing publicity on the subject."

The telegram continues, however, to ask State directors that "you stress the fact that our action is in support of the War Manpower Commission's endeavor to obtain maximum copper and other critical nonferrous metals and lumber production in your State."

The text of the telegram sent by Hershey last Wednesday follows: "On September 7, 1942, the War Manpower Commission took action to increase the urgently needed war production of copper, critical nonferrous metals and lumber in Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming, California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, New Mexico and Texas. It calls for uninterrupted production and maintenance operations in all nonferrous metal mining, milling, smelting and refining, and all logging and lumbering activities carried on within those States."

"So that the Selective Service System will give its full cooperation to the achievement of this objective, local boards are directed to reclassify out of Class 2-A or Class 2-B into a class immediately available for service or out of Class 2-B into Class 2-A, subject to usual rights of appeal, any registrant who leaves production or maintenance occupation in any of these activities without presenting to his local board that his separation did not adversely affect the war effort."

State directors in the 12 States should give the widest possible publicity to the provisions of Section 6261 of the regulations requiring local boards be notified whenever a registrant changes his occupational status."

Resignation Ends Strike

Bombay, Sept. 14 (AP).—Inmates of a Bombay orphanage won their two-day hunger strike in protest over retention of the woman superintendent today when she resigned.

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U.S. Fighter Planes Inferior, Truman Declares

Washington Bureau of Chicago Sun

Asserting that he wanted to "wake up" the "brass hats" running the war for the United States, Chairman Harry S. Truman of the special Senate Defense Investigating Committee yesterday charged that most American fighter planes are inferior to British and German.

In a speech in the Senate summarizing the findings of his committee, Truman also made these charges:

1. Unity of command in war theaters where both the Army and Navy are represented has not been achieved despite the lesson of Pearl Harbor.

2. Donald Nelson, the WPB chief, "has agreed with the committee's private recommendations that he get 'tough,' but the committee wants to see results."

3. The chaotic rubber situation was brought about by a "diffusion" of power.

4. The steel distribution situation remains unsolved.

5. Waste in construction of Army camps continues despite the fact that Army engineers took over the job from the Quartermaster Corps.

Truman precipitated considerable debate in the Senate by his charge that "like rubber and steel," another subject which has been inadequately handled "is aviation."

"Scarcely a week now goes by without some prominent flyer returning to this country and asking why we can't give the boys better pursuit planes."

"The committee believes that the Army should follow the committee's recommendation and concentrate on the production of its best planes and should give less attention to concocting publicity bluffs intended to emphasize that poor planes are better than none at all and can do a worthwhile job when used by superior pilots."

"Our boys have proved their superiority as pilots of inferior planes. They are entitled to the best planes we can give them."

Senator Mon C. Wallgren (Democrat) of Washington, who recently returned from an inspection trip with a special Senate committee in Alaska, joined Truman in criticizing pursuit planes.

"The Navy is using a plane that is a joke," Wallgren said, referring to a 120-mile-an-hour patrol plane that has been used in combat with 400-mile-an-hour Japanese Zeros. "There's something wrong when we send out a plane that can't do more than 120 miles an hour."

Senator Scott Lucas (Democrat)

of Illinois, reminding the Senate that Germany and Japan had been preparing for war a long time before Pearl Harbor, said Capt. Eddie Rickenbacker, World War I air ace, had defended our fighter planes.

Wallgren "offered" to furnish Lucas with "concrete evidence" of our pursuit plane's inferiority.

Senator George W. Norris (Republican-Independent), Nebraska, jumped into the debate with the remark that since the British have been building the Spitfire, there was no excuse for United States manufacturers to build an inferior fighting plane.

Truman said his committee wanted a strong man named a "rubber czar."

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3. Alphabet Bra by Warner, all nylon. Cup sizes A, B, C, in 32 to 38. \$2.50

4. Helene of Hollywood Bra, in broadcloth and lace, 32 to 38. \$1.25

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Blitz Scrap, Drive Is Set For Sunday

SCRAP, from Page 1.

The drive into two days to make certain the collection facilities would be adequate to cover every block in the city, to give opportunity for improvement in methods after actual experience in the first phase and to provide scrap dealers time to get the scrap out of the city.

Residents will be asked to pile their scrap in front of their houses to facilitate collections and, as Colonel Snow said, so that John Jones can see what Henry Smith is doing to help feed the steel mills.

It was emphasized, however, that no scrap should be left on the sidewalks during the night; somebody might stumble over it.

It will be left to the individual's ingenuity to move heavy pieces like safes and boilers to the sidewalk. They will be expected to enlist their neighbors' assistance. In addition, Boy Scouts, Boys Club members, air-aid wardens and citizens association members will be asked to aid householders with such problems as well as to give any other assistance in making the campaign successful.

The committee named Horace Walker, District Salvage Committee Secretary, as chairman of its stockpile subcommittee. He will see to it that collection depots are adequate.

William anten, superintendent of the city refuse division, was appointed chairman of the transportation subcommittee, in charge of trucks which will collect the scrap. It will be up to C. N. Emmons, superintendent of the municipal garage, to obtain volunteer trucks to supplement the District fleet in the collection. Truck owners who wish to cooperate should telephone him at National 6000.

It Has to Work

The committee also agreed to decorate the collection trucks with American flags and posters and to enlist the aid of radio stations in spreading the word of the campaign.

The meeting adjourned on a note of urgency sounded by Walker: "It's just got to work; that's all there is to it."

Attending, in addition to Snow, Walker, Zanteen, Philip Smith, junk dealer, J. B. Borden, District sanitary engineering director; James E. Collier, chairman of the District Salvage Committee, and William J. Mileham, chief air raid warden, all members of the special committee, were Benjamin McKelway, associate editor of the Evening Star, and Alexander F. Jones, managing editor of The Post, serving as advisory members.

Need Emphasized

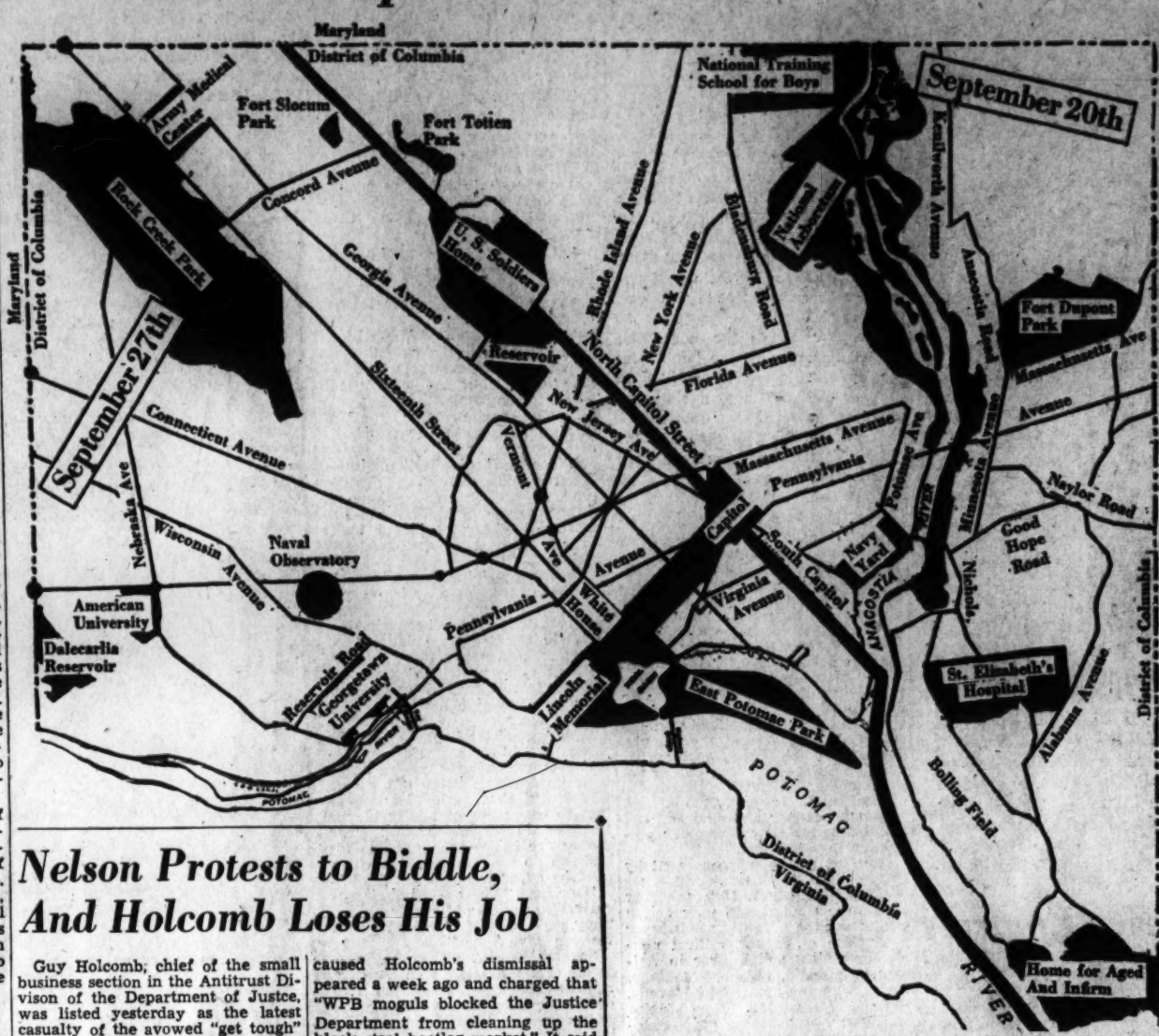
The imperative need of metal at steel mills was emphasized meanwhile by a War Production Board order prohibiting the use of new or second-hand steel shipping drums for packaging approximately 200 food, chemical and petroleum products.

The order, effective November 14, also bars immediately the packing of any product on an additional list of about 35 items in new or used drums made, bought or delivered after today, except drums now owned by the packer.

Among the products from which steel drums may not be used after the 60-day grace period are flour, lard, fruits or vegetables in brine, paints, colors, shellac, crude oil, petroleum and many chemicals. Among the products immediately affected are asphalt, floor wax, animal, fish and vegetable oils, turpentine and printing inks.

The WFB estimated that the order would save about 100,000 tons of steel annually and free thousands of drums for essential purposes. Packers are expected to shift most of the products for which drums are barred to wooden barrels or fiber and glass containers.

Your Scrap Will Be Collected . . .



Nelson Protests to Biddle, And Holcomb Loses His Job

Guy Holcomb, chief of the small business section in the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice, was listed yesterday as the latest casualty of the so-called "get tough" policy of Donald M. Nelson, chairman of the War Production Board.

For the first time, Nelson was reported to have reached beyond the personnel of his own agency to make heads roll with a request to Attorney General Francis Biddle to take punitive measures against Holcomb for allegedly giving an "inside story" on black market operations in the steel industry to Drew Pearson, columnist author of "The Washington Merry-Go-Round."

As a result of "pressure" from Nelson, Holcomb said, his resignation took effect Saturday. While Department of Justice officials were reluctant to discuss the case, it was learned that Holcomb's resignation was requested with the "full knowledge and approval" of Biddle. Holcomb denied giving the story to Pearson, but admitted knowing the "black market in steel" situation, and said that he had often "talked to the newspaper boys."

Holcomb explained that he meant he knew of certain delays in the development of cold cathode fluorescent lighting which he had called to the attention of officials, but that no action had been taken. He also charged that a certain company had a "monopoly" on cold fluorescent lighting. Soon afterward, he said, he found that a five-page letter criticizing him had been sent to Biddle. That letter, he said, bore the signature of Donald M. Nelson. Holcomb added, however, that he did not see the text of the letter. A spokesman for Mr. Nelson, when asked for comment on the situation, laughed and said he hadn't heard a thing about it.

The column which reportedly caused Holcomb's dismissal appeared a week ago and charged that "WFB moguls blocked the Justice Department from cleaning up the black steel booting market." It said that last spring, while shipyards were "crying for steel, vast quantities of it were being hoarded in private warehouses." Plans of the Department of Justice to post 50 of its agents at the gates of every big steel company to make a check, it charged, were frustrated by Nelson, who objected that it would have a "disquieting effect upon industries operating under the war effort."

MINIMUM RATE
Posted...

CEILING PRICE
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ROOMS 4

Today a minimum rate room at The Lexington costs exactly the same as it did in 1939! It's still \$4.00—and more than one-half the total number of rooms in "New York's Friendly Hotel" are now, as before, available at that ceiling price... all outside with combination tub and shower, circulating ice-water, full-length mirror, four-station radio. Home of the famous Hovavon Room.

Hotel Lexington

Charles L. Schneider, Vice-Pres. & Mgr. Dir.
LEXINGTON AVE., AT 48th ST., N.Y.C.

Senators Virtually Finish Tax Bill

TAXES, from Page 1.

\$8000. Yesterday's reversal cut the bill another 23 million dollars.

Savings Report Advanced

In a third surprise action, the committee moved up by more than a month the date previously set for a special joint House-Senate-Treasury Committee to report to Congress on the need for a comprehensive system of compulsory savings. The joint committee was instructed to report by December 1, instead of January 11, as previously authorized. At the same time the scope of the joint committee study was broadened to include questions of additional taxation as well as forced loans. Action was on recommendation of Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau.

Chairman George told reporters that for all practical purposes the largest tax bill was completed but the committee will meet again next Monday to consider several technical amendments.

7 Millions Probable Yield

Treasury General Counsel Randolph Paul said it was not possible as yet to give an estimate on the total revenue content of the bill, which he roughly estimated at slightly more than seven billion dollars net. Postwar refunds of part of the individual 5 per cent gross income or "victory" tax and a portion of the 60 per cent corporate excess profits tax would reduce the bill's gross revenue from nearly nine billion dollars.

Senator Byrd, vigorous opponent alike of the postwar credit principle and the gross income or "victory" tax, launched an unsuccessful effort to eliminate the latter feature from the bill. Byrd moved to substitute a Treasury plan to revise income tax rates to yield the same revenue. He was defeated 9 to 10. An effort then was made to combine the substitute Treasury plan with a 5 per cent retail sales tax. This was rejected, 8 to 11.

The committee approved without change a long list of excise levies as they were previously adopted by the House. These included an increase in the present 34-a-gallon liquor tax to \$6 a gallon. The tax on cigarettes was raised from \$3.25 a thousand to \$3.50 a thousand in the form asked

by the House. The Treasury had fully sought a differential providing higher rates on standard brand cigarettes than on the 10-cent, or so-called economy brands. Earlier the committee revised previously approved cigar tax brackets to restore the present law tax of \$2 a thousand for cigars retailing two for a nickel or less.

Senator Byrd launched his drive to revise the corporate tax schedules with a series of amendments, several of which were defeated. Among these was an amendment to substitute an 8 1/2 per cent excess profits tax rate for the 90 per cent previously approved.



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CLARK'S LIQUOR PRICES CAN'T BE BEAT!

Why pay more than Clark's price, for the same bottle of liquor... when thousands have learned that YOU CAN'T PAY LESS... anywhere! Every well-known brand (and many fine, rare brands that can't be found elsewhere) is stocked at this conveniently located store. Every bottle you buy is "Price Protected," which means Clark's will not be undersold, ANYWHERE... ANY-TIME! Save shoe-leather, save time... compare prices and see for yourself how much you save at Clark's... where every day is sale day.



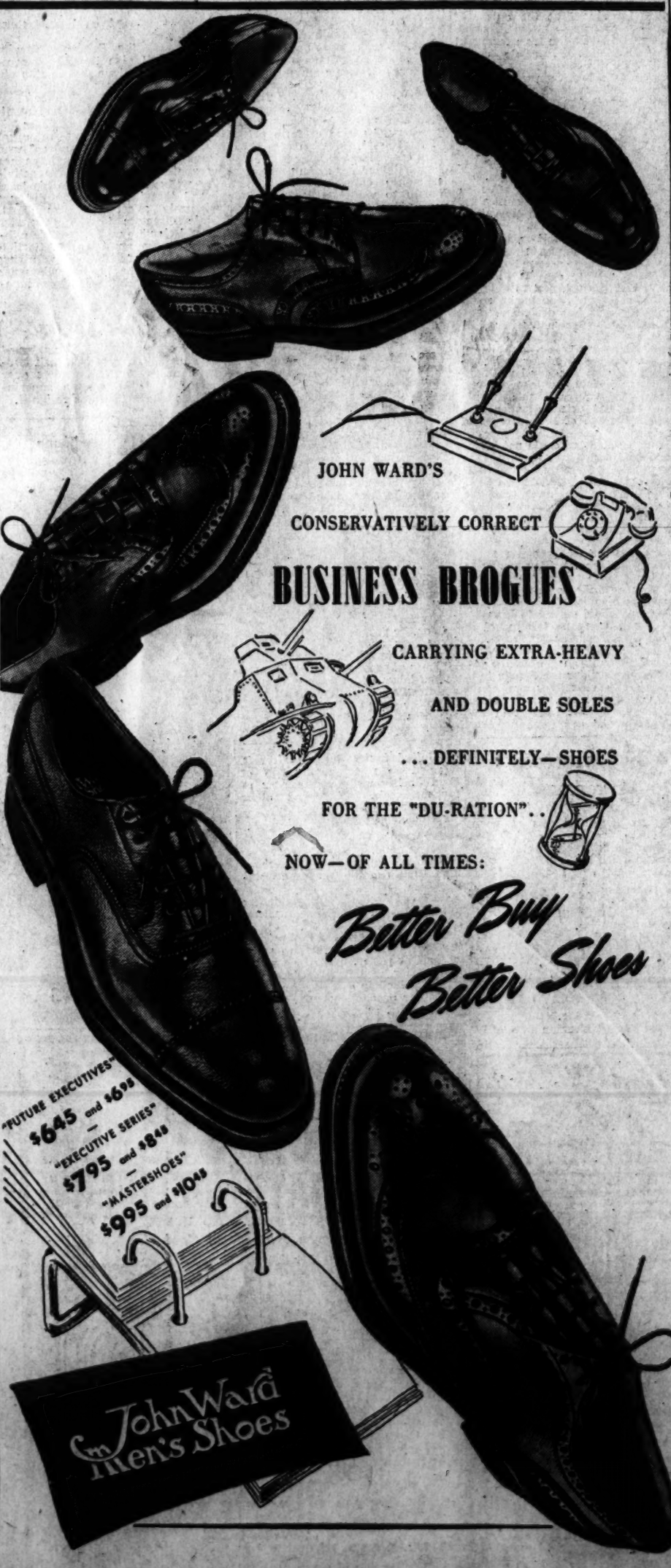
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705 14th Street N.W.
(Just Above G Street)

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...that he is thoughtful of others... when he entertains, he entertains well... that he has discovered that fine quality does not mean fancy prices—so he serves Old Schenley, the mildest of all bottled-in-bonds!



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Straight Bourbon Whiskey—100 Proof—This Whiskey is 5 Years Old. Stag-Flask Distillers Corporation, N. Y. C.



Our Washington Store: 1327 F. STREET, N. W., opposite Capitol Theatre
ALSO STORES IN NEW YORK, NEWARK AND PHILADELPHIA

Six Suspects to Face Trial, Oct. 26, as Dead Spy's Aides

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Federal Judge William J. Campbell today ordered six alleged accomplices of German spies to be ready to go on trial for treason on October 26.

There will be no postponement, Judge Campbell said. The defendants pleaded "not guilty" in a heavily guarded courtroom. All were handcuffed to deputy United States marshals. Other guards were close by as the line of defendants was marched to the bar.

Those who face trial are: Hans Max Haupt, 48, a German soldier in the First World War, and his wife, Emma, 41. They are the parents of Herbert Haupt, 22, who was electrocuted in Washington six weeks ago.

Walter Wilhelm Froehling, 40, and his wife, Lucille, 32, uncle and aunt of the spy, who were active in the German-American Bund.

Otto Richard Wergin, 48, who was in the German navy in the first World War, and his wife, Kate, 44.

United States Attorney Albert Woll and two assistants, Earl Hurley and Richard Finn, presented the indictment which accused the six after a month-long grand jury investigation. The indictment accused the defendants of 41 overt acts of "aid and comfort" to the spy Haupt.

Woll said he believed the Government would not need more than two weeks to present the evidence on which he will ask that all six be hanged. Defense Attorney Benedict Short said he would need a week for his evidence.

Harriman in London

London, Sept. 14 (AP).—W. Averell Harriman returned to London today from the United States, where he went to report to President Roosevelt on the Moscow Churchill-Stalin conferences of early August. Harriman was the President's representative at the Moscow discussion.

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for absolute individuality and
flawless taste in The Men's Store

Yes, a dark blue worsted by all means—the one suit beyond question at home in an office or conference, later in the day for dinner or evening.

All the more reason to have it custom tailored, in Woodward & Lothrop custom tailoring you assume a distinctive individuality.

Your custom tailored suit is flawlessly tailored to hold its lines and appearance under the most trying conditions.

Come in today, make your selection from a most comprehensive collection of fine wool worsteds, in a splendid variety of patterns in dark blue..... **\$75**



You walk more cheerfully
in the rain in an easy-fitting

Gold Label Coat by Alligator

And this year, without your car to depend on, you certainly spend more time walking—quite a bit of it in the rain. But Gold Label is more than just a raincoat—it is a well-styled topcoat as well, worn by many men for that purpose. Worsted gabardine in two models..... **\$31.50**



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Phone District 5300

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Fall
Begins
At Your
Windows

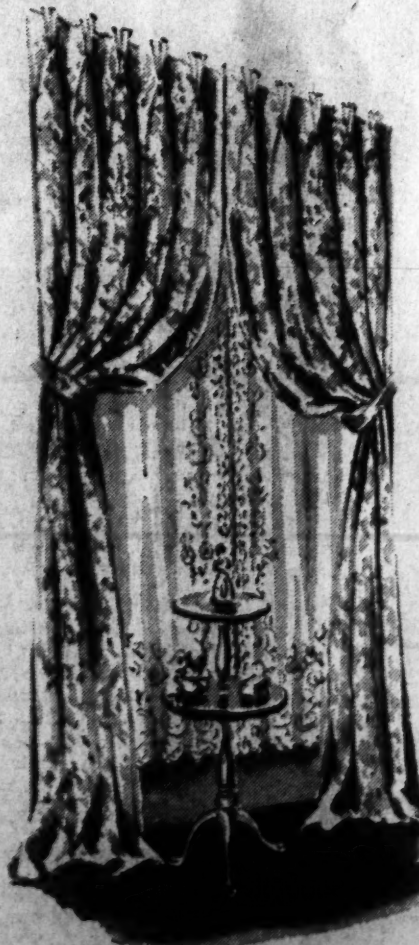
for the climax of your successful decorating is the beauty and charm you plan for your windows. Choose curtains and draperies—that complement your personality—that invite you to enjoy your surroundings.

CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES, SEVENTH FLOOR



These Lovely Draperies take as their inspiration the Georgian period—red, blue, eggshell, dusty rose, wine or turquoise Rayon and cotton damask, 48 inches wide, 2 3/4 yards long..... **\$16.95**

Swiss-point Curtains, ecru cotton, 41 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards long.... **\$13.50**

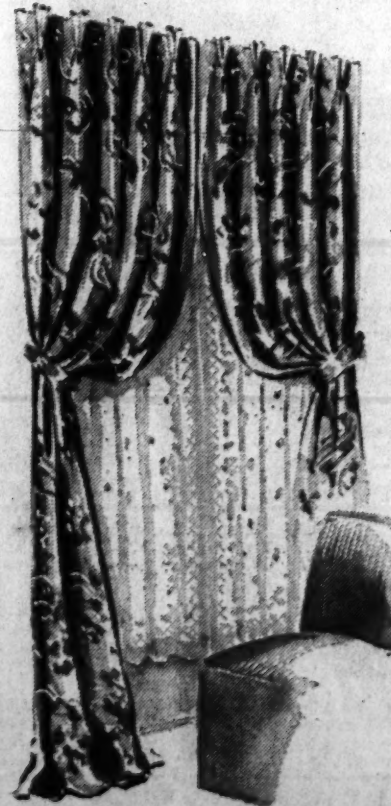


"Roselle," a rayon and cotton damask of roses on plain grounds. Red, turquoise, rose, blue, dusty rose, eggshell. 48 inches wide, 2 3/4 yards long..... **\$16.95**

Cotton Swiss-point Curtains, soft ecru, 40 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards long.... **\$10**

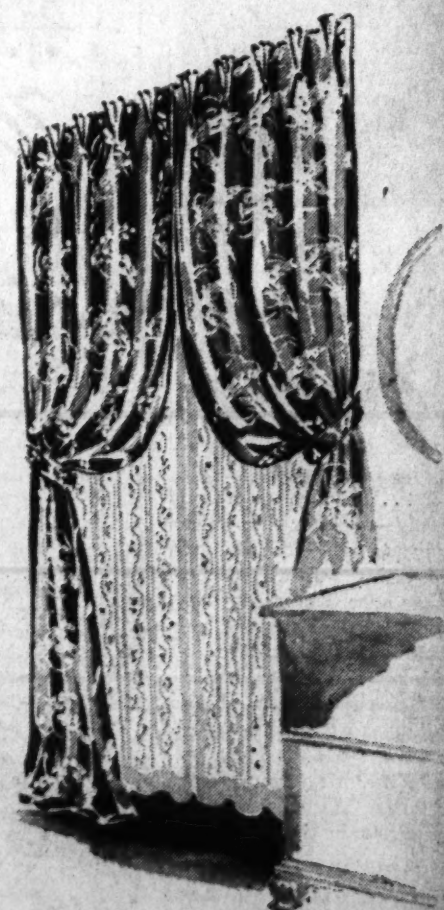
Fan-leaf inspiration of rayon-and-cotton, for your draperies, in soft blue, rose, eggshell, peach, turquoise, dusty rose. 48 inches wide, 2 3/4 yards long..... **\$14.95**

Quaker Net Curtains of shell-color rayon. 7 1/4 yards long..... **\$5.50**



"Orlando" pattern interpreted in rayon and cotton draperies. Dominant red, blue, gold, rose, green. 48 inches wide, 2 3/4 yards long..... **\$15.95**

Quaker Net Cotton Curtains in a border pattern. 2 1/4 yards long..... **\$7.75**



"Danbury" pattern in draperies of rayon and cotton—lovely fawn and turquoise, gold-color, eggshell, wine and red. 48 inches wide, 2 3/4 yards long..... **\$15.95**

Quaker Cotton Net Curtains in soft eggshell. 2 1/2 yards long..... **\$7.25**

(All draperies are cotton sateen lined)

Taxi Strike May Provoke Denial of Tires

TAXI, from Page 1.

members. The initiation fee is \$3 and the dues are \$1 a month. That adds up to a lot of money and looks like a racket to me," the Indianan asserted.

Concerned over the threatened strike, A. S. Harder, president of the Taxicab Advisory Council, and Harry Davis, president of the Independent Taxi Owners Association, were talking with various Congressmen and getting their opposition to a strike on the record. Both declared themselves entirely out of sympathy with the strike move.

Claim Strong Backing

Harder said his group had 2000 members and that all were working to prevent the "vacation." He estimated that 90 per cent of the taxicab drivers of Washington are opposed to the strike idea.

Davis said drivers were able to get their tires recapped and had been promised more rubber after September 15.

It was pointed out that the Glenn group had a hearing scheduled before the PUC and then withdrew the \$250 bond required to defray hearing costs. When the bond was withdrawn, the meeting was "un-scheduled," it was pointed out.

Glenn wrote Representative Schulte he had been to see both OPA and ODT officials about the rubber shortage and that at neither place had he received the treatment due a taxpayer. "The public is losing confidence in the Government every day," he said.

"P. U. C. Doesn't Act

Despite Schulte's warning, Glenn last night declared his intention of calling the strike at the appointed hour "if the P. U. C. doesn't come through." He said he had notified members of the District House and Senate Committees yesterday that the strike would be called.

"The P. U. C. made an agreement to hold a hearing to revise zones, and then broke it," Glenn declared. "Unless the commission lives up to its agreement the strike will begin at noon Wednesday."

Glenn declined to estimate the strength of his group's membership, but said the threatened strike would affect "half of the industry."

He termed a report that 3000 taxi drivers had signed a pledge not to strike during the war (published in Monday's Post) "a deliberate lie."

Meantime G. E. Bowley, editor of the publication The Taxicab Driver, published 5000 additional copies of a special "Don't Strike" edition exhorting drivers to stick to their jobs. The story was printed over a banner, "Back Your Country, Do Not Strike in Time of War."

Bowley listed the following cab companies whose drivers, he said, had pledged not to strike: American Cab, Arrow Cab, Bell Cab, Blue Light Cab, Globe Cab, Checker Cab, Washington Cab and Yellow Cab, 100 per cent. Diamond Cab was listed as 99 per cent, and Premier Cab was said to have been

Senator White and Gov. Sewall Win Reelection in Maine; Rep. Smith Leads

ELECTIONS, from Page 1.

With several Democratic strong-points still uncounted, the tabulation in 106 of 151 precincts gave Hale 22,615 to 13,106 for Brann.

The vote for United States Senator, with 461 of 625 precincts tabulated: Senator White (Republican), 69,242; Fulton J. Redman (Democrat), 26,833.

For Governor, in the same precincts, Sewall, 73,225; George W. Lane, Jr. (Democrat), 27,366.

For United States Representative in the Second District, with 182 of 208 precincts counted, Representative Bradford C. Redonett (Democrat), 11,008.

The voting generally ran considerably under that of 1940, when the total was 255,000.

Rockland, first city to report its complete vote, gave White and Sewall three to one margins, with a far lighter vote than two years ago, when Republican margins were about five to two.

United States Representative Frank Fellows (Republican) was opposed in the Third District.

Administration for Brann

In the First District campaign, Brann, who twice served as Governor, went all-out in his support of President Roosevelt, while Hale, a supporter of the President's war policy but a critic of his domestic program, contended that "tough-minded, forthright representatives" were wanted in Washington to further the war effort, not "yes-yes" men.

Administration support of Brann came in the closing hours through House Majority Leader John W. McCormack of Massachusetts who characterized Brann in a Portland radio address as "one of the outstanding statesmen of this generation," who would be welcomed with

signed 100 per cent except for one driver.

The story read in part, "If you work and refuse to strike for the duration of the war you will be for your country, yourselves, your families and the President of these great United States. If you do strike on September 15, or at any time for the duration of the war, then you are in favor of Mr. Mussolini, Mr. Hitler, Mr. Tojo and last but not least, Mr. Glenn."

Bowley later commented that "anyone who strikes does not have a drop of American blood in his veins."

Police Leaves Canceled

All leaves and days off for policemen were canceled today by Police Chief Edward J. Kelly in anticipation of the threatened cab strike.

Instructions from the Commissioners to observe "every precaution to insure the safety of every cab driver and passenger" were sent to Kelly late yesterday. In response, every precinct captain was instructed to keep his force intact, and to use as many auxiliary police as will be available.

Clare Boothe Nominated In Connecticut

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 14 (AP).—Mrs. Clare Boothe Luce, blonde, youthful-looking, 39-year-old author of successful stage plays, war correspondent and author, won Republican congressional nomination today from the Fourth Connecticut District.

She won it in sweeping fashion in this, her first venture into politics, after four other candidates withdrew and a fifth, who stuck it out, received just two votes. The other 84 delegates to the district nominating convention voted for Mrs. Luce.

If she should succeed in capturing the November election against Leroy Downs (Democrat), the Norwalk publisher and sitting member who is thus far unopposed for renomination, she would be the first woman member of the House of Representatives from Connecticut.

She would also occupy the seat once held by her late stepfather, Dr. Albert E. Austin.

Not until the convention had been called to order did four of Mrs. Luce's five opponents, including Miss Vivien Kellens, vivacious Westport industrialist, withdraw. The fifth, Lester P. Barlow, noted explosive inventor from Stamford, who had already filed as an independent

candidate, stuck it out and demanded a roll call after a rising vote had shown overwhelming preference for Mrs. Luce.

Lukewarm Michigan

Vote Expected Today

Lansing, Mich., Sept. 14 (AP).—A Michigan primary election campaign that has developed only lukewarm interest and has only one hot State-wide contest entered its final stages tonight with Republican and Democratic leaders alike appealing to their followers to boost the size of the vote in tomorrow's balloting.

Almost the only interest in the campaign centers on the race for the Republican nomination for United States Senator.

STORAGE SALE

OF HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS
At Public Auction
AT SLOAN'S
Tomorrow at 10 A. M.
715 13th St. N.W.

ANCHOR FENCES

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HERE'S VALUE!

ROOM WITH
PRIVATE BATH
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\$2.50
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Accommodations for 1000 guests.

HOTEL CHESTERFIELD

130 West 49th Street, New York
WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

You do your job
with vigor and zest,
So when you relax,
you deserve the best!

FOUR ROSES

A blend of straight whiskies—90 proof. The straight whiskies in Four Roses are 5 years or more old. Frankfort Distilleries, Inc., Louisville, Ky.

CONSULT YOUR DOCTOR IF YOU ARE RUPTURED

If he advises you to wear a truss he will probably refer you to Kroman Instrument Company

Chas. H. Marion factory trained expert. After with 30 years' experience, will fit you properly with a lightweight, washable, sanitary truss, which has no understraps, springs or elastic and will positively not slip either next the skin or over the underwear. It is invisible and anatomically correct.

Many trusses are improper or improperly fitted, and can cause more harm than good by delivering pressure to delicate nerves and blood vessels, which eventually give a nervous reaction that saps the vitality and ages the wearer before his time.

Come in and let us examine your truss and adjust it free of charge. We will be glad to explain your rupture to you and teach you the proper method of wearing a truss.

We have the most modern and best trusses. We sell service to ruptured people, which guarantees comfort and proper retention.

IF YOUR TRUSS ANNOYS YOU, IT IS INCORRECT

KLOMAN INSTRUMENT CO.

1822 Eye St. N.W. opposite Doctor's Hospital.

Hours: Daily, 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; Saturday, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.

German Food Ration Ambiguously Increased

New York, Sept. 14 (AP).—The German radio broadcast an announcement today that the most and bread ration for the German people would be increased next month for the first time since the start of the war.

The broadcast failed to mention, however, that the increase only restores a reduction made last April in the bread allotment, and fails to make up all of the April cut in the meat ration.

Good Food

Francis Scott Key
Coffee Shop
20th and F St. N.W.
Moderate Prices
Breakfast • Lunch • Dinner

FOR THE BEST SIX POUNDS OF CHRISTMAS CHEER

Send Him a Packet of
"POCKET BOOKS"

25c EACH BOOK

SEND A LIBERAL COLLECTION

A good book dispels loneliness. "Pocket Books" are ideal for men in the service. Light weight, easy to carry. Mysteries, adventures, novels, verse, history, short stories—in interesting and varied selection.

These, Too, Will Be Most Welcome

Picture Frame, folding, pocket size, in sturdy leather. \$1.25

APPROPRIATE GREETING CARDS FOR SERVICE MEN 5c to 25c

Handsome designed Christmas cards with patriotic sentiments.

Writing Case, handy lap-size outfit containing paper, address book, stamp, and various pockets. Leather bound. \$3.50

Service Stationery, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes. Engraved Service emblem. 59c

Open 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Thursdays, 12:30 to 9 P. M.

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ESTABLISHED 1855

Wondering how we do it?

With the new paper Victory bag how can Edwards Coffee still guarantee freshness?

Here's how —

YOUR grocer still gets this rich luxury coffee direct from the roasting ovens... but now he sells it in the bag and grinds it when you buy. This protects freshness in nature's own way! That's why you always find Edwards coffee at peak goodness, no matter where or when you buy it!

Few roasters could meet this wartime need as well as Edwards, but with step-by-step control freshness is assured, even in a paper bag.

Quality and bland are unchanged. Here is the same loyal Edwards you've long enjoyed, favorite of thousands for 35 years. In times like these it pays to use fine thrifty Edwards. With what you save, buy extra WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

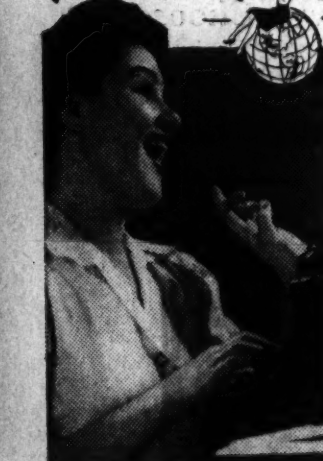
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San Francisco • Los Angeles • Portland • Denver • Dallas • Washington, D. C.

EDWARDS COFFEE

Now in the NEW VICTORY BAG to help conserve vital metals

FEATURED BY SAFEWAY

ON TOP OF THE WORLD Tomorrow



TAKE PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA Tonight

WANT TO WAKE UP in the morning "all set"—instead of "all-in"? Then... next time you eat too heartily—smoke or drink more than you should—take Phillips' Milk of Magnesia at bedtime.

It does more than merely neutralize excess stomach acidity—it finishes the job by acting as a gentle laxative. Promotes mild yet thorough elimination—helps you to wake up feeling on top of the world! Read directions on the Milk of Magnesia package and take as directed thereon or as prescribed by your physician.

ONE-TWO ACTION

1. NEUTRALIZES EXCESS STOMACH ACIDS—and does it almost quicker than it takes to tell. Relieves that uneasy, feeling of discomfort almost immediately.

2. ACTS AS MILD LAXATIVE. Gentle—does not upset the system and leave you feeling "all wrong out." Take any time—does not act with embarrassing urgency.

Many physicians recommend it for young children.

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA

ONLY 25c AT ANY DRUGSTORE

"LISTEN, POPS... I WANT THIS HOUSE WARM THIS WINTER!"

"I've been reading in the paper that we ought to insulate and weatherstrip this house so's to save heat this winter. Let's do something about it now!"

Buy U. S. War Bonds and Stamps.

THE MORRIS PLAN BANK OF WASHINGTON

14th & G Sts. N.W. EXecutive 4400

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SERVING 50,000 ACCOUNTS: CHECKING • SAVINGS • LOANS • SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES

COME TO

The Bank for the Individual

Three Negroes Indicted by U.S. As Jap Dupes

By the Associated Press
New York, Sept. 14.—Robert Jordan, a West Indian Negro, and four leaders of what the Government charged was an "Ethiopian-Pacific movement," envisioning a coalition of Africa and Japan in an Axis-dominated world were named today in a seditious conspiracy indictment filed in Federal Court.

Operations of the organization were conducted in a Harlem hall where the leaders spoke to small audiences—never more than 200—about an Africa ruled by 20,000,000 American Negroes under the benevolent protection of Japan, the indictment charged.

In addition to explanations of this ephemeral plan, the Government charged, Jordan and his colleagues spoke approvingly of Japan and Germany and counseled members of the audience to resist service in the United States armed forces.

Besides Jordan, three other Negroes, the Rev. Ralph Green Best, alias Ralph Thomas; Lester Eugene Holmes and James Henry Thorn Hill, and a white man, Joseph Hartrey, were named in the indictment. The Government said Hartrey was indicted into the Army Saturday and was being returned from Fort Dix, N. J. The others were not immediately taken into custody.

United States Attorney Mathias Correa said the organization had been put out of business and added that it never had drawn anything approaching popularity. Many Harlem residents were so outraged, he said, that they complained to Federal authorities.

Correa described Jordan as a native of Kingston, Jamaica, who once served as quartermaster on a Japanese vessel in which connection he met Gen. Tojo, the Japanese premier.

He was recently convicted of violation of the alien registration law and sentenced to 30 days in the Federal house of detention.

Civil Service Is Given Control of All Federal Employees' Transfers

DIARY, From Page 1.

workers who enter military service. Seniority, promotion, retirement and other benefits will not be lost because of transfers.

No employee will be transferred to a job of lower salary. No employee will be transferred "beyond reasonable commuting distance" from his home unless the Government pays transportation costs of the employee and his family and also the cost of moving his household goods.

The employee who objects to the transfer may appeal to the Civil Service Commission. Appeals procedure is now being established.

The departments and agencies involved in the transfer also may appeal to the commission. The program is precisely what was recommended several weeks ago by the special Senate committee headed by Senator Millard Tydings of Maryland. The Senate had introduced a bill which would give the commission authority to make compulsory transfers. He was delighted with yesterday's action, and he assisted officials of the War Manpower Commission and the Civil Service Commission in working it out.

"This is a pretty difficult war," the Senator commented, "and we must all do a job where we'll be of the greatest help to our Nation. I believe," the Senator continued, "that this move will result in greater efficiency in the Federal Government and the saving of many millions of dollars."

"Washington is overcrowded now and the many thousands of green employees who are brought here every week contribute to that confusion. At the same time, experienced employees in many agencies are doing jobs of little or no importance to the war. It's time these employees were better utilized."

The order will become effective on September 27. Meantime, the commission is working up its rules and regulations to govern the new and drastic system. Labor organizations approved the order before it was issued. The order bears the okay of war manpower's labor-management committee, which also is headed by Commissioner Flemming.

However, Eleanor Nelson of C. I. O.'s United Federal Workers of America, said she believed the volunteer transfer system should have been given a better trial. Commissioner Flemming brought out that 31,977 employees had been transferred to war jobs by his commission from February 27 to September 7. He believes the new authority will greatly accelerate transfers, which have been running around 1400 a week.

By the New Year, he said, "we should be well on our way toward an all-out war footing for the Federal Government."

The agency priority system which was set up several months ago by the Budget Bureau and which was used to control transfers, will fade into insignificance as a result of yesterday's order. Flemming indicated that the commission would take immediate steps to move into agencies with top priority ratings.

The War Department, for example, has the top priority number, but far more reports are heard of mass idleness and wasted time there than in any other agency. The priority system will be continued, but it will be used only as a guide by the commission.

War Department and other top priority agencies formerly had complete authority to stop the transfer of their employees. The employees in these agencies have voiced dissatisfaction over the system and many have resigned. The Civil Service Commission, Flemming said, will be glad to hear the stories of any dissatisfied employees.

Flemming indicated that one of the first tasks of the commission will be to go into the cases of the many hundreds of employees who have been refused transfers. Moreover, he pointed out that the commission now had the opportunity to make the best possible use of its Interdepartmental Placement Service, which has the experience and other background of the great majority of Federal workers. IPS will be used to locate employees working in jobs below their skills—stenographers working as typists, chemists working as file clerks and the like.

Flemming said the commission had "spotters" in the agencies and that they knew pretty well where the weak places were. To date, he explained, the commission had cooperated with the agencies in making transfers. Under its new authority, he hinted, the commission would adopt a "get-tough" policy.

Incidentally, the new power gives the commission a club to enforce the transfer of employees with any future decentralization program. The commission will decide whether the employees should remain here with some other agency or whether they should go along with their transferred agencies.

Flemming emphasized that the order wouldn't "freeze" employees in their jobs as was done, generally speaking, during World War I.

Why Mountain Valley Water is recommended for ARTHRITIS-KIDNEY and BLADDER conditions.

This natural mineral water from Hot Springs, Arkansas, helps to—
1. Stimulate kidney function.
2. Reduce excess uric acid.
3. Expel systemic waste.
4. Soothe bladder irritation.
5. Remineralize the body.

Good to taste, this natural mineral water is delivered right to you. Phone ME, 1602 for a case today.
Mountain Valley Mineral Water
ME, 1602 904 15th Street N.W.



Why Mountain Valley Water is recommended for ARTHRITIS-KIDNEY and BLADDER conditions.
This natural mineral water from Hot Springs, Arkansas, helps to—
1. Stimulate kidney function.
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5. Remineralize the body.
Good to taste, this natural mineral water is delivered right to you. Phone ME, 1602 for a case today.
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Washington's Oldest Savings & Loan Association

Post Want Ads Bring Results

SAFEWAY Homemakers' Guide

NUMBER 51 ★ Some grand ideas on preparing Fall produce
★ Safeway offers low advertised week-end prices
Tuesday thru Saturday ★ A lesson on buying fun



Here are some wonderful ways to prepare Fall fruits and vegetables

They come from the Safeway Homemakers' Bureau and every one has been tested and proved in the Bureau's kitchen

APPLES. Want a different kind of apple sauce? Pour 3 cups unsweetened sauce into a well-greased 1½-qt. casserole. Combine 1 cup finely rolled graham cracker crumbs, ¼ cup sugar, ¼ tsp. cinnamon, and ¼ cup finely chopped walnut meats. Sprinkle crumb mixture over applesauce. Bake in moderate oven (375° F.) 30 minutes, or until crumb mixture is brown and crisp. Serve hot or cold with whipped or pour cream. Serves 6.

GRAPES. To vary familiar desserts, fold seedless grapes or halves of seeded table grapes into cooled blanc mange, custard, gelatin whip or rice pudding, for unexpected crispness.

PEARS. If you like baked apples you'll vote for baked pears, too. Wash 6 pears. Leave whole; do not pare or core. Make syrup by combining 1 cup sugar, ¼ cup water, and 2 tbsps. lemon juice in saucepan; stir well until completely blended; boil rapidly 8 minutes. Or substitute 1½ cups maple-flavored syrup for sugar syrup. Place pears in baking dish; pour syrup on top; cover dish. Bake in moderate oven (350° F.) until almost tender, about 30 minutes. Remove cover; increase heat to 450° F. and bake 10 minutes longer, basting frequently to glaze. Serve warm or chilled. Serves 6.

SQUASH, PUMPKIN, AND SWEET POTATOES. These vegetables are closely related and each may be used for the same type of recipes—baked, in puddings, pies, cookies, custards, and the like. Squash makes unusually delicious custard. Mix ¼ cup firmly packed brown sugar, ¼ tsp. salt, ¼ tsp. ground cloves, ¼ tsp. ginger, ¼ tsp. nutmeg, and ¼ tsp. cinnamon. Beat 3 eggs slightly. Add 1½ cups milk and 1 tsp. grated orange peel; add to sugar-spice mixture, blending well. Add 1 cup sieved steamed Hubbard squash; stir until combined and free from lumps. Pour into individual custard cups; sprinkle with nutmeg or cinnamon. Set in pan of hot water; bake in slow oven (325° F.) 1 hour, or until set. Cool and serve plain or with whipped cream or maple-flavored syrup. Serves 6.

EGGPLANT. Ways to prepare this gourmet's vegetable are many, but shallow-frying is easy and the results are delicious. Wash egg plant, cut in 1-inch slices, and roll at once in well-seasoned flour or corn meal. Fry slowly in hot cooking oil or melted shortening in heavy frying pan, turning until brown. Drain and serve very hot.

The best recipes since 1932! Read "Our Ten Best Recipes" in the September 18 issue of Family Circle. Julia Lee Wright chooses favorite recipes and menus of the past 10 years in Tenth Anniversary article on Homemakers' Bureau. Family Circle comes out every Thursday—free at Safeway.

Safeway Homemakers' Bureau
JULIA LEE WRIGHT, Director

Now Safeway's weekend advertised prices are good Tuesday thru Saturday

Shop early in the week, you'll be served faster

Cut Green Beans	Gardenside	No. 2 cans	23c
Sliced Green Beans	Dulany	No. 2 cans	29c
Bartlett Pears	Highway	No. 2½ cans	19c
Apple Sauce	White House	No. 2 cans	25c
Quaker Oats	Quick or Regular	20 oz. pbs.	10c
Rice Krispies	Kellogg's	1½ lbs.	11c
Vinegar	Old Mill Brand	at. jar	11c
Black Pepper	Astor	8 oz. can	9c
Salad Dressing	Duchess	pt.	22c
Miracle Whip Dressing		pt.	23c
Nu-Made Mayonnaise		pt.	27c
Kraft Mayonnaise		pt.	29c

Country Home
CORN
Golden Bantam and White Cream Style
2 No. 2 cans 25c

GELATINES & PUDDINGS
JELL-WELL
Smooth, creamy puddings and delicious sparkling fruit gelatines.
3 pkgs. 16c

Pancake Flour	Virginia Sweet	20 oz. pbs.	6c
Pancake Flour	Pillsbury	20 oz. pbs.	17c
Buckwheat Flour	Virginia Sweet	20 oz. pbs.	8c
Sleepy Hollow Syrup		16 oz. bot.	15c
Vermont Maid Syrup		16 oz. bot.	17c
Cream of Wheat		25 oz. bot.	24c
Lake Shore Honey		1 lb. jar	23c
Tomatoes	Fame Fancy	2 No. 2 cans	25c
Chopped Olives		2½ lb. bot.	13c
Sweet Pickles	Heinz	5 oz. bot.	13c
Sweet Pickles	Lord Baltimore	5 oz. bot.	23c
Current Jelly	Schimmel's	8 oz. glass	15c

Safeway guarantees that these meats are tender

VEAL CUTLETS	Tender, Delicious	lb.	47c
VEAL CHOPS	Sirloin	lb.	37c
LAMB CHOPS	Rib	lb.	39c
Smoked PICNICS		lb.	29c
★ SAVE ★ WASTE FATS FOR EXPLOSIVES			
Loin Veal Chops		lb.	41c
Beef Liver		lb.	29c
Pork Liver		lb.	15c
Veal Liver		lb.	69c
Pork Sausage Links		lb.	40c
Bulk Scrapple		2 lbs.	25c
Dry Salt Backs—Butts		lb.	15c
Briggs Bologna		lb.	37c

Safeway guarantees that this produce is fresh

SWEET, MEATY HONEYDEWS	WESTERN GROWN	lb.	9c
Smokehouse Apples		3 lbs.	14c
Delicious Apples		4 lbs.	25c
Grimes Golden Apples		3 lbs.	14c
Fresh Spinach		2 lbs.	25c
Fresh Kale		lb.	6c
Cauliflower		lb.	13c

SWEET POTATOES			
Red	4 lbs.	25c	
Maryland Gold	lb.	5c	

PRODUCE PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES

CATSUP	Van Camp	2½ lb. bot.	25c
SUNDOWN	Kedote Figs	2½ lb. bot.	25c
PRESERVES	Schimmel's Strawberry	2½ lb. bot.	29c
MARGARINE	Our Bonquet	2½ lb. bot.	33c
PARKAY	Olco Margarine	2½ lb. bot.	24c
FLOUR	Enriched Gold Medal	5 lb. bag	50c
FLOUR	Enriched Kitchen Craft	5 lb. bag	49c
FLOUR	Enriched Pillsbury	5 lb. bag	58c
BREAD	Enriched Jumbo 1½ lb. loaf	10 lbs.	7c
BREAD	Enriched Julia Lee Wright's	10 lbs.	8c

Van Camp's TENDERONI
A new treat for macaroni and spaghetti lovers. Cooks quickly and makes 4 to 6 servings.
1 package FREE with purchase of 2 pkgs. 19c

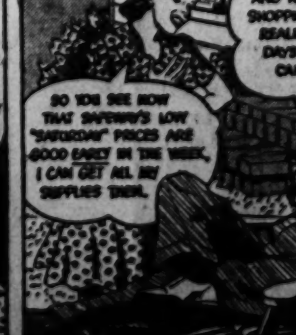
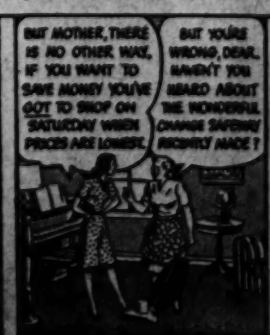
FACIAL TISSUE	Countess	100 pkgs. of 500	19c
FACIAL TISSUE	Kleener	100 pkgs. of 440	25c
THREE-IN-ONE	Machine Oil	3 oz. can	19c
Pot Cleaner		2 pds.	15c
SOFT WEVE	Duckling	3 lbs.	23c
Toilet Tissue		1,000 sheets	23c

VANO CLEANING FLUID
The new sensational way to clean all painted and enameled surfaces.
Quart Bottle 25c

Su-Purb Soap	2½ lbs.	39c
Chipso	22 oz. pbs.	22c
Dux	22 oz. pbs.	22c
Lux Flakes	12½ oz. pbs.	22c
Ivory Snow	12½ oz. pbs.	22c
Camay Soap	4 cakes	25c
Octagon Soap	3 cakes	13c
P. & G. Soap	6 cakes	25c
O. K. Soap	6 cakes	11c

Buy War Bonds and Stamps with what you save at Safeway

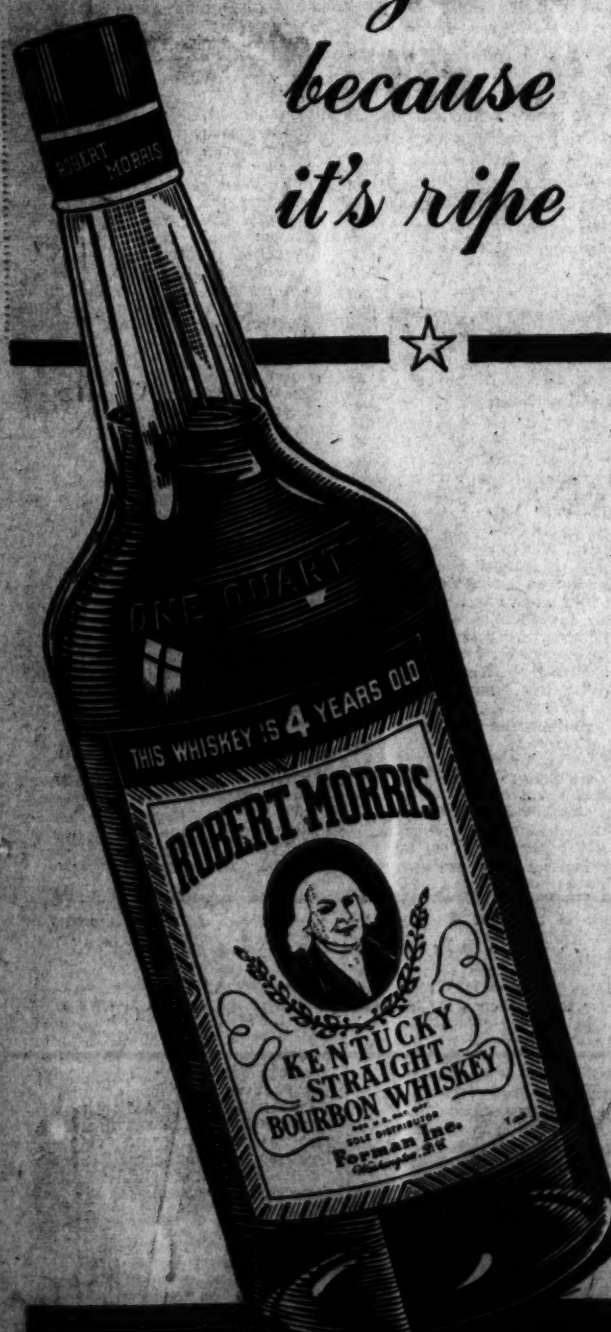
SATURDAYS CAN BE SUCH GRAND DAYS IF...



Why don't you get your "big" order on a week day too?
Not only will you have more time to play on week-ends, but you'll be able to shop more leisurely if you get your big grocery order on a week day. And then, on Saturday, just fill in what you need for the week-end. Safeway's specially low advertised prices, you know, are now good Tuesday thru Saturday.

SAFEWAY
Prices lowest effective until close of business on Saturday.

You'll Agree With Experts That—*it's good because it's ripe*



ROBERT MORRIS
DIST BY FORMAN INC. WASH. D. C. 20006

Taxi Strike May Provoke Denial of Tires

TAXI, from Page 1.

members. The initiation fee is \$3 and the dues are \$1 a month. That adds up to a lot of money and looks like a racket to me," the Indianan asserted.

Concerned over the threatened strike, A. S. Harder, president of the Taxicab Advisory Council, and Harry Davis, president of the Independent Taxi Owners Association, were talking with various Congressmen and getting their opposition to a strike on the record. Both declared themselves entirely out of sympathy with the strike move.

Claim Strong Backing

Harder said his group had 2000 members and that all were working to prevent the "vacation." He estimated that 90 per cent of the taxicab drivers of Washington are opposed to the strike idea.

Davis said drivers were able to get their tires recapped and had been promised more rubber after September 15.

It was pointed out that the Glenn group had a hearing scheduled before the PUC and then withdrew the \$250 bond required to defray hearing costs. When the bond was withdrawn, the meeting was "unscheduled," it was pointed out.

Glenn wrote Representative Schulte he had been to see both OPA and ODT officials about the rubber shortage and that at neither place had he received the treatment due a taxpayer. "The public is losing confidence in the Government every day," he said.

"P. U. C. Doesn't Act

Despite Schulte's warning, Glenn last night declared his intention of calling the strike at the appointed hour. "If the P. U. C. doesn't come through," he said he had notified members of the District House and Senate Committees yesterday that the strike would be called.

The P. U. C. made an agreement to hold a hearing to revise zones, and then broke it," Glenn declared. "Unless the commission lives up to its agreement the strike will begin at noon Wednesday."

Glenn declined to estimate the strength of his group's membership, but said the threatened strike would affect "half of the industry."

He termed a report that 3000 taxi drivers had signed a pledge not to strike during the war (published in Monday's Post) "a deliberate lie."

Meanwhile G. E. Bowley, editor of the publication The Taxicab Driver, published 5000 additional copies of a special "Don't Strike" edition exhorting drivers to stick to their jobs. The story was printed over a banner, "Back Your Country, Do Not Strike in Time of War."

Bowley listed the following cab companies whose drivers, he said, had pledged not to strike: American Cab, Arrow Cab, Bell Cab, Blue Light Cab, Globe Cab, Checker Cab, Washington Cab and Yellow Cab, 100 per cent. Diamond Cab was listed as 99 per cent, and Premier Cab was said to have been

Senator White and Gov. Sewall Win Reelection in Maine; Rep. Smith Leads

ELECTIONS, from Page 1.

With several Democratic strong-points still uncounted, the tabulation in 106 of 151 precincts gave Hale 22,615 to 13,106 for Brann.

The vote for United States Senator, with 461 of 625 precincts tabulated: Senator White (Republican), 69,242; Fulton J. Redman (Democrat), 28,633.

For Governor, in the same precincts, Sewall, 73,225; George W. Lane, Jr. (Democrat), 27,368.

For United States Representative in the Second District, with 182 of 208 precincts counted, Representative Bradford C. Redonetti (Democrat), 11,908.

The voting generally ran considerably under that of 1940, when the total was 255,000.

Rockland, first city to report its complete vote, gave White and Sewall three to one margins, with a far lighter vote than two years ago, when Republican margins were about five to two.

United States Representative Frank Fellows (Republican) was unopposed in the Third District.

Administration for Brann

In the First District campaign, Brann, who twice served as Governor, went all-out in his support of President Roosevelt, while Hale, a supporter of the President's war policy but a critic of his domestic program, contended that "tough-minded, forthright representatives" were wanted in Washington to further the war effort, not "yes-men."

Administration support of Brann came in the closing hours through House Majority Leader John W. McCormack of Massachusetts who characterized Brann in a Portland radio address as "one of the outstanding statesmen of this generation," who would be welcomed with

signed 100 per cent except for one driver.

The story read in part, "If you work and refuse to strike for the duration of the war you will be for your country, yourselves, your families and the President of these great United States. If you do strike on September 15, or at any time for the duration of the war, then you are in favor of Mr. Mussolini, Mr. Hitler, Mr. Tojo and last but not least, Mr. Glenn."

Bowley later commented that "anyone who strikes does not have a drop of American blood in his veins."

Police Leaves Canceled

All leaves and days off for policemen were canceled today by Police Chief Edward J. Kelly in anticipation of the threatened cab strike.

Instructions from the Commissioners to observe "every precaution to insure the safety of every cab driver and passenger" were sent to Kelly late yesterday. In response, every precinct captain was instructed to keep his force intact, and to use as many auxiliary police as will be available.

Clare Boothe Nominated In Connecticut

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 14 (AP)—Mrs. Clare Boothe Luce, blonde, youthful-looking, 38-year-old author of successful stage plays, war correspondent and author, won Republican congressional nomination today from the Fourth Connecticut District.

She won it in sweeping fashion in this, her first venture into politics, after four other candidates withdrew and a fifth, who stuck it out, received just two votes. The other 84 delegates to the district nominating convention voted for Mrs. Luce.

If she should succeed in capturing the November election against Leroy Downs (Democrat), the Norwalk publisher and sitting member who is thus far unopposed for renomination, she would be the first woman member of the House of Representatives from Connecticut.

She would also occupy the seat once held by her late stepfather, Dr. Albert E. Austin.

Not until the convention had been called to order did four of Mrs. Luce's five opponents, including Miss Vivien Kellens, vivacious Westport industrialist, withdraw. The fifth, Lester P. Barlow, noted explosive inventor for mStallford, who had already filed as an independent

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She won it in sweeping fashion in this, her first venture into politics, after four other candidates withdrew and a fifth, who stuck it out, received just two votes. The other 84 delegates to the district nominating convention voted for Mrs. Luce.

Not until the convention had been called to order did four of Mrs. Luce's five opponents, including Miss Vivien Kellens, vivacious Westport industrialist, withdraw. The fifth, Lester P. Barlow, noted explosive inventor for mStallford, who had already filed as an independent

candidate, stuck it out and demanded a roll call after a rising vote had shown overwhelming preference for Mrs. Luce.

Lukearm Michigan

Vote Expected Today

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Three Negroes Indicted by U.S. As Jap Dupes

By the Associated Press
New York, Sept. 14.—Robert Jordan, a West Indian Negro, and four leaders of what the Government charged was an "Ethiopian-Pacific movement" envisioning a coalition of Africa and Japan in an Axis-dominated world were named today in a sedition conspiracy indictment filed in Federal Court.

Operations of the organization were conducted in a Harlem hall where the leaders spoke to small audiences—never more than 200—about an Africa ruled by 20,000,000 American Negroes under the benevolent protection of Japan, the indictment charged.

In addition to explanations of this phony plan, the Government charged, Jordan and his colleagues spoke approvingly of Japan and Germany and counseled members of the audience to resist service in the United States armed forces.

Besides Jordan, three other Negroes, the Rev. Ralph Green Best, alias Ralph Thomas; Lester Eugene Holmes and James Henry Thorn Hill, and a white man, Joseph Hartrey, were named in the indictment. The Government said Hartrey was indicted into the Army Saturday and was being returned from Fort Dix, N. J. The others were not immediately taken into custody.

United States Attorney Mathias Corcoran said the organization had been put out of business and added that it never had drawn anything approaching popularity. Many Harlem residents were so outraged, he said, that they complained to Federal authorities.

Corcoran described Jordan as a native of Kingston, Jamaica, who once served as quartermaster on a Japanese vessel in which connection he met Gen. Tojo, the Japanese premier.

He was recently convicted of violation of the alien registration law and sentenced to 30 days in the Federal house of detention.

Civil Service Is Given Control of All Federal Employees' Transfers

DIARY, From Page 1.

workers who enter military service. Seniority, promotion, retirement and other benefits will not be lost because of transfers.

No employee will be transferred to a job of lower salary. No employee will be transferred beyond reasonable commuting distance from his home unless the Government pays transportation costs of the employee and his family and also the cost of moving his household goods.

The employee who objects to the transfer may appeal to the Civil Service Commission. Appeals procedure is now being established.

The departments and agencies involved in the transfer also may appeal to the commission. The program is precisely what was recommended several weeks ago by the special Senate committee headed by Senator Millard Tydings of Maryland. The Senator had introduced a bill which would give the commission authority to make compulsory transfers. He was delighted with yesterday's action, and he assisted officials of the War Man Power Commission and the Civil Service Commission in working it out.

"This is a pretty difficult war," the Senator commented, "and we must all do a job where we'll be of the greatest help to our Nation. I believe," the Senator continued, "that this move will result in greater efficiency in the Federal Government and the saving of many millions of dollars."

"Washington is overcrowded now and the many thousands of green employees who are brought here every week contribute to that confusion. At the same time, experienced employees in many agencies are doing jobs of little or no importance to the war. It's time these employees were better utilized."

The order will become effective on September 27. Meantime, the commission is working up its rules and regulations to govern the new and drastic system. Labor organizations approved the order before it was issued. The order bears the okay of war manpower's labor-management committee, which also is headed by Commissioner Fleming.

However, Eleanor Nelson of C. I. O.'s United Federal Workers of America, said she believed the volunteer transfer system should have been given a better trial.

Commissioner Fleming brought out that 31,977 employees had been transferred to war jobs by his commission from February 27 to September 7. He believes the new authority will greatly accelerate transfers, which have been running around 1400 a week.

By the New Year, he said, "we should be well on our way toward an all-out war footing for the Federal Government."

The agency priority system which was set up several months ago by the Budget Bureau and which was used to control transfers, will fade into insignificance as a result of yesterday's order. Fleming indicated that the commission would take immediate steps to move into agencies with top priority ratings.

The War Department, for example, has the top priority number, but far more reports are heard of mass idleness and wasted time there than in any other agency. The priority system will be continued, but it will be used only as a guide by the commission.

War Department and other top priority agencies formerly had complete authority to stop the transfer of their employees. The employees in these agencies have voiced dissatisfaction over the system and many have resigned. The Civil Service Commission, Fleming said, will be glad to hear the stories of any dissatisfied employees.

Fleming indicated that one of the first tasks of the commission will be to go into the cases of the many hundreds of employees who have been refused transfers. Moreover, he pointed out that the commission now had the opportunity to make the best possible use of its Interdepartmental Placement Service, which has the experience and other background of the great majority of Federal workers. IPS will be used to locate employees working in jobs below their skill—stenographers working as typists, chemists working as file clerks and the like.

Fleming said the commission had "spotters" in the agencies and

that they knew pretty well where the weak places were. To date, he explained, the commission has cooperated with the agencies in making transfers. Under its new authority, he hinted, the commission would adopt a "get-tough" policy.

Incidentally, the new power gives the commission a club to enforce the transfer of employees with any future decentralization program. The commission will decide whether the employees should remain here with some other agency or whether they should go along with their transferred agencies.

Fleming emphasized that the order wouldn't "freeze" employees in their jobs as was done, generally speaking, during World War I.

Why Mountain Valley Water is recommended for ARTHRITIS-KIDNEY and BLADDER conditions. This natural mineral water from Hot Springs, Arkansas, helps to—

1. Stimulate kidney function.
2. Reduce excess uric acid.
3. Expel systemic waste.
4. Soothe bladder irritation.
5. Remineralize the body.

Good to taste, this natural mineral water is delivered right to you. Phone MK. 1062 for a case today.

Mountain Valley Mineral Water, MK. 1062, 904 15th Street N.W.

SAFeway Homemakers' Guide

NUMBER 61 ★ Some grand ideas on preparing Fall produce

★ Safeway offers low advertised week-end prices

Tuesday thru Saturday ★ A lesson on buying fun



Here are some wonderful ways to prepare Fall fruits and vegetables

They come from the Safeway Homemakers' Bureau and every one has been tested and proved in the Bureau's kitchens

APPLES. Want a different kind of applesauce? Pour 3 cups unsweetened sauce into a well-greased 1½-qt. casserole. Combine 1 cup finely rolled graham cracker crumbs, ½ cup sugar, ½ tsp. cinnamon, and ¼ cup finely chopped walnut meats. Sprinkle crumb mixture over applesauce. Bake in moderate oven (375° F.) 40 minutes, or until crumb mixture is brown and crisp. Serve hot or cold with whipped or pour cream. Serves 6.

GRAPES. To vary familiar desserts, fold seedless grapes or halves of seeded table grapes into cooled blanc mange, custard, gelatin whip or rice pudding, for unexpected crispness.

PEARS. If you like baked pears, you'll vote for baked pears, too. Wash 6 pears. Leave whole; do not pare or core. Make syrup by combining 1 cup sugar, ¼ cup water, and 2 tbsps. lemon juice in saucepan; stir well until completely blended; boil rapidly 5 minutes. Or substitute 1½ cups maple-flavored syrup for sugar syrup. Place pears in baking dish; pour syrup on top; cover dish. Bake in moderate oven (350° F.) until almost tender, about 30 minutes. Remove cover; increase heat to 450° F. and bake 10 minutes longer, basting frequently to glaze. Serve warm or chilled. Serves 6.

SQUASH, PUMPKIN, AND SWEET POTATOES. These vegetables are closely related and each may be used for the same type of recipes—baked, in puddings, pies, cookies, custards, and the like. Squash makes unusually delicious custard. Mix ½ cup firmly packed brown sugar, ¼ tsp. salt, ¼ tsp. ground cloves, ¼ tsp. ginger, ¼ tsp. nutmeg, and ¼ tsp. cinnamon. Beat 8 eggs slightly. Add 1½ cups milk and 1 tsp. grated orange peel; add to sugar-spice mixture, blending well. Add 1 cup sieved steamed Hubbard squash; stir until combined and free from lumps. Pour into individual custard cups; sprinkle with nutmeg or cinnamon. Set in pan of hot water; bake in slow oven (325° F.) 1 hour, or until set. Cool and serve plain or with whipped cream or maple-flavored syrup. Serves 6.

EGGPLANT. Ways to prepare this gourmet's vegetable are many, but shallow-frying is easy and the results are delicious. Wash egg plant, cut in 1-inch slices, and roll at once in well-seasoned flour or corn meal. Fry slowly in hot cooking oil or melted shortening in heavy frying pan, turning until brown. Drain and serve very hot.

The best recipes since 1932! Read "Our Ten Best Recipes" in the September 18 issue of Family Circle. Julia Lee Wright chooses favorite recipes and menus of the past 10 years in Tenth Anniversary article on Homemakers' Bureau. Family Circle comes out every Thursday—free at Safeway.

Safeway Homemakers' Bureau JULIA LEE WRIGHT, Director

Now Safeway's weekend advertised prices are good Tuesday thru Saturday

Shop early in the week, you'll be served faster

Cut Green Beans	Gardenside, No. 2 cans	23c
Sliced Green Beans	Dulany, No. 2 cans	29c
Bartlett Pears	Highway, No. 2½ cans	19c
Apple Sauce	White House, No. 2 cans	25c
Quaker Oats	Quick or Regular, 20 oz. pkgs.	10c
Rice Krispies	Kellogg's, 16 oz. pkgs.	11c
Vinegar	Old Mill Brand, 64 oz. jug	11c
Black Pepper	Astor, 8 oz. can	9c
Salad Dressing	Duchess, pt.	22c
Miracle Whip Dressing	pt.	23c
Nu-Made Mayonnaise	pt.	27c
Kraft Mayonnaise	pt.	29c

Country Home CORN
Golden Bantam and White Cream Style
2 No. 2 cans 25c

GÉLATINES & PUDDINGS JELL-WELL
Smooth, creamy puddings and delicious sparkling fruit gelatines.
3 pkgs. 16c

Pancake Flour	Virginia Sweet, 20 oz. pks.	6c
Pancake Flour	Pillsbury, 20 oz. pks.	17c
Buckwheat Flour	Virginia Sweet, 20 oz. pks.	8c
Sleepy Hollow Syrup	16 oz. bot.	15c
Vermont Maid Syrup	16 oz. bot.	17c
Cream of Wheat	16 oz. bot.	24c
Lake Shore Honey	1 lb. jar	23c
Tomatoes	Fancy, No. 1 cans	25c
Chopped Olives	1 lb. can	13c
Sweet Pickles	Holms, 1 lb. can	13c
Sweet Pickles	Lord Baltimore, 1 lb. can	23c
Current Jelly	Schimmel's, 8 oz. cans	15c

Safeway guarantees that these meats are tender

VEAL CUTLETS	Tender, Delicious, lb.	47c
VEAL CHOPS	Sirloin, lb.	37c
LAMB CHOPS	Rib, lb.	39c
Smoked PICNICS	lb.	29c
★ SAVE ★ WASTE FATS FOR EXPLOSIVES		
Loin Veal Chops	lb.	41c
Beef Liver	lb.	29c
Pork Liver	lb.	15c
Veal Liver	lb.	69c
Pork Sausage Links	lb.	40c
Bulk Scapple	2 lbs.	25c
Briggs Franks	lb.	35c
Dry Salt Backs—Butts	lb.	15c
Briggs Bologna	lb.	37c

Safeway guarantees that this produce is fresh

SWEET, MEATY HONEYDEWS	WESTERN GROWN, lb.	9c
Smokehouse Apples	3 lbs.	14c
Delicious Apples	4 lbs.	25c
Grimes G'den Apples	3 lbs.	14c
Fresh Spinach	2 lbs.	25c
Fresh Kale	lb.	6c
Cauliflower	lb.	13c

PRODUCE PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES

CATSUP	2 14 oz. bot.	25c
Van Camps SUNDOWN	2 No. 1 cans	25c
Kodak Figs	2 No. 1 cans	25c
PRESERVES	24 oz. jar	29c
Schimmel's Strawberry MARGARINE	2 lb. pkgs.	33c
Oat Bonquet PARKAY	2 lb. pkgs.	24c
Oldo Margarine FLOUR	Enriched, Gold Medal, 50 lb. bag	50c
FLOUR	Enriched, Kitchen Craft, 49 lb. bag	49c
FLOUR	Enriched, Pillsbury, 58 lb. bag	58c
BREAD	Enriched, Jumbo 1½ lb. loaf, 10c	7c
BREAD	Enriched, Julia Lee Wright's, 1 lb. loaf	8c

Van Camp's TENDERONI
A new treat for macaroni and spaghetti lovers. Cooks quickly and makes 4 to 6 servings.
1 package FREE with purchase of 2 pkgs. 19c

FACE TISSUE	Countess, 100 pkgs. of 500	19c
FACE TISSUE	Kleenex, 100 pkgs. of 440	25c
THREE-IN-ONE	Machine Oil, 3 oz. can	19c
Pot Cleaner	2 pads	15c
SOFT WEVE	3 1,000 sheet rolls	23c
Toilet Tissue		

VANO CLEANING FLUID
The new sensational way to clean all painted and enameled surfaces.
Quart Bottle 25c

Su-Purb Soap	2 2½ lb. cakes	39c
Chippo	22 oz. pks.	22c
Dux	22 oz. pks.	22c
Lux Flakes	12½ oz. pks.	22c
Ivory Snow	12½ oz. pks.	22c
Camay Soap	4 cakes	25c
Octagon Soap	3 cakes	13c
P. & G. Soap	6 cakes	25c
O. K. Soap	3 cakes	11c

Buy War Bonds and Stamps with what you save at Safeway

SATURDAYS CAN BE SUCH GRAND DAYS IF...

Another wonderful Saturday waiting in crowded stores. In getting sick and tired of spending half our weekend waiting around for nothing...

But mother, there is no other way. If you want to save money you've got to shop on Saturday when prices are lower.

But you're wrong, dear. Haven't you heard about the wonderful change Safeway recently made?

Now do you believe me? Safeway's low advertised prices are now not only good on Saturdays but early in the week, too.

That's positively wonderful, mother. Now I can get my weekend order on a weekday. I'll be happy about that!

And no more Saturday shopping, dear. I never realized what grand days Saturdays can be!

So you see now that Safeway's low "weekend" prices are good every day in the week. I can get all my supplies then.

Why don't you get your "big" order on a week day too?

Not only will you have more time to play on week-ends, but you'll be able to shop more leisurely if you get your big grocery order on a week day. And then, on Saturday, just fill in what you need for the week-end. Safeway's specially low advertised prices, you know, are now good Tuesday thru Saturday.

SAFeway
Prices control effective until close of business Saturday, September 19, 1942.

You'll Agree With Experts That— it's good because it's ripe



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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4300.

Tuesday, September 15, 1942

Taxi Strike?

With more than 3000 drivers pledged

to keep their cabs rolling as a patriotic

duty, the taxi strike called for tonight

may well prove to be a flop. It is possible,

of course, that some of the drivers signed

the pledge under pressure and others may

break it under pressure. But many drivers

report simply that they are making more

money than ever before and that they

have no desire to strike. Their determi-

nation to keep their cabs working is

doubtless strengthened also by the fact

that no issue in any way justifying a

strike has been raised.

Edwin A. Glenn has put the United

Taxicab Drivers, Inc., in the position of

striking to force the hand of the Public

Utilities Commission, even though he is

not willing to enter a formal petition for

the hearing which he seeks. The PUC has

no fund to defray the cost of hearings,

even if it were disposed to reinvestigate

the taxi zone system on its own initiative.

The law requires, moreover, that each

utility shall pay the cost of hearings and

investigations of its own rates. In these

circumstances the PUC would be gullible

indeed if it should attempt to reopen the

taxi zone case on an informal basis when

the cab companies' petition has been

withdrawn and the union has presented

no petition.

We do not believe that the cab drivers

of Washington will strike in wartime to

support such a flimsy case. But, of course,

the outcome will depend largely upon the

willingness of the city to do its part.

Drivers do not want to risk having their

cabs rolled as a patriotic duty, they must

be protected against the strong-arm boys

who willingly resort to violence to win a

point. Indeed, they must have assurance

that such protection will be forthcoming.

The Commissioners should hasten to re-

move every lingering doubt as to the

safety of cabmen who refuse to partici-

pate in this irresponsible effort to tie up

an important segment of the Capital's

transportation system.

Sold Into Slavery

Marshal Petain's decree establishing a

system of compulsory labor for all men

between the ages of 18 and 50 and all

women between 20 and 35 tops even

Vichy's past record for infamy. The jus-

tification given for this measure is that

it will "facilitate the work which the

government might judge necessary in the

superior interests of the country." The

real reason, and one which the Vichy

regime has allowed to leak out, is to pro-

vide slave labor for Hitler.

Soon after Pierre Laval was returned

to power he began a campaign to recruit

workers for the Third Reich. And he

held out the bait that for every three

such workers accepting employment in

Germany one was prisoner would be re-

leased. As it happened, the French peo-

ple, despite great and persistent pressure

from Vichy, overwhelmingly refused to

comply with that request. Now Vichy

appears determined to substitute compul-

sion for voluntary action. Men are to be

drafted for German farms, factories,

mines and mills whether they like it or

not. In other words, the French people

are to be sold into slavery.

So the final chapter in Vichy's sell-

out of France is about to be written. For

if the scoundrels who run the Vichy

regime are prepared to go this far in their

subservience to Hitler there can be no

doubt that they will go as much further

as the Fuehrer demands of them. Cer-

tainly the tempo of their headlong rush

into the "new order" has steadily in-

creased during recent weeks. Now, ex-

cept for the transfer of the French fleet

and the opening up of French Mediter-

ranean and African ports to the Nazis,

there is little more left for Vichy to do

in the way of completely identifying its

regime with the Axis.

However, Vichy still has the French

people to reckon with. The letter ad-

dressed to Petain recently by Edouard

Herriot and Jules Jeanneney shows that

an spirit of resistance is growing in

France. Petain's slavery decree, even

though backed up by Nazi bayonets, will

only cause the flames of opposition to rise.

This Messrs. Petain and Laval must real-

ize. But so far gone are they in treachery

and so urgent is Hitler's need of slave

labor that they appear prepared to take

the risks.

Anti-Inflation Bill

The Senate leaders who drafted the

anti-inflation bill are to be congratulated

on their response to the President's La-

bor Day message. They have acted

promptly. They have produced a bill

that will command widespread support,

even though some legislators appear to

be dissatisfied with minor details. And

they have avoided the pitfall of a blanket

grant of power which might have pro-

voked long debate and which, if adopted,

would have provided no safeguards

against arbitrary executive action.

By contrast the House bill is a weak

and unsatisfactory measure, which seems

to be designed more for the purpose of

pegging farm prices at 100 per cent of

parity than for control of runaway infla-

tion. The fact that House leaders have

not thrown their influence behind the

constructive Senate bill is cause for keen

disappointment. But it does not detract

from the creditable work at the other

end of the Capitol.

The Senate bill is truly sweeping in its

application. President Roosevelt asked

for authority to stabilize farm prices.

Leaders of the Senate responded by

drafting a bill "authorizing and di-

recting" him to "stabilize prices, wages,

salaries and other factors affecting the

cost of living." That comprehensive

coverage should notably facilitate the

task of curbing inflation. One could

scarcely ask for more authority so far as

the scope of the bill is concerned.

It would not, however, leave the whole

question of wage and price levels to the

discretion of the President. Stabilization

would be, so far as practicable, on the

basis of the levels existing last August 15.

Adjustments of wages and prices then

prevailing could be made by executive

agencies, to "correct gross inequities or

to aid in the effective prosecution of the

war." That language is about as definite

as it could be made without encountering

fatal rigidity. In this respect the bill

appears to be a happy compromise. It

defines congressional policy and leaves

ample administrative flexibility in apply-

ing that policy to specific cases.

The ceilings to be fixed for farm

prices—ranging from parity to the high-

est prices of this year to date—leave

much to be desired. Some prices are now

far in excess of parity, and not all such

prices are necessary to stimulate produc-

tion of food for wartime use. But the

important consideration after all is to

prevent further inflationary skyrocketing

of living costs.

Wages and salaries for any particular

work would also be protected against

reduction below "the highest wages or

salaries paid therefor between January

1, 1942, and September 15, 1942," except

that reduction could be made to correct

"gross inequities." Certainly any attempt

to reduce wages in general would meet

with baffling complications. Rigid free-

zing would work an obvious hardship on

some groups. And further increases

would be dangerously inflationary. The

authors of the Senate bill appear to have

chosen the most reasonable middle

ground. Many details of their handiwork

may require modification as the measure

is further studied. But it is a good begin-

ning of a complicated task. We hope

that the Senate will display as much

energy and devotion to the national inter-

est in considering the bill as its authors

have shown in drafting it. But the whole

problem has been seriously complicated

by the failure of the House leaders to

present that body with a reasonable bill

to work on.

Renegotiated Contracts

Impressed by a flood of appeals from

business groups, Senator George is pre-

paring to consider the problem of renegot-

iated contracts before winding up work

on the pending tax bill. The matter is

of vital concern to the companies engaged

in war work and to the Government

itself, for it cannot afford to tolerate

practices that seriously hamper war out-

put. The law which is the target of

criticism provides for reexamination and

renegotiation of war contracts at the dis-

cretion of the armed services. It is aimed

at the suppression of a real evil, for the

Truman Committee discovered cases in

which unconscionably high profits had

been earned on individual war contracts.

Unfortunately, efforts to prevent or to

recapture such excess profits through

renegotiation of contracts are not work-

ing out as well as was expected. Busi-

nessmen complain that the law is arbi-

trary, delegating too much discretionary

power to inexperienced representatives

of the Army, the Navy and the Maritime

Commission. A growing force of inspec-

tors and auditors invade war plants to

snoop, spy and occupy the time of com-

pany officials.

Particularly trenchant criticisms of the

system have come from John W. Hanes,

formerly Undersecretary of the Treasury.

Conceding the need for some sort of of-

ficial supervision to curb inevitable abuses,

Mr. Hanes suggests revision of the exist-

ing law to leave renegotiation boards with

only one function—that of determining

whether or not contractors are incurring

excessive costs in the manufacture of

war materials. "If, under the present

law, they review individual contracts,"

he says, "they have an interminable job

which will take years and leave the man-

ufacturers in a hopeless position, not

knowing where they stand. In my opin-

ion," he added, "not only do they have

a hopeless task themselves, but in at-

tempting to carry it out they run the

grave risk of seriously impairing the in-

dustrial efforts of our country."

Lacking constant supervision, some

manufacturers, especially those able to

produce at less than average costs, would

no doubt obtain large profits on war con-

tracts. But excess profits of that sort can

be taken away later on by the Govern-

ment's tax collectors. Mr. Hanes, indeed,

favors a 100 per cent excess profits tax

on all earnings in excess of certain mod-

est base levels. Originally there was

strong support for the renegotiation plan

as an alternative to statutory limits on

profits. But given reasonable exemp-

tions and allowances, profits ceilings seem

preferable to a system of official contract

revision that makes it impossible for the

manufacturer to control his costs or to

determine what his profits on a contract

are likely to be.

"Greatest Day"

Weather permitting, it will not be at

all surprising if the R. A. F. takes special

pains to let the Germans know what day

this is. It is the second anniversary of

"the greatest day" in the Battle of Brit-

ain, when 185 Luftwaffe planes were

knocked out of British skies. Lieutenant

General Arnold, head of our Army Air

Forces, has taken due note of the event,

which marked the first major defeat of

the Nazi military machine, by sending a

congratulatory message to Air Chief

Marshal Sir Charles Portal. And the

entire Nation seconds the admiration he

expressed for what so few did for so

many on that historic occasion.

Whether or not the R. A. F. decides on

an appropriate celebration "in force," the

anniversary serves to remind us not only

of Britain's stalwart air defense in the

past but also of the task which faces

Britain and this country in carrying the

attack to the enemy in the months ahead.

Clearly the Germans cannot afford the

mass destruction which seems inevitable

once the long-promised Allied air offen-

sive reaches its anticipated magnitude.

The R. A. F. has already demonstrated,

by Nazi admission, the crippling effect

of mass raids at night on specific military

and industrial objectives.

So far there has been no demonstration

that our heavy bombers, operating over

Germany in daylight, can approach the

devastation wrought by the R. A. F. But

Why Togo Resigned

By Mark J. Gay

Civilians, Army Clash In Tokyo

WHEN Sigenori Togo bowed himself out of the Tokyo Foreign Office, he treated the democracies to one of the most encouraging news items yet to emerge out of wartime Japan.

The news was encouraging even though headlines here and in Britain gave it fantastic misinterpretation. Nothing could be less true than the assumption that Togo's resignation was linked with Japan's designs on Siberia. Actually, Togo's departure was not a harbinger of war; it was a manifestation of a continuing tug of war between the army and the civilians for the control of Japan's government.

The facts of Togo's resignation were all in the Tokyo broadcasts. The democratic fortune tellers merely misread the signs. They allowed fear of new Japanese thrusts, and not history, to be their guide.

These were the facts: For some months now, the Japanese cabinet has been debating the creation of a Greater Asia Ministry, which would have complete jurisdiction over the occupied territory, from Manchuria to Burma. Under a plan backed by Premier Gen. Hideki Tojo and his army cronies, the new ministry would control every activity—economic, cultural and political. This means that the Foreign Office would be excluded from one of its most important functions—under the Tojo plan, the Foreign Minister would be subject to orders from the Minister of Greater Asia in this territory. The plan frankly relegated the Foreign Office to a place of secondary importance in the Cabinet—since its work would be confined solely to a few neutral countries and the minor Axis satellite states.

Japan's representative in Berlin is Lieut. Gen. Hiroshi Oshima, who never took his orders from the Foreign Ministry anyway. Clash Has Occurred Before

This is not the first time that the army has tried to wrench occupied territory from Gaimusho Foreign Ministry hands. In 1938, the army's most brilliant politician, Gen. Seishiro Itagaki, now commander of the Korean Garrison, proposed the establishment of a China Affairs Board. This organ was to have sole control over Japan's political and economic relations with China.

Koki Hirota was then Foreign Minister. But even this fervent advocate of aggression could not stomach the generals' attempts to become diplomats. He fought it as long and as bitterly as he could. In despair, he finally resigned in May, 1938.

His successor was Gen. Kazuhide Ugaki, who took the post on the condition the army would not meddle with Gaimusho functions. For two or three months, the army kept its word. But in the early fall, the China Affairs Board again came to the fore. Unable to halt the army steamroller, Ugaki too resigned, in October, 1938.

With Ugaki's departure, the board came into being. Its heads were retired generals, and its agents in China were chiefs of the army's notorious special service section, whose activities range from political assassinations and opium trafficking to puppetry. With tough and belligerent generals in the seat, the Japanese diplomats in China meekly retired to the background.

The new Greater Asia Ministry is the same old China Affairs Board, on a larger scale. And once again, the embattled diplomats of the Foreign Office staged a desperate fight for a voice in government. The personnel of the Foreign Office, down to third secretaries, was undoubtedly behind Togo—as it was behind Hirota and Ugaki. And its resentment with the army must have played an important role in Togo's resignation.

Togo was not an important man. He was a quiet, peaceful, moderate career diplomat, who

became Foreign Minister mainly as Tojo's decoy. While Washington and London grinned happily at his appointment, the Japanese armed forces prepared for Pearl Harbor.

Togo came of an undistinguished samurai family, of the Sei of Shimizu in the famous Satsuma clan. Bad eyesight kept him out of the military academy, and Togo instead entered a higher school. Here he specialized in German, and later continued his study of German literature at the Tokyo Imperial University.

His master's degree brought him nothing better than an offer of the German chair at his old higher school. Disgusted, he retired to his room in a boarding house and went on a diet of beer and sake. One night, when he went out to replenish his supplies, a fire destroyed his belongings. He stopped drinking, and began to study law. Within six months he had passed Foreign Office examinations and was given a consular assignment.

One of his early posts was in Berlin. There he met the German girl whom he later married. After Berlin came more than a decade in Tokyo, where he applied himself to Russo-Japanese relations. He had a finger in practically all Soviet-Japanese agreements from the recognition of the Soviets to last year's non-aggression pact. Before becoming Foreign Minister he served as Ambassador in Moscow and Berlin.

At the Gaimusho, Togo stole no stars. He was a typical bureaucrat, happy with his daily routine and more than a trifle worried about the outcome of the army's adventures. But as a true Japanese, as long as they kept out of one of the last civilian footholds in the government.

One could look in vain to Togo's gray record for any evidence of great influence upon the lives of men. His protests could not have stopped the army from attacking Siberia—if the army so desired. Nor would there have been any need for removal of Togo prior to such an attack, simply because this little man had concluded a non-aggression pact with Moscow. He was of little import one way or another. He fought only when his own job—and the jobs of civilians like himself—was jeopardized by the ambitious generals. War notwithstanding, political squabbles still wracked the government machinery—and Togo was a victim of a squabble.

New Campaign Threatens

This does not mean, however, that Japan's attack on Siberia might not come tomorrow, or the day after. The Japanese empire-builders have coveted Siberia for at least two decades. Once invaded it (in the early '20s), and have fought at least three "pocket" wars for it within the seven years.

There have been many alarming indications since mid-July that Japan is planning a new major campaign somewhere. The most significant of these signs has been the withdrawal of Japanese troops from the Chekiang-Kiangsi area. Begun in mid-May, the campaign had been progressing with the humming of Japanese planes and the sudden withdrawal was begun. Puzzled beyond measure, the Chinese openly admitted the retreat was no victory for their army.

Withdrawal has been costly to Japan—in men, in equipment and in prestige. The air bases from which American bombers can hop on to raids on Japan's humming war plants have again fallen into Chinese hands. Once again, Chinese guerrillas are taking potshots at Japanese sentries within sight of the great Japanese bases of Canton, Nanchang and Hangchow. And there are even signs that Nanchang itself may be abandoned to the Chinese.

Sacrifices of such magnitude must mean hope of greater gains elsewhere. The Chinese believe the next victim is Russia, and have helped to spread the myth of Togo's refusal to sanction the invasion of Siberia.

Apart from rumors of the movement of Japanese troops northward from China there have been no revealing straws in the wind. It is quite likely, therefore, that not Siberia but India is the next battleground. Hitler's victories against India's capacity for resistance no less than Togo's—and India, moreover, is grievously crippled by Gandhi's political campaign.

Togo's decision has already been made. The only point yet undecided is the hour. And that will be decided not by the resignations of career diplomats but by Hitler's sword.

General Morazan

By John Crane

Hero Of Honduras

"NEITHER the gold of the Guayape or the pearls of the Nicoyan Gulf will adorn the crown of the Marquis of Ayacucho, nor will the Central American people again see this infamous sign of their ancient servitude, for if this symbol ever again glitters on his brow it will be the target for the soldiers of the republic." The Guayape is a river in Honduras. The Gulf of Nicoya is in Costa Rica. General Morazan declared some years ago that the kind of Congress we have in Washington that if another tyrant was placed over the isthmus, this tyrant would be the target for the guns of the soldiers of the new republic.

Thus ironically enough General Francisco Morazan spoke these words on democracy, for years later, on September 15, 1842, one hundred years ago, the brave patriot and national hero of the Central American countries was to be the target for the soldiers of the republic. General Morazan serene and confident firmly faced the firing squad, and his last words will always be remembered: "Alm well, my sons! Now . . . fire!"

He gave his life for liberty and for the democratic principles in which he believed. Gen. Francisco Morazan was one of the most colorful men of Central American history. "Suppose the figure of Morazan and you will have annihilated the soul of the history of Central America," said the historian Contreras in his memorable discourse about the great general. He occupies his position of preeminence because of his forceful personality, his great military skill, his active life both as a soldier and as a statesman, which was not limited to any one country, the liberal and advanced nature of his political activities, and because of his profound devotion to the cause of Central American unity which made him the greatest champion during his day of this cause and which led to a martyr's death.

It is fitting at this time that the people of Honduras and Central American republics will celebrate next month, October 3, 1942, the Sesqui-Centennial of the birth of General Morazan, who was born in Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, on October 3, 1842.

Fought For American Unity

All through his life General Morazan persisted in his determination to restore and maintain the unity of the Central American republics. This resolve was to end in the death of General Morazan, who died in Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras, on October 3, 1842.

The Conservative Party of Honduras had conspired and united they seized Morazan. As their prisoner he was delivered to the rebels and executed. He had been a victim of treason, but his name passed into immortality.

To describe all the battles which the military and political genius, Morazan, fought to maintain the Federation of the United States of Central America would make a long story. He fought for 12 years. The country was sparsely populated and Morazan had to do without railroads by which to transport his troops; his men had to make their way over lofty mountain trails, and to withstand the heat of the lowlands along the coast, where rainfall is usually very heavy, and where sometimes they had to ride through wet forests of pine so dense that for days they could not see more than 100 yards in any direction.

Morazan was destined by nature to play a prominent part in the history of Central America. His extraordinary talent, his fine disposition, his military and political genius, his frank and penetrating expression, his unusual intelligence, his kindness, won for him the affection of all who knew him.

He was the symbol of liberty and of justice, and he was considered by his compatriots a genius of war and the martyr of the Federation. In his government he put into practice the most advanced ideas; freedom of the press, of speech, of gathering and of worship. Trial by jury and the suppression of capital punishment were also among the things he advocated.

The period following the independence of Honduras experienced years of progress although these years were turbulent and trying upon the people. The great movement of freedom started by the great South American liberator, Gen. Simon Bolivar, Gen. Francisco Miranda, Gen. Martin of Argentina, and Prince Dom Pedro of Brazil supported by the Brazilian people under the leadership of the Brazilian patriarch, Jose Bonifacio, which swept over the American continent, below the Rio Grande early in the nineteenth century found its echo in Central America. On September 15, 1821, the independence of the States comprising the Captaincy of Guatemala was declared.

The history of Honduras is closely intertwined with that of other Central American countries from this period. Although, for a short period of time in 1822 all Central America was part of the Mexican Empire. Subsequently, upon the downfall of the Emperor Maximilian, Honduras became one of the States of the Central American Federation.

Riots, revolts and serious revolutions broke out in Honduras and other parts of Central America, a condition of affairs with which only one man could cope with and General Morazan contended with the situation until the Conservatives following the banner of insurrection, accomplished at last their purpose of doing away with him.

Morazan was President of his country in 1827 and after distinguishing himself in the war of

Wartime Washington

By Merlo Pusey

Democracy Lags At The Polls

IT BEGINS to look as if the American people are willing to fight and die for democracy but not to go to the polls for it. This is one of the strangest paradoxes that the war has brought to light. It is so strange that we ought to sit down and ask ourselves whether our democracy consists of traditional devotion to a vague ideal or a workable system for the translation of the public will into governmental policies.

There seems to be no question as to the loss of interest this year in the very serious business of choosing legislators who can make our democratic system operate as we wish it to operate. Most of the primaries for the selection of candidates have now been held. The campaigns to date, says the Associated Press, are among the most apathetic campaigns held in recent years. Comparatively few voters have gone to the polls. Workers are asking whether they should take time to vote or simply stay at their benches or machines. In short, the country seems to be taking the attitude that the kind of Congress we have in Washington during the next two years (six years for the Senators who will be elected) is a matter of minor importance.

WPB Chief Nelson has properly taken time to inform war workers that voting "is one of the very few exceptions to the all-important rule of staying on the job and getting the war materials off the production line and on the battlefronts." Vote fast, he says, and get back on the job. But there is little to be gained from the mere stuffing of ballots into a box. Unless citizens are conscious of real issues, there is not much difference between apathetically going to the polls and apathetically going to the polls.

THE DISTURBING thing about the seeming indifference of the public to this year's elections is that truly great issues are at stake. First, there is the issue of successful prosecution of the war. A strong Congress is needed to fight a strong fight. It is true that the actual conduct of the war is left to the President as Commander in Chief. But Congress must constantly support the war effort by legislation and appropriations. And Congress has a heavy responsibility to see that the vast outlays for war are properly spent.

Secondly, there is the momentous issue of the peace to follow this greatest of all wars. The Congress to be elected in November may be a powerful influence in deciding what type of peace shall be adopted. That fact seems to have been given little thought by voters of 1942. The issue seems re-

lated. Similarly, it seemed remote in 1918. The peace was not much concerned about choosing statesmen who could be relied upon to foster a lasting peace. So the country experienced the tragedy of Woodrow Wilson and the League of Nations.

A THIRD momentous issue, of course, is Congress itself. There is an abundance of evidence that faith in Congress is at a low ebb. It is even suggested that that is one reason why so little interest is being manifested in the election. But any citizen who gives the subject a moment's reflection must realize that Congress is what the people make it. Its few crackpots and blatherers are elected by the people, apathetic people. To the extent that it is controlled by mediocre politicians and blatherers the people are also responsible.

CONGRESS is now in the process of jumping through a fiery anti-inflation hoop, while the President cracks the whip behind it. The spectacle is fraught with dangerous implications. Yet the public in general approved because a great majority of the people are in favor of the economic stabilization which the President is trying to bring about. The attitude would be consistent with a strenuous drive to elect a Congress courageous enough to fight inflation and give full support to the war effort, without threats from the White House. But applause for the President's claim that he can set aside legislation, plus disinterest in electing a more vigorous Congress, is an unwilling bid for dictatorship in this country.

Undoubtedly Congress will respond to the present emergency by giving the President the authority he needs to curb inflation. A crisis in American government may thus be avoided. But the issue is almost certain to rise again if the people do not make their wishes known in unmistakable fashion. In the long run it is for the people and not the President to discipline Congress. And the time to do that job is when the biennial elections come around.

It is true, of course, that this is no time for partisan politics. All parties must work with the administration for the duration. But it is a time for the election of courageous, intelligent, hard-working and public spirited men whether they are Democrats or Republicans. No one understands this need more fully than the able men now in Congress who are trying to preserve that body as an effective legislative agency. These legislators are looking to the public to uphold their hands and give them support. If voters fail in this elementary task which democracy assigns to them, it will do precious little good to yell about the shortcomings of Congress or the dangers of authoritarian rule.

Nelson Expected to Select Rubber-Control Czar Today

By Robert De Vore

Post Staff Writer

War Production Board Chairman Donald M. Nelson is expected today to announce the name of the rubber "czar," the man who must assume responsibility for translating into action the rubber control plan set up by a committee headed by Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of war industries in the last World War.

Yesterday's scheduled announcement of the rubber administration, failed to materialize, giving rise to speculation that Nelson and the Chief Executive were finding it difficult to locate a qualified man willing to take the assignment.

Nelson conferred with President Roosevelt at noon yesterday. As he was leaving the White House, he told reporters an announcement would be made either during the afternoon or today. Later in the day, word came from the WPB chief that the announcement was being held up at least until today.

Among the men mentioned for the post in responsible quarters was that of Ferdinand Eberstadt, chairman of the Army and Navy Munitions Board. There was no confirmation of reports that Eberstadt was being named to the position, but high WPB officials were unanimous in the opinion that he is eminently fitted to take over what admittedly will be one of the toughest administrative jobs in the Capital.

Since December, Eberstadt has been in the middle of the most complicated and trying job the Federal Government ever has undertaken—the distribution of scarce steel, copper and other materials

among Army and Navy producers of planes, tanks, guns and ships. He came to the post with a broad background of experience in investment banking and international financial problems associated with World War I debts.

Officials who have been associated with Eberstadt speak highly of his administrative ability and add that he is well supplied with another quality—toughness—which they deem to be essential for the job of rubber administrator.

Other men mentioned for the assignment have included those of Lewis W. Douglas, former budget director and now deputy administrator of the War Shipping Administration; Joseph B. Eastman, director of the Office of Defense Transportation; Harvey Firestone, president of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Co.; John L. Collier, chairman of the board of the B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co.; P. G. Litchfield, president of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co.; and William O'Neill, president of the General Tire and Rubber Co.

Meanwhile, Gov. Coke R. Stevenson of Texas was quoted in an interview with the Associated Press as declaring that projected gas rationing in oil-producing regions like Texas "gives evidence of mental confusion in Washington."

Stevenson protested the move to Leon Henderson, chief of the Office of Price Administration.

The Governor said the people of Texas were aroused as he has never before seen them during his term as the State's chief executive. Many citizens have expressed to him their fear that rationing will wreck the State's largest industry—oil, he stated.

Loss of a considerable portion of its gas tax revenue, he said, meant that Texas faced a huge tax deficit. The State, Stevenson asserted, "demonstrated the undercurrent of grim resentment against an order of this type."

Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Private Purkey

Dear Harriet—

I have not heard from you in a couple of weeks now. What is the matter? I know you are in the WAACS but you are so quiet I wonder if you are in the guard-house. I can't sleep nights from worrying over whether you have talked back to Ovela Culp Hobby or somebody. Write me at once while my morale can still be saved.

I just wrote a piece for Yank, the A. E. F. paper. It is about more of Purkey's Peace Plans. I am getting them from all over and if you have any will you send them to me also? I suppose you know that my Plank No. 1 which would cede Hitler and Mussolini to Saratoga to replace Gargantua and Toto has been dropped on account of the Ringling Brothers won't accept 'em.

So I have got to think up some new idea. I got a idea for Hitler's punishment. I would have him sentenced to paper the Great Wall of China using paste which has been so diluted that it won't stick. Mussolini we can forget now. He is such a strain on Hitler that maybe we should give him a medal for a assist after the war and just use him for blowing up tires.

There is just one thing that will punish Japan enough. That is to confiscate all cameras in the country and forbid any imports of any body in Europe or Asia to so much as when he is going around with no camera.

Some of these Purkey Peace Plans which I sent to Yank are as follows:

1—A world commission to check up every ten days and see that nobody is working on any new plans for a new order anywhere.

2—Nobody on the losing side is to be allowed to write a book, start a secret society or get hold of a gavel.

3—The Peace Commission has got to pass a agreement for immediate action by force the minute any body in Europe or Asia is found to be working on a new emblem.

4—All use of airplanes for bombing has got to be ruled out and in the case of Germany she has got to be stopped from even fooling around with boxkites, gliders and plane models.

5—The first delegate from any nation to a League of Nations meeting who gets up and starts using double talk instead of plain language whenever any member starts jumping on some small nation must be boiled in oil.

6—The United States must keep all its scrap iron at home just in case for the next fifty years and we can sell Japan nothing except waste rags to stuff in the extra slots which the Japs have put in all army shoes for big toes.

7—Tokio is to be renamed Midway Center.

8—Berlin is to be rechristened New Hyde Park.

9—Herman Goering is to be sentenced to spend his life as a free balloon.

10—I got a great idea about Goebbels. The Peace Conditions must make him keep talking. Nothing will sound funnier and do more to make Germany sorry.

I got some other things I would like to see happen as a result of the war. I wish along with all the other freedoms it could free us from paper napkins, paper towels, musical auto horns. No Parking signs, James Caesar Petrillo, unused orange juice, photo flash, new vitamins, long-winded radio commercials and girls who don't write their boy friends twice a week.

All my love, OSCAR.

P. S.—I seen Wendell Willkie over on the battle area again the other day. If we get All London the war is now as good as won.

Scout No. 467 reports hearing a customer in a bookstore ask for "The White Cliffs of Purkey." And he insists the clerk replied, "Oh, you mean Private Purkey In Live And Learn!"

When the war ends and the peace delegates get together to outline a bright new world we hope that, in the interests of more fun, provision is made to bar the New York Yanks from World Series.

Guzzling Gus says that when liquor is rationed he is going to insist on a supplemental card on the ground he can't keep in a fighting spirit without it.

Speaking of the old days when all cocktails and highballs were two for a quarter, Jimmy Cerni told us a funny one the other day. He says that a regular customer used to be a gent who would come in every day around 4 p. m., drink a highball, put down a quarter and say, "My brother will be in around 6 for the other one."

At Stalingrad

By Barnet Nover

Preparing For The Battle Of 1943

THE BATTLE for Stalingrad is now in its fourth week, a circumstance which has given rise in many quarters to an unwarranted rebirth of optimism regarding the state of the war in general and the Eastern Front in particular.

Once again, as so often in the past, we are being told that Hitler's military timetable has gone awry, that another winter is approaching with a Nazi victory over Russia still far off.

Once again the point is being labored that the German armies have had to pay a tremendous toll for every inch they have advanced on the road to the Volga metropolis. And while the possibility of Stalingrad's capture is not being discounted, comfort is found in the thought that its loss will not be as harmful to Russia and her Allies as it would have been had it been taken earlier or at less cost.

NOW THERE IS JUST enough truth in these contentions to give them plausibility. There can be no doubt that the cost to the Nazis of their assault on Stalingrad's defenses has been considerable and may tell heavily against them in the long run. Nor can there be any question that the heroism of the Red army and the Russian people has once again taken the blitz out of the German war machine.

Hitler has failed to smash the Red army this year as he failed to smash it in 1941.

Russia gives every evidence of a determination to fight on before Stalingrad, at Stalingrad and behind Stalingrad. A winter campaign on the Eastern Front, with all that it portends for the weary German troops, appears to be a certainty. And there is no great reservoir of manpower which Hitler has left to draw on from which he can replace the mounting Russian losses left on the Russian battlefields.

Germany's manpower shortage is now indeed such that he has had to force his Vichy puppets into adopting the dangerous device of German compulsory labor system in Unoccupied France. But even if Hitler is successful by this means in drawing any large number of Frenchmen into German factories, mills and mines, and this is very much to be doubted, his manpower shortage will continue to grow as intensified Allied bombing of German centers hampers Nazi production and places new burdens on the overworked transport system in Occupied Europe.

IT MUST BE pointed out, however, that Hitler gave up some months ago any idea of winning the war this year. His once frequent promises of an immediate and total triumph have recently been conspicuous by their absence. He has had to envisage a war of longer duration than he originally bargained for. But of that very account we can take it for granted that he has altered his strategy to conform with the new situation that faces him and the Reich.

Indeed, the capture of Stalingrad is all the more important for Hitler because of the fact that total victory continues to elude him.

It is important because failure to take the city would be a blow to his prestige second only to that he suffered when he failed to conquer Moscow last year. Stalingrad is important because with the entire Volga in Russian hands oil from the lower Caucasus can continue to reach the Red army in central and northern Russia, Russian industries, Russian communications, and, conversely, the capture of Stalingrad would complete the severance of the Caucasus from the rest of Russia, divide the Red army in two.

HITLER hoped to smash the Red army and failed. His strategy now

is to divide it. Immobilize it, deprive it of all striking power.

In part he has already succeeded in achieving this goal. Further success in this direction would enable him to reverse the direction of his attack, to keep on the Eastern Front a force comparable to the small force he now maintains in Western Europe, while moving to the West a force great enough to make an Allied invasion an extremely costly venture.

In the meantime, the fall of Stalingrad and the ending of the summer campaign in Russia would permit him to send to Marshal Rommel the men and material without which the latter's advance toward Alexandria and Suez cannot, under existing circumstances, be undertaken.

THE CONTRIBUTION which the Russians have made to the Allied cause this year cannot be exaggerated. In the long run it may prove to have a decisive bearing on the outcome of the war. It has given Great Britain and the United States valuable months in which to speed up the mobilization of their manpower, expand their production, begin that large-scale aerial assault on Germany whose ultimate force and fury the German people may soon experience.

The fact remains that except in the air Hitler has this year succeeded in avoiding large-scale war on two fronts simultaneously, and that the trend of the fighting in Russia is still such as to create the possibility that he may avoid such a dread situation next year as well.

It may be too late for that strategy to achieve a German victory. The losses which Germany has suffered in Russia may make her vulnerable to the all-out assault which the Allied forces in the west (together with whatever force the Russians will next year still be able to exert in the East) will be able to hurl against the Reich.

Let us, however, not blind ourselves to the fact that Hitler's strategy has at least succeeded in postponing a German defeat and that the ultimate cost to us in bringing about that defeat may be considerable.

On This Page

WALTER LIPPMANN—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. Mr. Lippmann's column will not appear for several weeks while he is on a trip abroad.

MARK SULLIVAN—Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. ERNEST LINDLEY—Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday. BARNET NOVER—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday. MERLO PUSEY—Tuesday.

Hitler has written, "the great out of spirits can be liquidated . . . if its bearer is beaten to death with a rubber truncheon." And Hitler means that literally. That's why we Americans must win this war and flood America's war chest with War Bond dollars. The Government asks at least 10% of your income to insure our victory. Sign up today. A patriotic suggestion from the Man's War Store of Lewis & Thos. Saltz.



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Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"That banker in lower seven is holding MINE for security!"

It's Patriotic to Eat Fresh Apples . . .

Apples may or may not keep the doctor away. They are, however, healthful and it's patriotic to eat fresh ones. Patriotic, the Department of Agriculture says, because it saves the dried and canned ones for the fighting men.

It is now apple harvest time and Thursday the Agriculture Department will begin to feature them as a "victory fruit special."

In its latest bulletin, the department predicts a crop of 126,131,000 bushel for the Nation, 3 per cent over last year. Virginia alone is expected to produce 14,274,000 bushels and Maryland, 2,048,000.

Out at the Rockville (Md.) Fruit Farm yesterday workers were busy picking a part of that crop. Foreman C. W. Martz says they have a heavier crop than last year

and last year they had 40 thousand bushels.

Labor is a problem, Martz said, but not as acute as it is in Pennsylvania, where orchardmen in one county are appealing to high schools to let boys and girls help pick their bumper crop. At the Rockville farm a spray has



been used on trees to hold the fruit 10 to 14 days longer than usual and give pickers more time. Martz pays his pickers 6 cents a bushel. A good worker, Martz said, picks between 125 and 150

bushels a day.

Grimes Golden apples are being harvested now. Later will come the Stayman Wine-saps, Delicious, York Imperials and Black Twigs.

W. A. Berry, who has worked off and on at the orchard in Rockville for 20 years, says this year's crop is the heaviest in five years.

"We could use about 15 more pickers here," Berry said, "and they have to be good, strong youngsters to carry and climb 20-foot ladders."

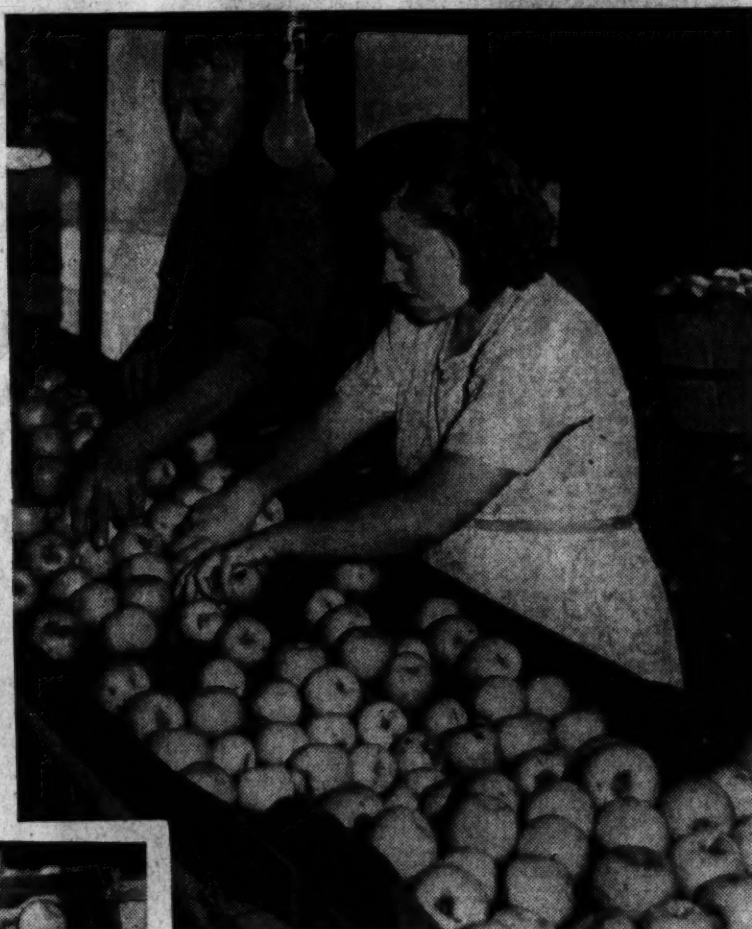
Apples retail for 50 cents to \$2 a bushel, depending on the quality. Select Grimes Golden sell for \$1 a half bushel. Others are 75 cents a half bushel. Cider goes at 60 cents a gallon—50 cents if you bring a container.



VIVACIOUS ETHEL WILLETT, 16, OF TAKOMA PARK, LIKES TO EAT APPLES



1. PICKING—It's apple harvest time at the Rockville Fruit Farm. Pickers got as many as 35 bushels from one overladen tree yesterday. A special spray keeps fruit on the trees from 10 days to two weeks longer than normal. This helps orchard men save crops which might spoil for want of picking because of a shortage of help



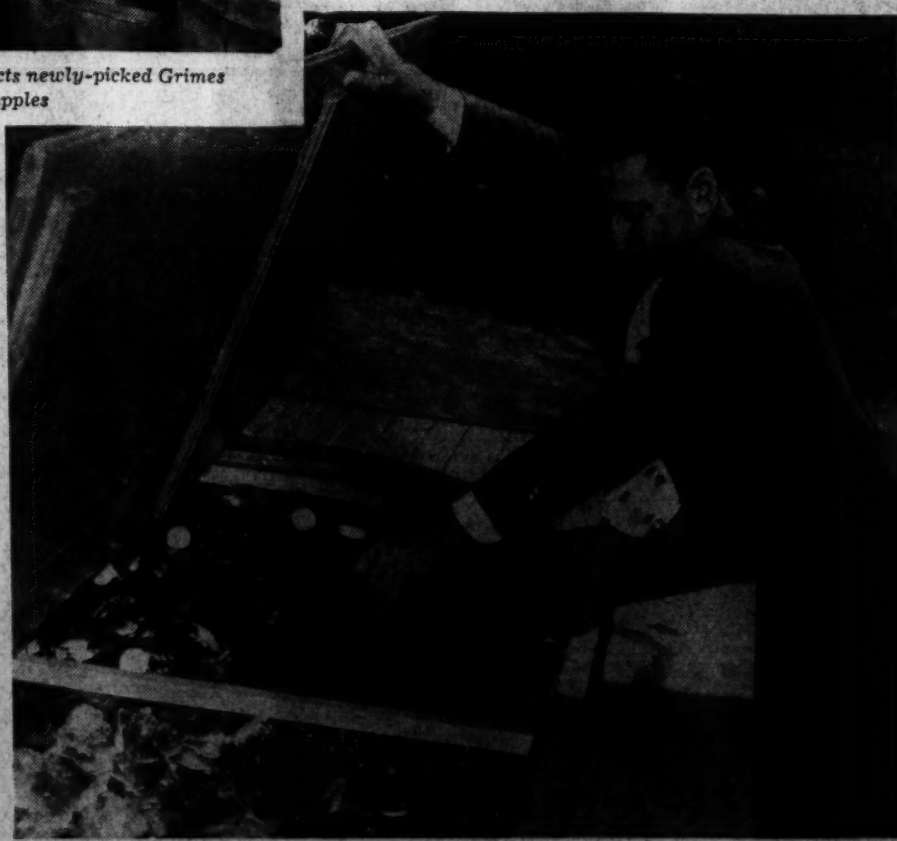
2. GRADING—After apples are brought in from the orchard, they are placed in a grading machine which separates the large from the small. Louise Johnson, 24, of Rockville, who helps operate the machine, removes bad fruit from the good



C. W. Martz, foreman, inspects newly-picked Grimes Golden apples



3. FACING—Semifinal operation in packing a bushel basket of apples for market is called "facing." Bernice Sigler, 21, and Blanche Johnson, 22, performed the chore by arranging apples in a metal disk. They greet your eye when the top is removed. Grimes Golden apples fill these disks



4. CIDER—Juice from the fruit which they select for the cider press is kept on ice at the Rockville farm. Jack Alderson reaches for a cold jug. Later in the season, Marylanders will be making apple butter

The WASHINGTON Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

Report Probably Cost Baruch \$50,000

FEW people, even in the Government, knew the backstage work that went into "Berny" Baruch's efficient, comprehensive rubber report. Inside fact is that it probably cost Baruch around \$50,000, out of his own pocket.

Few people also know that Baruch has maintained an office in Washington and a corps of research people to do jobs like this for more than a year. His other jobs have not received publicity. But many times the President or some other high official will ask him to do an important job. And Baruch, without asking for clerks, stenographers, or research experts, goes out and does it, paying the bill himself.

Almost no man in Washington has contributed more to the war, in his own quiet way, than Baruch.

NOTE: Jesse Jones began shining up to Baruch even before "Berny" was publicly named as rubber chief. Despite this, the Baruch report is considered the most caustic criticism of a public official ever issued in Washington. The only thing Baruch omitted was Jesse's name.



DREW PEARSON

Rebuffed Russians

ONE HARB Baruch leveled at Jones—without mentioning names—was the fact that Jesse's rubber reserve ignored the offer of the Russian Government to send experts and formulas regarding synthetic rubber. Baruch called this "inexplicable administration" and said:

"Had the offer of the Soviet Government been accepted, it is conceivable that plants for producing rubber might well be on the way to completion."

When the Washington Merry-Go-Round on August 13 reported exclusively that the Russians had offered their rubber information to Jones' men last February, but that they never even got the courtesy of a reply, the story was denied.

However, on August 19 this column further reported that Petroleum Coordinator Ickes reading the column report contacted the Russian Embassy personally and asked if they would still give their rubber advice. Ambassador Litvinoff abled Moscow and replied one day later in the affirmative.

Afterward, however, it was necessary for Ickes to submit the matter to the State Department, and as of today, unless the State Department has acted in the past few hours, it has not yet cleared the matter.

As the Baruch report points out: "To date we have obtained no detailed information as to the Russian experience. We feel this information should still be obtained."

Subversive Democrats

HARRY OLIPHANT, old-line Democrat and former member of the Oklahoma Legislature, came to Washington to take a Civil Service job, arriving the day after Roosevelt pardoned Earl Browder, head of the Communist Party.

When Oliphant filled out the Civil Service application, it asked the question: "Are you a member of any organization that advocates overthrow of the Government of the United States?"

He wrote this answer: "Yes, the Democratic Party."

'A Temporary Blowup'

The President was plenty miffed by those "dictator" charges hurled at him by congressional critics, following his blunt warning that he would fix parity ceilings on farm prices himself unless Congress acted by October 1. And he minced no words in saying so to Speaker Sam Rayburn and Majority Leader John McCormack when the two leaders called at the White House last week.

Charges that he was trying to usurp the powers of Congress were silly, the President said. Nor was he attempting to dictate to Congress in issuing the October 1 ultimatum. He said he wanted only to impress on Congress and the Nation the crying need of acting quickly to halt inflationary price trends.

As Commander in Chief, he shared with the legislative branch the responsibility of maintaining a sound wartime economy, the President told the leaders, and therefore felt it his duty to speak out.

Rayburn and McCormack replied that criticism of the inflation message was voiced by only a small minority of members in both houses, most of whom had been against the President in the past. They emphasized the belief that there would be little if any opposition to speedy adoption of parity ceiling legislation before October 1.

"It's all right to be critical for a day," McCormack remarked, "and that's all this was—a temporary blowup. The great majority of members in the House are solidly behind you and are ready to cooperate in every way they can to curb inflation. They realize that we need aggressive leadership to win this war."

Greek Meets Greek

AN INTERESTING situation exists behind the scenes among Greek-American citizens, which has an important bearing upon American policy toward the occupied countries. It is the question of fascism vs. democracy—a problem also faced in France, Holland and Belgium.

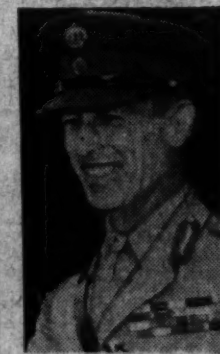
Greek-Americans were too polite to mention it, but many of them were not very happy about the Donovan committee's idea of bringing King George of Greece to this country.

They charge that King George represents the Fascist Party in Greece; that he has jailed the relatives of many Greek-Americans; that he represents a regime not in sympathy with the Atlantic Charter, and that the German-Italian military have freed more Greek political prisoners than King George ever did.

KING GEORGE The visit of the King brought out the factional fight which exists among Greek-Americans. Younger Greeks, especially those born in the United States, have been 100 per cent pro democracy, and 100 per cent behind the Atlantic Charter. Some of the older Greeks, especially those still in touch with the Greek government, have leaned toward the Fascist regime.

At one time this latter group, led by the Greek Legation in Washington, tried to organize a unit inside the United States loyal to Greece, not to this Government, but was soundly squelched by the younger Greeks.

The issue comes to a head this week at Atlanta, Ga., where the Ahepa, leading United States-Greek organization, of which President Roosevelt is a member, meets in national convention. Chief difficulty is that the younger Greeks have enlisted in the Army and Navy, and will not be at the convention. Administrations in Washington are watching the situation carefully, hoping the younger Greek-Americans will win out.



KING GEORGE

Post Staff Photos—Coodwin

WPB Asked to Junk Priorities

By Ben W. Gilbert
Post Staff Writer
(Third of a Series)

Programs for the allocation of raw materials which are identical in principle with the allocations program favored by the armed services have been forwarded to the War Production Board by the steel industry and by one of the country's largest manufacturers of war munitions, it was learned yesterday.

All three programs differ only in minor respects. All three of them call upon the War Production Board to scrap the present priority rating system for scarce materials and set

up instead a system of materials distribution which will direct to each contractor the raw materials necessary for him to do his job at the time he signs the contract.

Some observers view the triple demand for a program of allocations as in itself a powerful argument for a change over because the three programs represent the views of, first, the customer for our war production, the armed services; second, the supplier of our principal raw material, the steel industry, and third, one of the largest concerns engaged in turning the raw material into finished products.

The name of the manufacturer

has been withheld at his request, but it can be stated that the concern now holds many hundreds of millions of dollars worth of war contracts.

A high ranking official of the manufacturing concern explained the need for a program of allocations as follows:

"At first, everybody grabbed for materials, but no one knew whether he would be able to do the job or not. When we were all getting started, the smart fellow was the one who had grabbed off enough materials to produce. However, in producing, he often grabbed up too much material that he made it tough for others to produce."

Now, the corporation official indicated, the time has come to pull the program back into line—to make sure that everybody will get the materials needed to do the job and provide against the waste of any of these materials.

The steel industry, harassed by more customers than it could ever satisfy, evolved its program to make it possible for our present limited supply of steel to do its war job. As the War Production Board pointed out in a recent report, this country is now producing five million finished tons of steel against a demand for nine million tons. But since the United States is the world's largest steel producer, our available supply of steel, possibly with some expansion, will do its job if a proper distributing system is set up, experts in the industry believe.

Taylor's Program

The steel industry's plan was worked up in consultation with Reese Taylor, who resigned recently as head of WPB's iron and steel branch. Taylor presented the plan to Donald M. Nelson, chairman of the War Production Board, while still head of the iron and steel branch. It was reliably reported that inaction on the plan by WPB was one of the prime causes for his resignation.

In effect, Taylor's plan for steel is the same plan in principle that the Army-Navy Munitions Board submitted to WPB for application to all scarce materials.

All three plans have faced an uncertain fate in WPB because of the resistance of some WPB officials to the principle of allocations on the ground that it is too difficult to put into effect. These opponents of allocations in WPB are reported working on modifications of these plans to provide for retention of the priority ratings system. Supporters of allocations contend that any modification which would retain priority ratings would be an emasculation of the proposed new program.

It is understood that Taylor protested to Nelson against proposals to apply the portion of his plan which calls for the setting up of quotas of steel for each of the armed services and other claimants for steel without also applying the portion of the program which would enable the steel quotas to be directed into the munitions plants where they are needed.

Modification Being Tested

A similar modification of the manufacturer's plan is now being tested by WPB on a limited basis under the name of Contract Production Control. Three Navy contrac-

Governor Hails Extradition of Reformed Convict

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 14 (AP)—Gov. Dwight H. Green today hailed extradition proceedings against Ormond Westgate, 50—a step which he said would lead to ultimate freedom for Westgate from a sentence for robbery.

Extradition proceedings were started recently in New York. He announced he had ordered the parole board to make a complete investigation of Westgate's life since he escaped from the Joliet Prison Farm 18 years ago.

"If the investigation shows he has become thoroughly rehabilitated and taken his normal place in life, the State of Illinois will not be inclined to punish him again," Green declared.

Officials said Westgate had led an exemplary life. "Patrick James O'Brien since his escape from prison records have disclosed through fingerprints taken when he went to work in a war plant.

tors making radios are being used as guinea pigs.

Under Contract Production Control, a fixed production schedule is attached to each contract, but the contractor receives no assurance that he will get his materials budget, since he still must use his priority ratings to obtain materials in the open market.

"It will be the intention to assign ratings high enough so that the schedules can be exactly met," WPB said in announcing the experimental plan. "With the result that deliveries should be neither earlier nor later than necessary to fulfill the contract delivery dates."

This problem of assigning the right ratings to each contractor has been one of the factors complicating our materials distribution problem. Up to now, priority ratings have had a tendency to get out of line, particularly when changes are made in our production program to fit new military situations.

Product by Product

The large manufacturer's allocations program involves setting up the allocations by product by product basis. Starting with, say, a tank, the materials would be allocated to prime contractors making tanks. The tank producer, acting as a miniaturized WPB, would then allocate materials to the subcontractors to whom the portion of his total materials supply needed to fill the subcontract.

Gradually, the system would be extended to them until it covered all important munitions items. Then the plan would be in full operation. Each producer would prepare a quarterly bill of materials for each of his products. This would be totaled and materials would be allocated in accordance with the amounts available. No use would be made of priority ratings in the procedure.

Though identical in principle and in final result, the suggested approach of the manufacturer differs from the approach proposed by the Army-Navy Munitions Board in that the manufacturer's approach starts with the end product—the tank. The ANMB would prefer to start with a scarce material and have WPB divide it up among the various services in accordance with their needs made by the various services and with regard to the total supply.

Steel Industry's Plan

Under the ANMB plan, the armed services would act as "little WPBs" responsible for the distribution of available materials to their contractors.

Under the steel industry plan, a director of steel industry operations would be created to work with steel quota committees to set up quotas of steel for each of the armed services and other claimants such as the Office of Civilian Supply, Land-Lease Administration, and the Board of Economic Warfare.

These quotas would be approved by the WPB Requirements Committee and allocated to the various service arms for distribution by them. The quotas would be incorporated in certificates which would in effect grant each service arm and other claimant the right to the material on the certificate. Each service arm could then cut up its quota in accordance with its own program.

Tomorrow: The British Allocation System.

Chicago Grain

Wheat	Open	High	Low	Close
September...	1.22 1/2	1.24 1/2	1.22 1/2	1.23 1/2
October...	1.23 1/2	1.25 1/2	1.23 1/2	1.24 1/2
November...	1.24 1/2	1.26 1/2	1.24 1/2	1.25 1/2
December...	1.25 1/2	1.27 1/2	1.25 1/2	1.26 1/2
January...	1.26 1/2	1.28 1/2	1.26 1/2	1.27 1/2
February...	1.27 1/2	1.29 1/2	1.27 1/2	1.28 1/2
March...	1.28 1/2	1.30 1/2	1.28 1/2	1.29 1/2
April...	1.29 1/2	1.31 1/2	1.29 1/2	1.30 1/2
May...	1.30 1/2	1.32 1/2	1.30 1/2	1.31 1/2
June...	1.31 1/2	1.33 1/2	1.31 1/2	1.32 1/2
July...	1.32 1/2	1.34 1/2	1.32 1/2	1.33 1/2
August...	1.33 1/2	1.35 1/2	1.33 1/2	1.34 1/2
September...	1.34 1/2	1.36 1/2	1.34 1/2	1.35 1/2
October...	1.35 1/2	1.37 1/2	1.35 1/2	1.36 1/2
November...	1.36 1/2	1.38 1/2	1.36 1/2	1.37 1/2
December...	1.37 1/2	1.39 1/2	1.37 1/2	1.38 1/2
January...	1.38 1/2	1.40 1/2	1.38 1/2	1.39 1/2
February...	1.39 1/2	1.41 1/2	1.39 1/2	1.40 1/2
March...	1.40 1/2	1.42 1/2	1.40 1/2	1.41 1/2
April...	1.41 1/2	1.43 1/2	1.41 1/2	1.42 1/2
May...	1.42 1/2	1.44 1/2	1.42 1/2	1.43 1/2
June...	1.43 1/2	1.45 1/2	1.43 1/2	1.44 1/2
July...	1.44 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.44 1/2	1.45 1/2
August...	1.45 1/2	1.47 1/2	1.45 1/2	1.46 1/2
September...	1.46 1/2	1.48 1/2	1.46 1/2	1.47 1/2
October...	1.47 1/2	1.49 1/2	1.47 1/2	1.48 1/2
November...	1.48 1/2	1.50 1/2	1.48 1/2	1.49 1/2
December...	1.49 1/2	1.51 1/2	1.49 1/2	1.50 1/2
January...	1.50 1/2	1.52 1/2	1.50 1/2	1.51 1/2
February...	1.51 1/2	1.53 1/2	1.51 1/2	1.52 1/2
March...	1.52 1/2	1.54 1/2	1.52 1/2	1.53 1/2
April...	1.53 1/2	1.55 1/2	1.53 1/2	1.54 1/2
May...	1.54 1/2	1.56 1/2	1.54 1/2	1.55 1/2
June...	1.55 1/2	1.57 1/2	1.55 1/2	1.56 1/2
July...	1.56 1/2	1.58 1/2	1.56 1/2	1.57 1/2
August...	1.57 1/2	1.59 1/2	1.57 1/2	1.58 1/2
September...	1.58 1/2	1.60 1/2	1.58 1/2	1.59 1/2
October...	1.59 1/2	1.61 1/2	1.59 1/2	1.60 1/2
November...	1.60 1/2	1.62 1/2	1.60 1/2	1.61 1/2
December...	1.61 1/2	1.63 1/2	1.61 1/2	1.62 1/2
January...	1.62 1/2	1.64 1/2	1.62 1/2	1.63 1/2
February...	1.63 1/2	1.65 1/2	1.63 1/2	1.64 1/2
March...	1.64 1/2	1.66 1/2	1.64 1/2	1.65 1/2
April...	1.65 1/2	1.67 1/2	1.65 1/2	1.66 1/2
May...	1.66 1/2	1.68 1/2	1.66 1/2	1.67 1/2
June...	1.67 1/2	1.69 1/2	1.67 1/2	1.68 1/2
July...	1.68 1/2	1.70 1/2	1.68 1/2	1.69 1/2
August...	1.69 1/2	1.71 1/2	1.69 1/2	1.70 1/2
September...	1.70 1/2	1.72 1/2	1.70 1/2	1.71 1/2
October...	1.71 1/2	1.73 1/2	1.71 1/2	1.72 1/2
November...	1.72 1/2	1.74 1/2	1.72 1/2	1.73 1/2
December...	1.73 1/2	1.75 1/2	1.73 1/2	1.74 1/2
January...	1.74 1/2	1.76 1/2	1.74 1/2	1.75 1/2
February...	1.75 1/2	1.77 1/2	1.75 1/2	1.76 1/2
March...	1.76 1/2	1.78 1/2	1.76 1/2	1.77 1/2
April...	1.77 1/2	1.79 1/2	1.77 1/2	1.78 1/2
May...	1.78 1/2	1.80 1/2	1.78 1/2	1.79 1/2
June...	1.79 1/2	1.81 1/2	1.79 1/2	1.80 1/2
July...	1.80 1/2	1.82 1/2	1.80 1/2	1.81 1/2
August...	1.81 1/2	1.83 1/2	1.81 1/2	1.82 1/2
September...	1.82 1/2	1.84 1/2	1.82 1/2	1.83 1/2
October...	1.83 1/2	1.85 1/2	1.83 1/2	1.84 1/2
November...	1.84 1/2	1.86 1/2	1.84 1/2	1.85 1/2
December...	1.85 1/2	1.87 1/2	1.85 1/2	1.86 1/2
January...	1.86 1/2	1.88 1/2	1.86 1/2	1.87 1/2
February...	1.87 1/2	1.89 1/2	1.87 1/2	1.88 1/2
March...	1.88 1/2	1.90 1/2	1.88 1/2	1.89 1/2
April...	1.89 1/2	1.91 1/2	1.89 1/2	1.90 1/2
May...	1.90 1/2	1.92 1/2	1.90 1/2	1.91 1/2
June...	1.91 1/2	1.93 1/2	1.91 1/2	1.92 1/2
July...	1.92 1/2	1.94 1/2	1.92 1/2	1.93 1/2
August...	1.93 1/2	1.95 1/2	1.93 1/2	1.94 1/2
September...	1.94 1/2	1.96 1/2	1.94 1/2	1.95 1/2
October...	1.95 1/2	1.97 1/2	1.95 1/2	1.96 1/2
November...	1.96 1/2	1.98 1/2	1.96 1/2	1.97 1/2
December...	1.97 1/2	1.99 1/2	1.97 1/2	1.98 1/2
January...	1.98 1/2	2.00 1/2	1.98 1/2	1.99 1/2
February...	1.99 1/2	2.01 1/2	1.99 1/2	2.00 1/2
March...	2.00 1/2	2.02 1/2	2.00 1/2	2.01 1/2
April...	2.01 1/2	2.03 1/2	2.01 1/2	2.02 1/2
May...	2.02 1/2	2.04 1/2	2.02 1/2	2.03 1/2
June...	2.03 1/2	2.05 1/2	2.03 1/2	2.04 1/2
July...	2.04 1/2	2.06 1/2	2.04 1/2	2.05 1/2
August...	2.05 1/2	2.07 1/2	2.05 1/2	2.06 1/2
September...	2.06 1/2	2.08 1/2	2.06 1/2	2.07 1/2
October...	2.07 1/2	2.09 1/2	2.07 1/2	2.08 1/2
November...	2.08 1/2	2.10 1/2	2.08 1/2	2.09 1/2
December...	2.09 1/2	2.11 1/2	2.09 1/2	2.10 1/2
January...	2.10 1/2	2.12 1/2	2.10 1/2	2.11 1/2
February...	2.11 1/2	2.13 1/2	2.11 1/2	2.12 1/2
March...	2.12 1/2	2.14 1/2	2.12 1/2	2.13 1/2
April...	2.13 1/2	2.15 1/2	2.13 1/2	2.14 1/2
May...	2.14 1/2	2.16 1/2	2.14 1/2	2.15 1/2
June...	2.15 1/2	2.17 1/2	2.15 1/2	2.16 1/2
July...	2.16 1/2	2.18 1/2	2.16 1/2	2.17 1/2
August...	2.17 1/2	2.19 1/2	2.17 1/2	2.18 1/2
September...	2.18 1/2	2.20 1/2	2.18 1/2	2.19 1/2
October...	2.19 1/2	2.21 1/2	2.19 1/2	2.20 1/2
November...	2.20 1/2	2.22 1/2	2.20 1/2	2.21 1/2
December...	2.21 1/2	2.23 1/2	2.21 1/2	2.22 1/2
January...	2.22 1/2	2.24 1/2	2.22 1/2	2.23 1/2
February...	2.23 1/2	2.25 1/2	2.23 1/2	2.24 1/2
March...	2.24 1/2	2.26 1/2	2.24 1/2	2.25 1/2
April...	2.25 1/2	2.27 1/2	2.25 1/2	2.26 1/2
May...	2.26 1/2	2.28 1/2	2.26 1/2	2.27 1/2
June...	2.27 1/2	2.29 1/2	2.27 1/2	2.28 1/2
July...	2.28 1/2	2.30 1/2	2.28 1/2	2.29 1/2
August...	2.29 1/2	2.31 1/2	2.29 1/2	2.30 1/2
September...	2.30 1/2	2.32 1/2	2.30 1/2	2.31 1/2
October...	2.31 1/2	2.33 1/2	2.31 1/2	2.32 1/2
November...	2.32 1/2	2.34 1/2	2.32 1/2	2.33 1/2
December...	2.33 1/2	2.35 1/2	2.33 1/2	2.34 1/2
January...	2.34 1/2	2.36 1/2	2.34 1/2	2.35 1/2
February...	2.35 1/2	2.37 1/2	2.35 1/2	2.36 1/2
March...	2.36 1/2	2.38 1/2	2.36 1/2	2.37 1/2
April...	2.37 1/2	2.39 1/2	2.37 1/2	2.38 1/2
May...	2.38 1/2	2.40 1/2	2.38 1/2	2.39 1/2
June...	2.39 1/2	2.41 1/2	2.39 1/2	2.40 1/2
July...	2.40 1/2	2.42 1/2	2.40 1/2	2.41 1/2
August...	2.41 1/2	2.43 1/2	2.41 1/2	2.42 1/2
September...	2.42 1/2	2.44 1/2	2.42 1/2	2.43 1/2
October...	2.43 1/2	2.45 1/2	2.43 1/2	2.44 1/2
November...	2.44 1/2	2.46 1/2	2.44 1/2	2.45 1/2
December...	2.45 1/2	2.47 1/2	2.45 1/2	2.46 1/2
January...	2.46 1/2	2.48 1/2	2.46 1/2	2.47 1/2
February...	2.47 1/2	2.49 1/2	2.47 1/2	2.48 1/2
March...	2.48 1/2	2.50 1/2	2.48 1/2	2.49 1/2
April...	2.49 1/2	2.51 1/2	2.49 1/2	2.50 1/2
May...	2.50 1/2	2.52 1/2	2.50 1/2	2.51 1/2
June...	2.51 1/2	2.53 1/2	2.51 1/2	2.52 1/2
July...	2.52 1/2	2.54 1/2	2.52 1/2	2.53 1/2
August...	2.53 1/2	2.55 1/2	2.53 1/2	2.54 1/2
September...	2.54 1/2	2.56 1/2	2.54 1/2	2.55 1/2
October...	2.55 1/2	2.57 1/2	2.55 1/2	2.56 1/2
November...	2.56 1/2	2.58 1/2	2.56 1/2	2.57 1/2
December...	2.57 1/2	2.59 1/2	2.57 1/2	2.58 1/2
January...	2.58 1/2	2.60 1/2	2.58 1/2	2.59 1/2
February...	2.59 1/2	2.61 1/2	2.59 1/2	2.60 1/2
March...	2.60 1/2	2.62 1/2	2.60 1/2	2.61 1/2
April...	2.61 1/2	2.63 1/2	2.61 1/2	2.62 1/2
May...	2.62 1/2	2.64 1/2	2.62 1/2	2.63 1/2
June...	2.63 1/2	2.65 1/2	2.63 1/2	2.64 1/2
July...	2.64 1/2	2.66 1/2	2.64 1/2	2.65 1/2
August...	2.65 1/2	2.67 1/2	2.65 1/2	2.66 1/2
September...	2.66 1/2	2.68 1/2	2.66 1/2	2.67 1/2
October...	2.67 1/2	2.69 1/2	2.67 1/2	2.68 1/2
November...	2.68 1/2	2.70 1/2	2.68 1/2	2.69 1/2
December...	2.69 1/2	2.71 1/2	2.69 1/2	2.70 1/2
January...	2.70 1/2	2.72 1/2	2.70 1/2	2.71 1/2
February...	2.71 1/2	2.73 1/2	2.71 1/2	2.72 1/2
March...	2.72 1/2	2.74 1/2	2.72 1/2	2.73 1/2
April...	2.73 1/2	2.75 1/2	2.73 1/2	2.74 1/2
May...	2.74 1/2	2.76 1/2	2.74 1/2	2.75 1/2
June...	2.75 1/2	2.77 1/2	2.75 1/2	2.76 1/2
July...	2.76 1/2	2.78 1/2	2.76 1/2	2.77 1/2
August...	2.77 1/2	2.79 1/2	2.77 1/2	2.78 1/2
September...	2.78 1/2	2.80 1/2	2.78 1/2	2.79

Capt. Bunker To Head Naval Medical Center

Capt. Charles W. O. Bunker, veteran Navy surgeon, yesterday was assigned to command the National Naval Medical Center at Bethesda, and was promoted to rear admiral at the same time.



BUNKER, who has been head of the Naval Medical School at Annapolis, succeeds Rear Admiral Charles M. Oman, who goes to Harri-

man, N. Y., as commanding officer of the Naval Convalescent Hospital.

Capt. Paul W. Wilson relieves Bunker as commander of the Naval Medical School at Bethesda. At the same time, President Roosevelt nominated Rear Admiral Arthur S. Carpenter, who holds an undisclosed post at sea, to be a vice admiral, and elevated eight other Navy captains to rear admiral ranks.

Assistant Chiefs Named
The latter included Capt. Dallas C. Sutton, commander of the Norfolk Naval Hospital and a Washingtonian, and the assistant chiefs of seven important bureaus of offices. Those advanced to rear admiral include:

Louis E. Denfield, assistant chief, Bureau of Naval Personnel; Ralph E. Davidson, assistant chief, Bureau of Aeronautics; Theodore D. Rud-

dock, jr., assistant chief, Bureau of Ordnance; Luther Sheldon, jr., assistant chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery; William J. Carter, assistant chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts; Lewis B. Combs, assistant chief, Bureau of Yards and Docks; and Leslie E. Bratton, retired, assistant judge advocate general of the Navy.

The President also nominated Col. Caleb V. Haynes, commander of the China Bomber Command, for the rank of brigadier general.

The new head of the Naval Medical Center is an Iowa who entered the Navy in 1907. A graduate of the Cornell University Medical School, he served with the Atlantic Transport Service during the last war.

Tests Completed, Bids for Building 'Seamobile' Asked

Government-owned "Cargoes Incorporated" has completed tests and has asked for bids for construction of a full-scale model of the "seamobile," a modified version of the "sea otter," shallow-draft cargo ship described as being virtually immune to torpedo attack.

President Roosevelt made this disclosure in his report to Congress yesterday on lend-lease expenditures to the end of August. He said lend-lease money was being used for many "special projects," among them experimenting with the seamobile.

Selective Service Fast Achieving Goal of Biggest Army in U. S. History

SELECTIVE, From Page 1.
of 1942. But that will only be a starter.

Capitol Hill believes the Army ultimately will total somewhere around 9 or 10 million men, making it roughly comparable to the German army before it launched its costly attack on Russia.

city that "10 to 13 million" Americans might be mobilized.) The same sources are talking about a million-man Navy this time, a force more than double that of 1918. That figure, or one even larger, would seem to be logical in view of what is taking place—the

Ex-Envoy Grew Calls on U. S. To 'Stop Groping'

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 14 (P. M.)—Former Ambassador Joseph C. Grew, asserting that "the ruthless will which is driving the Japanese nation toward conquest knows neither gentleness nor mercy," called upon America tonight to realize that his war "is the real thing, played for keeps."

"Today we face the greatest task in history," said Grew in addressing employees of the giant Remington Arms Co. plant here at a dinner marking presentation of the Army-Navy "E."

"An easy transformation is not enough. Our effort must be an extraordinary one—one which exceeds anything that we have undertaken heretofore. This is war to the finish."

"The Japanese understand this—peasants as well as admirals and generals. They have gambled everything on their belief that we are too soft, too divided among ourselves, to stand before the fury of their attack—indeed a furious attack."

building up of a two-ocean Navy and the spectacular growth of the Navy's air arm.

The Marine Corps already is nearly three times its 1918 size. What the exact figure is now can not be disclosed, but it is permissible to say that the Leathernecks are at least 150,000 strong and growing—this in contrast to the 54,690 in the last war.

Getting back to the Army, nothing could better dramatize its size, and the vast proportions of its mission, than to cite the goal of the Army Air Forces.

These forces under Lieut. Gen. Henry H. Arnold are scheduled to be a million strong by the end of 1942. By the end of 1943 they are expected to be two million strong—a force virtually as large as the whole A. E. F. in 1918.

Some Ask Definite Goal

It has been argued that the Army general staff should decide right now what the size of the Army is to be, and thus make it possible to work out an orderly program whereby manpower could be apportioned between the armed services and the war industries.

Whether General Marshall has decided on some specific figure is not known. If he has, however, and if it turns out to be anywhere near the exact figure needed, he will be something of a miracle man.

In the summer of 1918, the Army sharply increased its calls for draftees. There appeared to be good reason for its action, for the German army was aiming one of its most ferocious drives in the direction of Paris. As it turned out, that was the Kaiser's last bid for victory.

When the war ended, a few months later, only about half of the American Army had been sent to France. Did that mean that the two million still at home had been wasted? To say so would be extremely unrealistic. Those two million soldiers existed; they were pointed for France; they constituted a powerful reserve for the Yanks Gen. John J. Pershing

already had facing the German lines. All this was well known to Von Ludendorff and Von Hindenburg, and it undoubtedly helped persuade them that the game was up.

General Marshall's worry in this titanic struggle will not be that he will have too many soldiers, but that he will not have enough. He knows that the United States, besides being the "Arsenal of the Democracies," will have to produce the fighting men to weight the scales for victory.

Russia alone cannot beat Germany, otherwise she would not now be clamoring for a "second front." The most that has been hoped for from Russia was that her Red army would be able to hold and punish the Wehrmacht until the Allies could land a counterblow.

Britain can't beat Germany alone, and has never pretended that she could.

The same goes for China in her war with Japan. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's heroic soldiers have now tied up the Japanese for more than five years, draining much of their strength. No Chinese, however, believes that the coup de grace can be delivered without American aid.

The comparison between the task that faced the United States in 1917-18 and the one that faces her now is an awesome one. Twenty-

five years ago there was one major front—that in Europe. In traveling thereto, American soldiers landed on the friendly soil of France, and a year or more passed before they were sent into battle.

This time the Yanks, at least in the preliminary stages, will have to fight their way up the French beaches. And when they start across the continent for Berlin, they will find a line far more formidable than the Hindenburg line of 1918. They will find that the Germans have reversed the guns in the Maginot Line and have extended that line all the way to the English Channel—something the French, to their sorrow, failed to do.

In 1917-18 Japan was arrayed on the side of the Allies. That meant that the United States Fleet could be concentrated in the Atlantic. It meant also that the Army could strip its garrisons in Hawaii, the Philippines and Alaska.

This time Japan is an enemy—an ugly one, too—and the result is that our Navy is split up. The Philippines have been conquered by the Japs, and a sizable number of Americans taken prisoner. The islands must be reconquered. Hawaii and Alaska, far from being stripped of their garrisons, have had to be reinforced on a large scale.

The bulk of our Army is, of course, being sent to the British

Isles for, as President Roosevelt said, "the power of Germany must be broken on the battlefields of Europe."

But in the meantime we are compelled to post American forces at a dozen or more other strategic points—Iceland, Greenland, Newfoundland, the Caribbean area, South America, French Africa, the Belgian Congo, Egypt and the whole Middle East area, India, China, Australia, New Zealand and the Solomon Islands.

That is why the Selective Service System is beginning to dig deep into America's homes, farms and factories, and why it will continue to dig deep until the victory is won.

(Another article on the Selective Service will appear in The Post tomorrow.)



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FOR VICTORY—FOR YOUR FUTURE—BUY WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

The Washington Post

****X TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1942 1B

But the Trip Cost Gas—Tires

Milwaukee, Sept. 14 (AP).—Domestic differences did not blind the Patrick I. Sheas to the necessity of conserving tires. So, with their lawyers, they rode in one car to Wisconsin Rapids for an appearance in divorce court. After their marital ties were cut, they returned in the same manner. After all, it's patriotic to share the ride.

Tenants Call Greenway Rents Unfair

Cite Comparative Figures in Similar Apartment Units in District Area

The rent controversy flared again yesterday as tenants of the Greenway housing development—objecting to a petition by Morris Cafritz, owner, to establish rents at ceilings "fixed by the Rent Control Act"—told the office of the rent control administrator they were paying fees disproportionate to those charged for similar units in other parts of the District.

The hearings, begun on August 11, were resumed yesterday after a recess of several weeks. Counsel for tenants spent yesterday in presenting comparisons of Greenway units with other housing projects, including Kaywood Gardens, Colonial Village and Brentwood Village. They were questioned by W. C. Burt, attorney for the tenants, and cross-examined by Cafritz's attorney, John Wilson.

Cafritz, restating his petition for higher rents in the newer Greenway unit, said last night that he was seeking a change of rental ceilings established for the first unit—"constructed before the increase in building and construction costs—to standards fixed by the Rent Control Act."

He said rents in the original group of buildings averaged about \$46 to \$52. When the new group was added, he said, "we realized we could not rent them at the same price as the first apartments."

Cafritz said his petition envisioned maximum rents ranging from \$33 for a 3 1/2 room unit to \$63 for a 4 1/2 room unit.

Arland T. Christensen, Greenway tenant, said at the hearing that families offered for \$53.50 in Colonial Village were more adequate than similar units at Greenway. He asserted that the Greenway management "apparently anticipated" his intention to apply for rental adjustment "because when I asked other people about the rents they were paying to get information for my application, they wouldn't talk for fear their rents would be raised."

Attorney Wilson objected to the statement and described it as "childish."

Comparing Rentals

Robert Marshall compared Greenway rentals with those at Kaywood Gardens and Brentwood Village and said he believed his petition should be lowered from \$51.50 to \$47.50. He admitted to Wilson on cross-examination, however, that he had no desire to break his lease.

"You don't want to leave the impression that all comparable one-bedroom apartments in the District are priced at less than \$50," Wilson challenged.

"No, I know there are some that rent for more than \$50, but whether they are comparable with Greenway I don't know," the witness replied. Other witnesses were Sidney Binder and Thomas H. Evans, Greenway.

The hearings are expected to be concluded this week.

Yesterday on the Home Front . . .



POLICEMAN BUYS \$200 WAR BOND—Outside the Earle Theater yesterday Roxettes in red, white and blue sold war bonds to passers-by. Betty Thompson (left), a Victory girl, and Roxette Eileen Ritter corner Sgt. Wilber C. Lewis of the Traffic Bureau who was assigned to duty at the bond booth. He bought \$200 worth of bonds.

Bond Wagon, Army Show Raise Hubbub

There was a double-barreled commotion on behalf of the war effort in and around Post Square yesterday that left hep-cats limp and old showmen scratching their heads and reflecting that they'd never seen such a line of people buying tickets to a show.

The line, forming at 4 a. m.—the box office opened five hours later—was out for first choice of seats at "This Is the Army," all-soldier revue to open at the National Theater September 22 for a two weeks' run.

It was the first of two great crowds bulging in and around the square. The second, estimated at 1500, jammed in at 1:30 p. m. for the Bond Wagon program, with Gene Krupa and orchestra appearing.

Bill Herson, master of ceremonies, asked the 1500 to buy bonds. "Our President has requested your support. Our soldiers need it," he said. A citizen clambered down from his advantageous perch high up around Boss Shepherd's bronze collar on the laundered monument and went to the window where bonds were being sold.

At the other window, emergency house in the Square, where "This Is the Army" tickets are sold, the line, as wide as the wide sidewalk, pressed as far east as Thirteenth Street. Earlier in the day it wound itself around the triangular park, out to buy tickets priced from \$16.50, orchestra on the opening night, down to the minimum \$1.10 matinee seats. An ambulance carried one man away. He was in a swoon.

The line didn't slack all day. There was never under 1000 persons in the crush, it was estimated officially.

High-ranking Army and Navy officers stepped on the heels of buck privates from Thirteenth Street to the ticket counter. The day-long unending trek was reminiscent of nothing in fairly recent Washington experience besides the all-night vigil kept by bleacherites at Griffith Stadium in 1924 for Washington's first World Series.

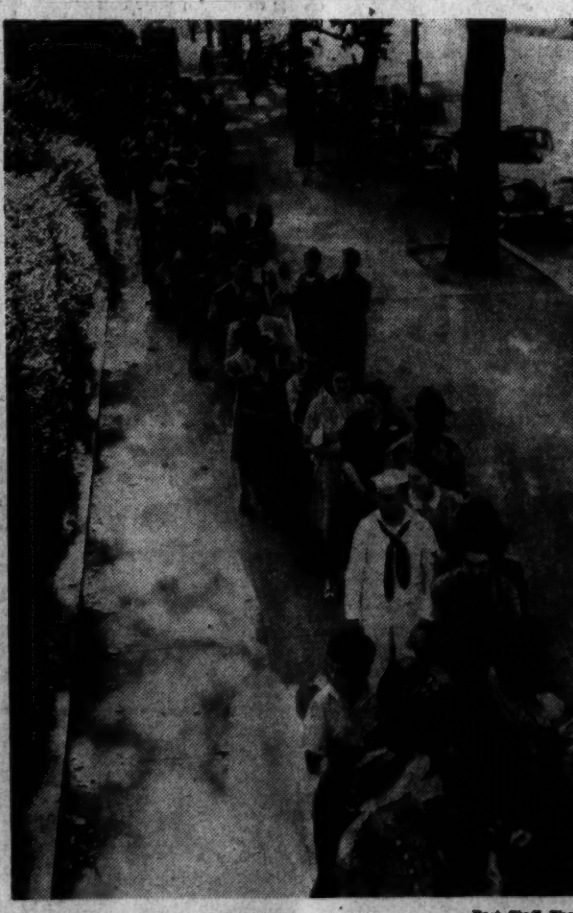
At 4 a. m. when the starlings shake themselves loose from the old Postoffice Building clock, it all started. At 5 p. m. an estimated 3000 persons had obtained tickets. First at the counter was Harlan Castle, who came here from Hannibal, Mo., to work in the Adjutant General's office of the War Department. The impulse was because he had always occupied the same seat in the second balcony on every opening night at the National during the past five years. He got the seat. The second in line said he was Stanley Solomon, out to buy 10 tickets for his uncles and aunts. He put matters off, however, until 6:30 a. m. The two were joined by 50 others at 7 a. m. The line hurried may know that box office hours, daily, are 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

40 D. C. Selectees To End Furloughs, Leave for Training

Forty men will report for duty tomorrow after a 14-day furlough, the Selective Service Board announced yesterday. They are:



ON THE "BOND WAGON" BEAM as Gene Krupa and his orchestra played yesterday in Post Square were Victor Devokos and Beverly Berk.



IN LINE FOR TICKETS to the "This Is the Army" are some of the thousands who began forming at the information booth in Post Square as early as 4 a. m.

Association Urges Facilities Increase at Circle Terminal

Increased facilities for handling larger crowds at the Barney Circle Bus Terminal—before the terminal is made a transfer point for the W. M. & A. shuttle service were urged by the Southeast Business Men's Association last night.

The action was taken as the result of a proposal made by ODT to make the terminal a transfer point. It was pointed out that 21,000 people transfer at the terminal daily.

Realty Tax Exemption Bill Studied

Owners of Property Used for Religious Purposes Ask to Be Relieved of Payment

Hearings on the bill to amend District laws relating to tax exemption on property used for educational, religious and scientific purposes will be continued this morning with witnesses present from Brookings Institution, the National Geographic Society and Georgetown University.

Representative Hunter (Democrat) of Ohio, chairman of the fiscal subcommittee of the House District Committee, who is presiding at the meetings, said they would be continued for still another day with District officials present. Tentatively, he said, the final meeting would be on Wednesday.

Yesterday the subcommittee heard seven witnesses, all except one asking for a more "liberal" exemption policy than has been promised by District Budget Officer Walter Fowler. That one "witness" was John D. Bradley of the Free Thinkers of America, who said his group believed property used for religious purposes should be taxed to insure complete religious freedom and separation of church and state.

Daniel W. O'Donohue, Jr., representing a group of Catholic schools and Providence Hospital, suggested that the proposed bill be amended in regard to land held for future expansion. He said that if the land were used for profit taxes on it were not objectionable, but that he thought the institution holding land from which no profit was returned should have the privilege of applying to the tax assessor for exemption.

If the land ever should be sold, under his proposal, the District then could collect back taxes on it up to possibly 50 per cent of its sale price. He pointed to the increased cost of operating hospitals, which he said were putting up a "real battle for survival."

"The C. I. O. probably is going to organize the help of Washington hospitals within the next few months. That, coupled with the increased insurance they now have to carry for nurses and other employees, makes their financial situation very difficult," he declared.

He questioned the wisdom of allowing private educational institutions now more tax-exempt land for recreational purposes than was provided for public schools. The orphans in St. Joseph School and Home, for instance, he said, live at the institution. Although their campus is large, it is all utilized, he declared, one part of it being used for a playground to which the public has access.

Dr. E. F. Kelly, secretary of the American Pharmaceutical Association, and Dr. Vannevar Bush, president of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, asked exemption for headquarters and laboratory holdings of their groups. Both pointed out that if it taxed they would have to lesson their services "just that much."

Dr. Paul F. Douglass, president of American University, said the Power Committee intended to tax about 60 per cent of the school's campus and pointed to the educational advantages of having a large campus. John W. Stagers and Alice Fowler of the Maret School said the school willingly paid taxes on the building it occupied, but asked exemption for 8 1/2 acres on Cleveland Avenue designed for expansion purposes held in check by the war.

Kuhnert Is Freed At Inquiry Into Fatal Stabbing

Charles Kuhnert, 52, of 79 Rhode Island Avenue Northwest, was exonerated by a coroner's jury yesterday after an inquiry into the fatal stabbing of George X. Dunmore, Negro, 28, of 124 Virginia Avenue Southwest.

The jury decided Kuhnert acted in self defense when he stabbed Dunmore in the heart with a pocket knife last Friday night while the pair were fighting.

According to testimony, Kuhnert and Dunmore became involved in an argument when the Negro bumped the defendant with a gate. During the subsequent fight, it was said, Dunmore struck Kuhnert with a bottle, at which time Kuhnert pulled a knife and slashed at Dunmore.

The latter left the scene and was found dead early Saturday morning in a shed behind 111 Virginia Avenue. Kuhnert surrendered himself at the Fourth Precinct Station.

Hospital Loses a Fair Patient



ACTRESS TAKES LEAVE OF NURSE—Fit once again, Greer Garson, the motion picture actress, bids goodbye to her nurse, Gelardonna Landis, at Doctors Hospital. Miss Garson, who suffered from overwork in a whirlwind war-bond selling tour, left the hospital yesterday after a week's rest and physical checkup.

Torpedoman, Saved by Plasma, To Raise Red Cross 'E' Pennant

A living witness of the excellence of the blood donor service of the American Red Cross, Samuel Kurtz, torpedoman, second class, U. S. N., will raise the Army-Navy "E" pennant over Red Cross national headquarters here today at 5 p. m.

Maj. Gen. James C. Magee, surgeon general of the Army, will present the pennant to Chairman Norman H. Davis of the American Red Cross who will dedicate it to the men and women of America whose eager response to the call for blood donations has led to the success of the project. The blood donor service collected 461,593 pints of blood up to July—about 80,000 pints more than the Armed Forces originally requested. It is now engaged in the task of collecting 2,500,000 pints of blood within the next year, which Army and Navy laboratories will process into plasma and serum albumin.

Torpedoman Kurtz, who lost both legs in the torpedoing of the destroyer "Kearny," will join General Magee and Rear Admiral Ross T. McIntire, surgeon general of the Navy, in a praise for the service which has saved his life and that of many thousands of others. Kurtz was given a dozen blood plasma transfusions, three of them, a rescue vessel which picked up survivors of the "Kearny," and has been recovering from his injuries at the Brooklyn Naval Hospital.

To Announce Donations

Dr. G. Canby Robinson, national director of the Blood Donor Service, will receive the Army-Navy "E" pin from Admiral McIntire. Representative of the 18 donor centers throughout the country will respond to a roll call of honor and will announce the total number of donations made in their district. The District center will be represented by Brig. Gen. Frank R. Keefer, chairman of the District chapter. Arthur S. Lund, manager of the chapter, Dr. Lloyd R. Newhouse, U. S. N. Lieut. Col. Douglas B. Kendrick, Jr., U. S. A., H. R. Evans, U. S. N., and Mrs. Dorothy M. Walton, director of the District blood donor service.

The presentation exercises will be open to the public and also will be broadcast over the Mutual Broadcasting System from 5:05 to 5:30 p. m.

D. C. Plasma Bank Needs More Donors

The Civilian Defense Blood Plasma Bank needs donors to build up to the 2000 250-cc. plasma units considered to be necessary to meet emergencies, it was announced by Civilian Defense headquarters yesterday.

It was emphasized that the bank would be used exclusively for civilians living in the metropolitan area "and your donation may be the means of saving the lives of one of your loved ones, your neighbor or fellow citizen in a time of emergency," defense officials said.

Appointments for blood donations can be made through the office of Dr. John A. Reed, 1018 Thirteenth Street Northwest, and can be made by telephone by calling National 6000 and asking for the Police and Fire Clinic.

Air-Raid Refuge Rooms on Display

A model home displaying four types of ideal air raid precautions and a refuge room, one of two sponsored by the Junior Board of Commerce, will be opened formally at 12:30 p. m. Thursday by Dean James Landis, director of the Office

OPA Gains Time in Gas Rate Fight

Decision by PUC Deferred 10 Days; Legislative Action May Prevent Rise

By Roger Young
Post Staff Writer

Successfully continuing its efforts to stall off decision in the Washington Gas Light Co. hearing for a rate increase until possible passage of the Norris Act to make all utility rate increases subject to OPA approval, the OPA last night gained a 10-day stay to file its briefs in the current PUC hearing.

The intention to forestall action until Congress acts, hitherto implied, was frankly stated in a series of motions put before the commission by Harry R. Booth, representing OPA as intervenor in the gas case. Booth offered the PUC three suggestions for action in the annual sliding scale rate hearing. They were:

Prompt dismissal by the PUC of the entire rate case. Continuance of the case until after Congress has had opportunity to act in the Norris Act. Reconsideration of the entire rate-scale arrangement in light of the stated Government policy. These suggestions were received, without comment by the PUC for consideration.

Counterproposal Filed

As a counterproposal, the gas company filed a plan which had been worked out with PUC counsel and outlined to the Bureau of Internal Revenue. This is to avoid inflationary possibilities that might result from the rate boost by rebating to the consumer whatever revenue might be subject to the excess profits tax.

This plan was called "unfeasible" by Booth, who admitted however, that after three days' study he was unable to understand how it was intended to work. Gregory Hankin, depositor of the gas case, OPA sympathizer on the PUC, said that it was a scheme whereby the gas company could collect higher rates without having to give any of the profit to the government to carry on the war effort.

The hearing was marked with the increased bitterness that has marked each successive session of the month-long hearing. At one point, when PUC Chairman James H. Flanagan objected to one of Hankin's usual disjunctive opinions, Hankin said, "Do you mean that this commissioner has no right to dissent from the opinion of the chairman?"

Accountant Called

Booth called two OPA witnesses to the stand. One of them, Samuel Joseph Flanagan, accountant on loan to the OPA, presented a table to prove by OPA calculation that the gas company, instead of being entitled to the rate raise, was actually due to N. J. rates. This evidence was first stricken from the record as irrelevant, but later at the behest of the company counsels, it was restored.

Booth cited several rate cases in which he had acted as intervenor, to the effect that the petitioning companies were "patriotic enough" to withdraw their rate increase requests. Comptroller objected vigorously to the implications, and Flanagan pointed out that this was not an ordinary rate increase petition but a sliding scale adjustment. At the end of the hearing, endorsement of the OPA argument by the League of Women Shoppers was read into the record by Flanagan.

Judge Neilson To 'Crack Down' on Over-35 Speeders

Judge George D. Neilson of Traffic Court declared from the bench yesterday that he will impose heavy penalties on speeders who violate "Practical" speed limits. He said the Nation's car drivers slow down and save our precious rubber.

Judge Neilson announced the new "crackdown" policy as he heard the case of the Rev. Alfred A. Kunt, 48, of Thoburn, who had been charged Sunday with exceeding the 35-mile-an-hour limit on Rock Creek Parkway.

The clergyman pleaded ignorance of the recently instituted speed limit, and Judge Neilson fined him the minimum of \$5.

"But henceforward," the jurist warned, "this court is going to cooperate to the limit with President Roosevelt's request that the Nation's car drivers slow down and save our precious rubber. Therefore speeders must be prepared to pay far heavier penalties in this court."

The Rubber Committee, headed by Bernard Baruch, last week recommended a Nation-wide speed limit of 35 miles.

Grand Jury to Hear Purse-Snatching Case

Kenneth A. Washington, 25, Negro, of 2555 Seventeenth Street Northwest, was held for grand jury action under \$5000 bond in Municipal Court yesterday on a charge of snatching a purse from Miss Marie Keegan as she was entering the elevator in her apartment house, 1825 New Hampshire Avenue Northwest, at 3 a. m. last Thursday.

Judge John P. McMahon fined \$500 the recommendation of Assistant United States Attorney Sylvan Schwartz, representing the Government in the U. S. branch.

Police said Washington was caught before he could leave the building by Nathaniel Gaynes, a house employee.

Spirit of Fighting China Revealed By Li Ling-Ai, Actress, Producer

By Genevieve Reynolds
The Post Staff Writer

IF VIVACIOUS LI LING-AI, brilliant Chinese motion-picture actress and producer, should meet Rudyard Kipling face to face, she probably would give him a Bronx cheer for his much quoted lines: "Oh, East is East and West is West and never the twain shall meet."

Speaking before members of the American Association of University Women yesterday at their regular weekly tea, she termed that theory the bunk. She definitely believes that the two can meet. About herself she quipped: "I have one foot in America and one in China."

"China is becoming more and more Americanized daily," she said. "The country—a grand old city—is both modern and old-fashioned. It is Shanghai night club, a land of poetry and philosophy, courage, high ideals and spiritual qualities."

As far back as 1900 China has been struggling to become Americanized. This was done deliberately by sending students to the States to be educated, who returned to their native country to teach and interpret life here for those who did not come, according to Miss Ling-ai.

"American and Chinese people have much in common," she averred. "The Chinese people today are like the American pioneers. They have the same love and respect for the land, for honesty and for straightforwardness that the early settlers had here."

"Both countries have the same love for liberty, independence. In China, the man says, 'I am fighting for my bowl of rice; to have it to eat when and where I choose.' Here Americans call it democracy, liberty and freedom. Expressed in different languages, the meaning is essentially the same," the young actress pointed out.

Old-Fashioned View

"Even the women of China are a mixture of the old and the new," explained Miss Ling-ai. "They are modern in the fact that they are companions to their husbands, are educated and now hold down jobs. However, they are old-fashioned to the extent that they make their mates feel they are the superior beings."

While Chinese women were prepared for careers there were few if any openings for their services before World War II. Now, all manpower is mobilized for war, jobs are opening up for the women. Despite the fact that Chinese women work shoulder to shoulder with men in many occupations they are not making the mistake of losing the art of proper artifice, said Miss Ling-ai. They made the mistake of being too aggressive and mannish after World War I.

Proper artifice—translated into every day language—is simply the art of being a woman and exercising the female's prerogative of capturing a man by aboveboard feminine wiles.

To Mme. Chiang Kai-shek, Miss Ling-ai extends the credit for freeing the Chinese women mentally. By her frequent appearances, she has made the Chinese women's appearance in public acceptable.

With a clear, clipped Yankee accent, Miss Ling-ai brought tears to the eyes of her listeners with her account of China's magnificent struggle and the hardships they have endured for five years and are still undergoing without grumbling.

She recalled the fact that the Chinese had built the Burma Road with their bare hands. They broke the steel by soaking it first in hot water then in cold. Citing the fact that more bombs had been dumped on Chinese cities at a time than at Dunkirk, she said the people fought on with a stubborn spirit. She has seen them laughing in the face of danger—bombs falling all around them.

However, Miss Ling-ai's real



Miss Li Ling-ai

story of China today is depicted in a colored motion picture, "Kukan, the Battle Cry of China." The premiere showing will be held tomorrow at Pix Theater. Together with Ralph Scott, an American who threw up a lucrative job, she produced this documentary picture which has been awarded the "Hollywood Academy Award" for the best documentary film.

Backed and financed by no government, party or individual, Miss Ling-ai says the picture, which took over four years to make was shot piece by piece as the money could be obtained.

Born in Hawaii, educated in a school founded by New England missionaries (that accounts for her perfect English and Yankee accent), she went to China to study and produce plays. In Peking, she brought about a renaissance of the old plays by taking the best parts and including much of their content in modern language.

Her brothers came to the United States to study, but Miss Ling-ai,

after travelling in Europe went to China to study.

Alert, witty and full of understanding for the American-Chinese way of life, she is an excellent interpreter for both countries.

Cornered after her speech and asked about her age, she replied: "I am as old as you think and as young as you wish to believe I am."

As a parting shot she commented: "People who do things for themselves will survive this war. That's why both America and China will win."

Doings of the Day

D.C. CONGRESS OF PARENTS AND TEACHERS holds first board meeting of the season, 10 a. m., in the Board Room of the N. E. A. Building. Mrs. Alma Hudson, first vice president, presides in the absence of Mrs. P. C. Elliott, president, who is in George Washington University Hospital recovering from an operation. . . . Li Ling-ai, Chinese motion picture star, is guest speaker at WOMEN'S NATIONAL PRESS CLUB.

Woman's Party Conclave Plans Being Made

The eleventh biennial convention of the National Woman's Party is scheduled for October 23, 24 and 25 in Philadelphia, according to Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, Washington, national chairman of the organization, who today made the first announcement of the features planned for the three-day program.

"The convention will celebrate victory for the equal rights amendment in both judiciary committees," Mrs. Wiley said. "We are meeting this year to plan the procedure which will carry the equal rights amendment through the Seventy-seventh Congress."

Among those who will participate in the program are Mary E. Woolley, president emerita of Mount Holyoke College, who recently became an active member of the National Woman's Party, and other eminent women in the current scene.

A new feature of the convention will be the young adult luncheon on Saturday, October 24. The national chairman of the young adults, Catherine R. Dobbs, will preside.

Mrs. Ellis A. Schnabel, chairman of the Pennsylvania Chapter, and Dr. Arabel Clark, chairman of the Philadelphia Chapter, jointly head the committee on arrangements for the three-day event.

Laura M. Berrien, Washington, noted woman lawyer and treasurer of the National Woman's Party, will preside at the business meeting October 24, when the election of officers will occur.

Party members from several distant States plan to attend.

Plans for Lease-Lend of Army Nurses Revealed by Miss Smellie

IN THE FUTURE there will be a lend-lease of Army nurses among the United Nations for the duration and perhaps the reconstruction postwar era. So predicted Miss Elizabeth Smellie, matron in chief (lieutenant colonel) of the Royal Canadian Army Medical Corps, at a press conference yesterday in the National Press Club Building.

Those nurses exchanged will study nursing methods in the countries to which they are assigned. Also, shortages of nurses will be made up in this manner, according to Colonel Smellie.

No Shortage So Far

"So far there is no shortage of nurses in Canada," she said. "In fact, the waiting list of volunteer nurses for military forces is so long that no recruiting has been necessary to date."

Neither have married nurses been a problem in that country. This, too, goes back to the ample supply of volunteers among the single women. However, Lieutenant Colonel Smellie thinks that as the demand for nurses increases, married nurses may be admitted to the services.

The Marriage Clause

While in Canada there is no military prejudice against married nurses, she pointed out that a clause provided that a nurse must be single or a widow without any children. An unmarried nurse must agree not to wed in less than a year. The C. W. A. C. members must serve six months

before marrying. Those attached to the air corps can take vows whenever they like.

Until last year nurses appointed to the various branches of the Canadian Army Corps held only relative rank. Now they hold actual ranks. However, they are called matron in chief (lieutenant colonel), assistant matron, major, nurses, second lieutenants. As for Miss Smellie, she is matron in chief (corresponds to our superintendent of nurses). Outstanding in her field, she was loaned to Canadian WAAC for preliminary groundwork.

One-Half Serving Abroad

About one-half of the Canadian nurses now are serving abroad. Many are in South Africa at the request of that country's government, according to Miss Smellie. By the way, she says that she gets many names in her work. Sometimes she is called Dr.—she has a LL. D. degree from Western Ontario University. She wears the C. B. E. insignia—Companion of the British Empire—and the decoration of the Royal Red Cross. Mostly, however, she gets the name of sister.

Miss Smellie came to Washington to study Army nursing methods and to attend the Subcommittee on Nursing of the Office of Defense Committee on Health and Welfare Services. Unofficially, she is the guest of Col. Julia Pike, Chief of the Army Nurse Corps.

By the way, her uniform—a

midblue color—is one of the prettiest and most flattering yet seen in a woman's uniform.

Troth Is Told

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brizzi announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lidia Brizzi, to John H. Campbell, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Campbell of Chelvan, W. Va.

The wedding will take place in the early fall.

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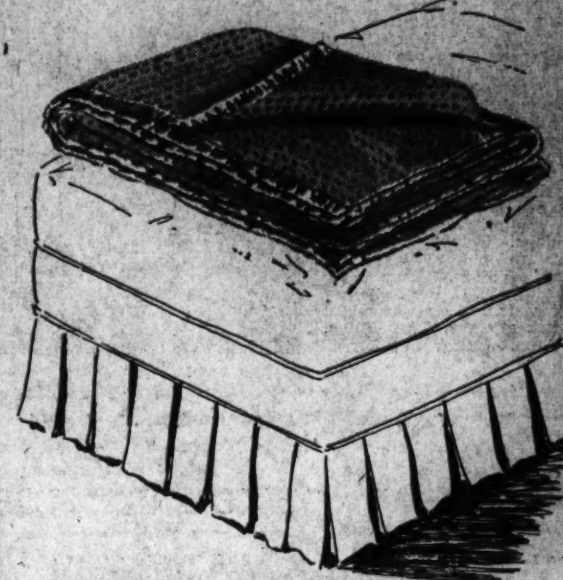
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luxury for yourself . . . a
special, very lovely gift, too

Choose these pure wool throws for their warm comfort on a cool evening, as additional bed covering, for an invalid. Soft, pure wool in an interesting Swiss weave, in lovely colors of rust, peach, gold, green and white. 72x84 inches. . . . \$8.50

BEDWEAR, FIFTH FLOOR

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

Store Hours 9:30 to 6:15 Thursdays, 12:30 to 9



Pretty-precious Pure Silk Slip

Rapturous to possess—this pure silk satin, beautifully fitted slip with its blithe young cotton eyelet trim. Incidentally, the eyelet embroidery is a Swiss import—to make your slip even more of a treasure. Exquisite pink or magnolia white \$7.95—sizes 32 to 38.

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WOODWARD & LOTHROP

Store Hours—9:30 to 6:15
Thursdays—12:30 to 9

cranberry

"clear, tart
new color
for autumn"



You saw it featured in "Vogue"—you find it at Woodward & Lothrop, this glowing new "Color Guild" choice to enliven your dresses and your accessories. From the Cranberry crop:

Softly shirred Cranberry calfskin envelope bag. . . \$15

Pandora's Cranberry suede "Trafalgar" pump. \$15.95

Hand-sewn Cranberry cotton pull-on gloves—four-button length. . . \$2.25

Cranberry wool jersey dress with strawberry-pink to the fore. . . \$19.95

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Cranberry fur felt hat—towering crown. \$22.50

Cranberry-colored plastic stones in a garland necklace. . . \$13

Earrings. Pair. . . \$5

Prices plus 10% tax

Helena Rubinstein's "Cochinelle," a cranberry red—for your lipstick. \$1.50

Nail polish, 60c; Rouge, \$1

All plus 10% tax

Krinkle-knit scarf—75% wool, 25% rayon. \$2.25

Cranberry wool dress—a marvel of "backlog" simplicity. . . \$29.75

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GENUINE ALLIGATOR!

For more mileage, longer service and sleek lines . . . choose these versatile pumps in Brown or Red.

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(“ACEY DUCEY”)

Chess 1.00 to 2.50
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Chinese Solitaire 75
Peg Solitaire . . . 2.00
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REAL SOUTHERN FLAVOR

Duke's
HOME MADE
MAYONNAISE
A SOUTHERN
HOUSEWIFE'S RECIPE

Christmas Is 86 Days Earlier This Year!

By Jeanne Contini

No, Mr. Roosevelt is not upsetting another tradition; December 25 will still be Christmas Day, and people with faith and hope and good will, will once again celebrate the day that dwarfs the Hitler of the world.

But in order for you to show the home-front spirit to your men overseas SHOP EARLY—MAIL EARLY—MAKE SENSE.

The Postmaster General has issued an order with a mailing deadline of October 1 to November 1 and he knows what he's talking about. He didn't just pick a number!

You'll be a better patriot if you plan your mailing for October 1 instead of the later date—after all, you should keep in mind the fact that our ships must also carry a few other items—like tanks and guns!

Procrastination will Miss the Boat.

So DO IT NOW. We mentioned SENSE—here's a make-believe letter that illustrates our point:

Passed by Censor

S O S TO SANTA

September 12.

Dear Santa: Christmas in September is a funny thing. But us boys down here in (censored) realize what you're up against this year—what with submarines, bombers, and what-not to make your trip across the ocean tough.

It's not what's sitting under the apple tree—it's what's under the Christmas tree we boys are thinking about. So a bunch of us got together and made up a list to kind of help you out. So you won't end up by bringing something that'll be as much count as a Mexican jumping bean on a pursuit plane.

You can't miss if it's a WHIST WATCH—Waterproof if possible. CIGARETTE LIGHTER—Windproof please. SEWING KIT—With regulation colored thread and needles we can see. SHOE-SHINE KIT—And remember we're not wearing dancing pumps. PEN AND PENCIL SET—Man size preferred. STATIONERY—Not fancy—just plenty.

CIGARETTES—And you know my brand. Now Joe here is dying to say something, so I'll let him in on this.

Pop, take it from me, I'm no writer. But I know the Army, Navy, and postoffice regulations and some things is strictly tabu to send. You don't want to make some awful mistakes, so the cap. gave me this list for you. You better forget these: CLOTHING. COOKIES (dis is a crummy gift).

ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

(on account of the current). INTOXICANTS (he makes me put this in).

INFLAMMABLE MATERIALS.

CAMERA.

Well, that's the story. Saint Nick. Just want to add that you should wrap them up tight and solid and get them on your sled in October—otherwise they might never get here for Christmas. Remember if you bring anything over 6 pounds, you'll break not only our hearts but our backs!

And this is something sort of personal I'd like to slip in. When you stop by Marge's house would you mind telling her to send her picture—the one that looks right at you?

Cordially yours,

SERGT. UNITED STATES.

Culinary Hints

Use paper cups in preparing individual portions of frozen foods. Salads and desserts may then be served in the cases or unmolded.

A bushel of pears or peaches will produce about fifteen quarts if the fruit is canned in halves.

If dark or light brown sugar is too hard to measure, heat it in the oven, then measure it quickly while it is soft. Store it in the refrigerator or bread box, where it will remain soft.

Chopped ham may be added to waffle batter and served with pineapple-orange sauce.

OFFICIAL DO'S—DONT'S

TIME OF MAILING: October 1 to November 1.

Not more than one package per week may be mailed by any one person to the same addressee.

WEIGHT AND SIZE: You are urged to cooperate by keeping the weight down to six pounds per package. However, maximum weight must not exceed 11 pounds. Length must not exceed 18 inches or 42 inches in length and girth combined. A shoe-box size is just about right.

MARKINGS: Should be endorsed, "Christmas Parcel." May be marked "Do not open until Christmas." The name and address of the sender should be in the right-hand corner.

Parcels for Army personnel should show the name, rank, Army serial number, branch of service, organization, A. P. O. number of the addressee and postoffice through which the parcels are to be routed.

Parcels for Naval personnel should show name, rank, or rating of the addressee and the naval unit to which he is assigned, or name of ship, and postoffice through which the parcels are to be routed.

Parcels for members of the United States Marine Corps should show the rank or rating, full name and United States Marine Corps Unit No. —; c/o Postmaster, New York, N. Y., or San Francisco, Calif. (as instructed by correspondent).

WRAPPING: All articles must be packed in substantial boxes or containers and be covered with wrappers of sufficient strength to resist pressure of other mail.

Star Garbs

Hollywood, where fabulous means normal and colossal means run-of-the-mill, has suddenly gone very broad and butter. Without warning, Adrian declares that the one quality he insists on in the glamour clothes he makes is that they dry clean. A startling statement to come out of the cinema city and a sign of the times.

Orange Flavor

A little grated orange rind in chocolate frosting gives a grand new flavor for white or devil's food cake.

Hot Tomato Sandwich

Spread sandwich paste on tomato slices, brown them and slip them onto hot buttered toast. Pass salad dressing and pickles.



Mrs. Mabelle Clark, assistant director of the Women's Battalion organized by the D. C. Recreation Department, enrolls

Shirley Krapf, 3800 Military Road, and Nancy Wilkinson, 1419 Columbia Road, Northwest.

'Women's Battalion' Ready On Minute's Notice

By Cora L. Thorpe

"Quintico calling D. C. Recreation Department, Person to person call. Marine Barrack for Richard S. Tennyson," came the voice of telephone operator over Extension 3, Adams 2050, the Recreation line.

"Richard Tennyson speaking" came the prompt rejoinder of the assistant superintendent of the District of Columbia Recreation Department, as he lifted almost simultaneously the receiver of his desk telephone.

"Recreation officer, United States Marine Barracks, Quintico," announced a voice with an unmistakable note of urgency. "A detachment of our men is leaving—well—the right kind of a sendoff, you know. Lots of girls—say 500. Can it be arranged?"

A Rush Order

It was Thursday afternoon. That meant possibly 48 hours, 500 girls, their selection, notification, transportation.

"Certainly!" responded the director without hesitation, as he replaced the receiver on its hook. Buzz, buzz, rang the telephone again.

Bolling Field on the line, sir. Almost instantly the request followed.

"Bolling Field wants a dance in Washington. Can a place be provided, and music, and," the voice continued somewhat plaintively, "250 girls," and then came the bombshell—"tonight!"

The timepiece which caught the director's eye in the melee of silver cups and athletic trophies

fringing his desk, registered 3:30 p. m.

"May I call you back in 20 minutes?" he asked.

At 3:50 p. m., the D. C. Recreation Department called Bolling Field. "Central Auditorium, Thirtieth and Clifton, available; WPA Orchestra scheduled. Hostesses and dances being notified."

Twenty minutes had intervened, in which the head of the City-Wide Division, as he is often designated, had ascertained that the Central Auditorium with its great capacity, was free. A quick analysis indicated that two units of the Women's Battalion—one unit of 200 and one of 50, would turn the trick nicely. It only remained to call the Group Leaders, who in turn call their section leaders, whose duty it is to notify the individual girls in the ranks. Activities under the Women's Battalion are subsidized by funds from the Recreation Services, Inc., under the War Hospitality Committee.

As for the music—Mr. Fitzpatrick was always ready to perform miracles with his WPA units of pianists, saxophonists, guitarists and drummers.

Just 20 Minutes

Apparently, it was just another call for service, an emergency call, as so many of the calls to which the Women's Battalion responds, must necessarily be.

And respond they do—from the OEM and the OPA, the War Department, and Navy Department and any number of the other Federal agencies.

How are these girls selected, to whom are entrusted the leisure "off post" and often the last mo-

ments ashore of the youth of this Nation?

A system may click infallibly by which group and section leaders call the individual members of the Women's Battalion with the result a dance is put on pronto, with a celerity which would take away the breath of the city's most indefatigable hostesses. But how are these girls chosen—6,000 of them—for that is the present enrollment and incidentally, from their force of numbers these lists are now closed. It is hit or miss?

Far from it, it seems. And that is where Mrs. Mabelle Clark, assistant director, and Miss Margaret Carmody come into the foreground of this animated picture.

Its background? None other than the parish house of venerable Epiphany Church, where from Monday through Saturday sits the executive staff of the Women's Battalion, building up the personnel of the latter, with the care of an officer recruiting the Nation's armed forces. Here is subjected to close scrutiny the candidate's character reference, from her departmental supervisor; secondly, an interviewer follows, in which personality and appearance are checked, as prerequisites of acceptance. All of which requirements being met, these blond, brunette and auburn beauties—and a casual glance reveals the fact their number is legion—mount to be sanctum sanctorum of the department's photographer. The resultant photograph, together with the registration number is eventually stamped on the badge, without which no aspirant may join the gay convoys, which make their way regularly to Belvoir or Bald Eagle, Camp

Sims, the M. P. Barracks near the White House, the Bureau of Printing and Engraving and Quantico.

"It's too bad the general couldn't have been here," exclaimed a receiving officer, as, in response to the hurry-up call that came to Mr. Tennyson's desk that Thursday afternoon, 12 buses passed the gate and drew up before the dance pavilion at Quantico.

Five hundred strong, the Women's Battalion had come, making the night vocal with community singing as they traversed the 40 intervening miles between Washington and Quantico.

It was only when they stepped into the floodlights of the parade grounds and "The Halls of Montezuma" rang through the night, that they sensed the full measure of a Leatherneck's welcome.

A well-authenticated rumor has it that an old-time sergeant regarding the perspiring and enthusiastic Marine jitterbugs and devotees of the rhumba and conga before him, remarked, "And if I'd put them through that amount of grief out on the drill ground this morning, they'd have sure dropped dead."

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55.00

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POLO COAT CLASSIC

Seventh wonder of the college world—a four year investment just as important for seniors as freshmen! Fine natural camel's hair and wool in the double-breasted style that's tops. White pearl buttons. Men's wear rayon satin lining. Also, single-breasted style. Sizes 10 to 20.

Stop... Look



September days... cooler days... legs taking to cover again... and what about stockings???? The answer is Rayon. Gold Stripe Rayon Stockings designed for the extra walking and extra wear these times demand. Made with the skill and infinite care for which Gold Stripe stockings are famous. Luxury and practical weights, regular lengths and the famous "Adjustables."

\$1 3 pairs \$2.85 \$1.15 3 pairs \$3.30 \$1.35 3 pairs \$3.90

*For longer wear, launder stockings after each wearing. Buy 3 pairs in order to allow 48 hours drying time.

Futuray*

"The Rayon Stocking of the Future" by Gotham Gold Stripe

(Exclusively at Jelliff's in Washington. Also at our Little Bethesda Shop, 8838 Wisconsin Avenue, and at 1721 and 3409 Conn. Ave.)



Suit story

morning, noon and night editions of this Autumn's biggest fashion

They're your best buys, your great loves, first thing you put on in the morning, the last thing you wear at the day's end. Severe and mannish, trim and orderly, feminine and romantic... you'll want at least one of each variety in your wardrobe this year. And you couldn't do better than choose them from Erlebacher's new suit collections, where you'll find suits in four departments for every hour from dawn to three a. m. at any price you wish to pay.

\$16.95 to \$198.95

Sizes for juniors, misses, women and little women.

Sketched: To instill envy in feminine hearts, and find admiration in all masculine eyes, 100% soft virgin brown wool suit with opulent Mink.....\$149.95

Erlebacher
1210 F ST. N.W.

Deferred payments may be arranged to suit individual budgets!

All prices plus 10% Federal Excise Tax. Deferred payments may be arranged!

The Gentler Sex

By Malvina Lindsay
GOING BRITISH

I am getting very British,
But it's not in my broad
"a's."

Rather in the last fall's hats I
wear.
On these September days.

II

I am acting very British,
But it's not in my haughty
tone,
But how I grab a puny lamb
chop,
And gnaw it to the bone.

III

I'm appearing very British,
But it's not in my walking
stick,
But the way I have to stand in
line.
For a steak a millimeter thick.

IV

I am looking very British—
It's not due to imported
tweeds—
But to my heavy flat heeled
Oxfords,
That meet my transportation
needs.

V

At night I am most British,
(Though I'm conscious not
of class)
For I stay close in my
castle.
Eschew people in the mass.

VI

I am feeling very British,
Wearing clothes a month
behind,
I'm as dowdy as a duchess,
And somehow I do not
mind.

VII

Yes, I'm turning very British,
And it's not in my lofty air,
But my lack of zest for trifles
That were once my chief
affair.

VIII

In fact I'm almost Continen-
tal
Though I've never seen
Paree,
And I'm becoming Oriental,
As I meet my income fee.

IX

I can even sense a bit of Rus-
sian
In my financial set-up,
I'm getting less and less pro-
vincial,
As I get more and more
hard up.

How to Drive Your Family Really Mad

Some people become so im-
mersed in their own plans that
they forget everything else.
They talk of the things they ex-
pect to do until everyone within
earshot grows weary. Or else
they become so wrapped up in
their schemes that their conver-
sation is confined to monosyl-
lables.

Anything which hinders their
progress in carrying out their
plans provokes a discourtesy—a
sharp word to the telephone op-
erator who gives a wrong number,
a frown to the waitress who is
slow with the menu, impatience
that rises to anger over any delay.

Sometimes they stew over de-
tails connected with a plan to the
neglect of responsibilities beyond
it. If they are cleaning house,
they keep it upset for days, until
the family complains there isn't a
comfortable place to sit down. If
they are sewing they work until
almost dinner time, then scramble
together a hasty meal which is
neither appetizing nor nourish-
ing. If they are immersed in a
sport, they take time out from
the office routine.



Versatile Velveteen.

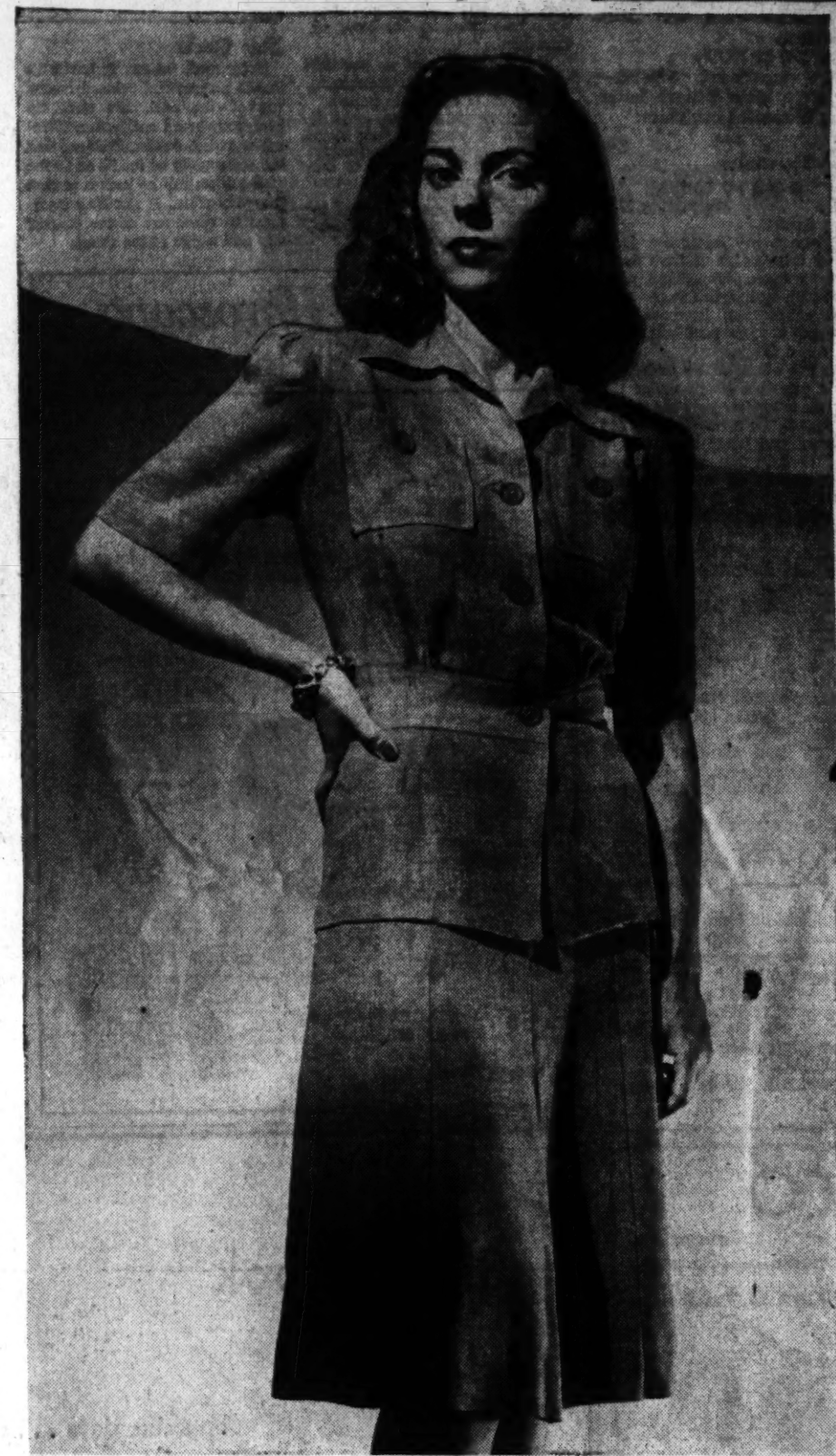
Smooth, soft velveteen is with
us again. Nice to look at, nice to
touch, and a natural flatterer. One
of the most dramatic of the new
crop is a double-duty number
with night and day skirts. The
day skirt is smartly simple; the
night skirt has a wicked slit to
reveal a beguiling ankle. Both are
topped by a terse little jacket with
pert peplum flapping out in back.
Velveteen is hardy too, if you
treat it right. Like all pile fabrics,
it's easy to rub the wrong way
and should be dry cleaned by an
expert who understands streaks
and how to avoid them.

WE MEAN BUSINESS

Here are two dresses in which you can file and forget about
the possible percentage of wrinkles in what you're wearing.
These bear up so nicely under the strain of a long, hard day
and are so easy on the budget that your effort can go where
it belongs.

We like the dress pictured at the right in natural cashmere.
It has a convertible neck, gold nail-heads on the belt, and a
full, though law-abiding, skirt. Could go dancing at the drop
of a ledger. You might like another one in velveteen . . .
around \$13.

A two-piece rayon that looks like wool is shown below. Dress
down with a classic white dickie, dress up with a velveteen
scarf. Comes in blue, green, and a fine shade of tan . . .
around \$6. Where to find them? Call National 4200, Ex-
tension 259 between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.



NOT SO SOFT

By Elizabeth McRae Boykin

Don't take it too hard when
you read of stringent limitations
of materials needed for the manu-
facture of beds in these war times.
Just remember that man slept
soundly a long time before some
of our soft notions of sleep were
ever thought of. Even DuBarry
who had a bed with hollow posts
of crystal kept filled with rare per-
fume didn't have any real springs
to rest upon. Probably the first
beds were piles of leaves with
animal skins thrown over them.
Later the idea of a frame with
legs was developed, but it was a
long time between this and the
metal spring. These early bed
frames were laced across with
rush or strips of hide or else they
were solid with animal skins
thrown over them.

The earliest bed had the shape
of an elongated form of an animal
with space for a person to recline
on the back. This doesn't look very
comfortable in the pictures, and
considering that it was often made
of stone, ivory or metal, we doubt
if it measured up to our inner-
spring standards.

The pillow in those days was a
wooden block shaped to fit the
neck, something like that in use
in Japan to this day. But there
were woven linen sheets as far
back as the time of the ancient
Egyptians. And the folding bed
is as old as Egypt too.

The Greeks and the Romans
both liked to recline while eating,
so they worked out a divan not
unlike our day beds and chaise
longues today. The Greeks often

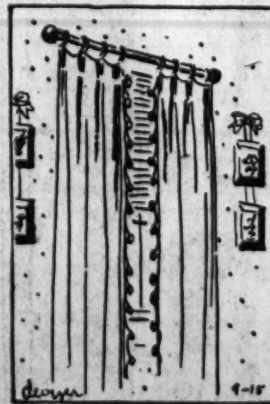
inlaid their beds with precious
metals and tortoise shell. The mat-
tress first turned up in recorded
history in the third century B. C.
when it was filled with vegetable
fibres, refuse wool or feathers.
The heavily draped bed was de-
veloped to provide protection
against drafts and cold . . . some
of these became almost as big as
rooms with space for twelve or
fifteen people to sleep in them. Royal
beds in France sometimes had
eight thicknesses of draperies en-
closing them—of the richest of
brocades and gold embroidered
fabrics, and sometimes crowned
with great sheafs of ostrich
plumes, often bouquets of a hun-
dred or more, waving from the
tops of the bed posts. In Anne
Hathaway's cottage there is a bed
in her own room with laced rope
springs. The steel spring and in-
ner-spring mattress is a very mod-
ern idea . . . becoming common
within the memory of many liv-
ing today. And still a pretty small
fringe of the earth's population
sleep in such luxury. The Chinese
and the Koreans still prefer beds
of stone with fires built under
them, while the Japanese sleep
on quilts on the floor and the Rus-
sians lay on top of their stoves.
And in Holland to this day there
are closet beds where you can
really close yourself up in cozy
snuggles.



It's About Time

By Dolores Boland

IT'S ABOUT TIME to con-
sider using Indian Head for
draperies BUT with an air.
Use natural wood curtain
rings to hold the draperies to
rods of natural wood. Nat-
ural wood ball-fringe edging
completes the sophisticated
effect.



High-Goal Polo Coat

There's a new star in the polo
field—a thoroughbred grey num-
ber that has the fashion people
wondering why no one ever did
it before. Although the polo coat
is one of those blessed classics
you always feel right in, when it
turns up in aristocratic grey, with
cigarette-smoke colored pearl but-
tons, it is something to make you
hold your head higher.

Fashion



Your Figure, Madame!

By Ida Jean Kain

Bad Diet Makes Your Disposition Worse

This is another of a series of articles by Ida Jean Kain in
which she describes a physical fitness program for women dur-
ing wartime. Today: diet in relation to disposition.

How is your disposition? If you are not fit to live with, you
are not fit. Your diet is one of the big factors.

It's a saying among the scientists that a little iron sweetens
a woman's temper. Calcium is recognized as a buffer for ragged
nerves and Vitamin B is a morale builder.

When you take your weight down your disposition should
get better. In a balanced reducing diet, only the calories are
lacking. That's the way it has to be, because the stored fat is
nothing but calories. It is not a protective reserve of repair
and regulating materials. You must have every day a serving
of meat, fish or fowl to furnish protein for repair work. You
must have milk, cheese, eggs, fresh fruits, vegetables and whole
grains for the minerals and vitamins that act as regulators and
energy spark plugs.

A good reducing diet should make you feel better all the way
around. It should increase your vitality, not lessen it. If you
feel all dragged out, you are either keeping your calories too
low for your needs or you are not including all the essential
nutrients.

Any time a woman looks better, she feels better. When you
are losing a pound or so a week, you are pretty pleased about it.
If you are not averaging at least one-half pound per week,
some extra calories are slipping in somewhere. But a loss of
more than 2½ pounds a week means that you are getting too
few calories.

Weigh yourself regularly, but just count the weekly average
—not the downs and ups from one day to the next. Your weight
can vary during the same day so don't be too disappointed or
take it too seriously when the news from the scales is not what
you expect each time. It's the trend you go by. Of course, if the
up trend persists, you want to do something about that. It only
happens because you let your calories climb. You have to keep
a close check on the calories to lose on schedule.

Tomorrow we'll talk about the thin girl who needs a high
calorie diet. Today's menu will make the overweights lose.

Menu to Reduce Weight and Increase Vitality

BREAKFAST	Calories
Orange juice, ½ glass	55
Poached egg on whole wheat toast, thin slice, with ½ pat of butter	175
Coffee, clear	
	230
LUNCH	
Grilled cheese and tomato sandwich	200
Mixed green salad (vinegar seasoning)	25
Fresh fruit	75
Hot tea, 1 lump sugar	25
	325
DINNER	
Hamburger on bun (mustard, no butter)	200
Sliced tomatoes	25
Green peas, ½ cup	50
Glass of skim milk	80
Honeydew melon	50
	430
TOTAL	985

Mary Haworth's Mail

Federal Employee Says It's Hard to Understand Why Nation's Policy Makers Squander Revenue On Nonessential Salaries, While Hiking Taxes

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: After reading the letter signed
"Baffled Expert," and your reply, published September 10, I feel
sure you have failed to grasp the seriousness of the situation ex-
plained to you. She is just one of many thousands of Govern-
ment employees who are baffled and disturbed by this state of
affairs. She worries, she says, because she is paid a salary in excess of
\$3000 a year,—while knowing that the work she does, and the effort put
forth to accomplish it, are not worth half the money. She worries be-
cause she "sits about all day, with ample time to read newspapers,
magazine articles and books, when all the world is in turmoil"—con-
cerned not alone by the fact that she is stagnating mentally, but also,
because she knows that in order to win this war, everyone must work
and work hard. As she says, successful prosecution of total war means
total production, by women as well as men.

I, too, am a Government employee; I, too, see the deplorable extent
to which many Government offices are over-stuffed, with the result
that a "golden river" of taxpayers' money is being squandered on
nonessential "salaries." Apropos of this complaint, you remind "Baffled
Expert" that the war is being fought to preserve,—among other free-
men's rights,—the right to exercise individual initiative; and suggest
that she display the initiative required to solve her problem on her
own, by beating the bushes hereabouts until she has located the special-
ist-job she is qualified to handle.

Difficult to Switch Under Civil Service

As for that suggestion,—it isn't
as easy as you seem to think, for
the conscientious citizen to locate
the specialist job in Government
service for which he "can
splendidly qualify" (to use your
words). Nor is it a simple matter for a Federal employee to transfer
from one Government department to another. Persons who have never
worked in Government service cannot realize the enormous worry in-
volved, when a thoroughly trained individual is persuaded to leave a
productive position in private industry, in order to take a supposedly
better job with the Government,—only to learn later that he is
"stagnating mentally," as a burden to the taxpayers.

In times like these, when an ounce of prevention is worth a pound
of cure, it is hard to understand why the Nation's program-makers are
throwing away Government funds on superfluous salaries, while at
the same time drafting additional tax levies to meet the costs of
Government "overhead." I know how "Baffled Expert" feels. Any good
American in her position should feel the same. We Americans propose
to win this war; and the least contribution we can make to victory is
to see that the taxpayers' money is spent most effectively. . . . "Baffled
Expert's" attitude is an expression of patriotism, and surely warrants
stronger endorsement than your answer affords.

As I said before, she is not alone in her quandary. There are many
of us who are wondering whether we should "sit still" and be paid for
loafing; keeping our mouths shut and feeling miserable;—or whether
we should bestir ourselves to improve the situation, and take the un-
pleasant consequences that so often result when "the little man" calls
attention to official incompetence. This war is a serious affair, and it
is time more people acquired a serious attitude toward it, and acted
accordingly.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEE.

DEAR MARY HAWORTH:

Your reply of September 10 to
"Baffled Expert" provokes this
letter. Although I have never
lived or worked in Washington,
(my home is in West Virginia), I
have been there a number of times and have many friends and several
relatives there,—some of whom are Government employees. I have been
an interested reader of your column in The Post for years; and, have
considered your advice very good in most cases. However, it seemed
to me you missed the point in this instance.

Out-of-Towner Remarks Government Inefficiency

In talking with these relatives and friends of mine who work for
the Government in Washington, I have noted that the outstanding
recurrent remark in relation to their respective jobs is that they
seldom have enough to do. After doing their work, they read magazines
and newspapers on the job, and still have enough time on their hands
to be bored. You might think that these people were looking for a
"snap" when they took the jobs; that they are the sort who would
"soldier" on any job. But I happen to know that one of the men
moved heaven and earth, trying to get into the Navy, only to be turned
down because he had false teeth, after which he took a technical job
in the Navy Department, enthusiastic over being where he could (as
he thought) "do his bit."

Another member of this group is a stenographer in the War Depart-
ment. I have heard her say that on many afternoons, the 25 girls in
her department kill time by passing magazines around, and "doing"
each other's fingernails and hair. Another has a husband who is a
naval officer on submarine duty. She is employed in a technical capacity
in a Government hospital; and she has said that her department em-
ploys about twice as many persons as are needed, and that more are
being added. This isn't a new development. The condition has existed
for over a year.

Air Raid Warden Gets Dismaying Run-Around

The former chief air raid
warden in our community re-
ported spending more than two
hours in OCD headquarters one
morning, trying to get a simple
little form. He was baffled about
the entire time and never did get the form; in fact, never did find out
if they had one. He told of waiting in one office, while the department
head's secretary was trying to put through a telephone call to an-
other department head. During this delay, the department head seemed
ill at ease, and put in the time by reading and re-reading a letter,—
which he picked up, studied and put down no less than six times!

These are not hand-picked instances, Miss Haworth. They fit right
into the picture that "Baffled Expert" describes. So it seems to me she
is righteously upset and justifiably worried at so much time and ability
going to waste, when our country is in such dire straits. I maintain
that where there is so much smoke, there must be fire. And so I ask:
Why try to gloss it over?

M. W. V.

These Women!

By d'Aleccio



"Why certainly, I have SOME mechanical ability! All my
clothes have zippers on them!"

Starts today!

PALAIS ROYAL DAYS!

FOR YOU WHO ARE SAVING TODAY
LOOKING AHEAD TO TOMORROW!

TUESDAY
WEDNESDAY
THURSDAY
FRIDAY



It's here again... The Palais Royal's twice-a-year event that has become famous for EXTRA value giving. This year, however, Palais Royal Days have a special new significance, a patriotic significance.

We all know that we must buy bonds and more bonds to win this war. But we must buy other things, too. We must buy food, clothing, home needs and even a few spirit-lifting luxuries in order to effectively carry on our important work on the home front. We feel that if you can buy these things for less, you will have more money with which to buy bonds. Therefore, The Palais Royal, where for over sixty-five years dollars have always gone a long way, has pledged itself to stretch your wartime dollars. These four great Palais Royal Days are proof of our pledge.

Your Important Fall Trio Jacket... Skirt... Blouse

And all made of such handsome, serviceable fabrics they will wear and wear, and wear! Smartly cut fitted jacket in a handsome diagonal tweed in natural, green or blue combinations.

Full Cut Matching Skirt.....\$6.88
And with it a Man-Tailored Shirt...\$3.54
THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

All Wool Trio for the Classroom, Office or Your Civilian Defense Job

It's like having heat insurance for the winter... these three pieces in wonderful wool. With a black, brown or grey wool flannel skirt, choose a wool slipon sweater in your favorite color. Add a wool cardigan to match or contrast... and you'll be smartly and warmly dressed for whatever you do.

100% Wool Slipon Sweater... Reg. \$3.50
100% Wool Slipon Cardigan Sweater... Reg. \$3.95
THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

Juniors! Look at These Pert Styles in Beautiful Fabrics

Each and every one a beau catcher! Deceptively demure styles to make you look so pretty. One or two-piece models for daytime or date dresses! Tailored rayon gabardines! Cotton back velveteens, rayon crepes wool and rayon mixture (labeled) Sizes 8 to 15.

THE PALAIS ROYAL JUNIOR DRESSES... THIRD FLOOR

Classic Tailored Frocks at a "Stretch Your Budget" Price

Your best friends won't guess at the tiny price you paid for these tailored and casual frocks! All they'll see is the perfect tailoring... your well-groomed appearance... and the fine fabrics the dresses are made of! Soft rayon fabrics. New fall shades in sizes for misses and women.

THE PALAIS ROYAL DAYTIME DRESSES... THIRD FLOOR

A Beautiful Wardrobe for Career, College Girls

Racks and racks of mouth-watering styles in beautiful fabrics—all at a "day out of your allowance" price! Frocks for all day & dresses for dates! Rayon crepes, soft wools, twill back velveteens. One or two piece styles. Some with sequins or nail-head trimming. Fall shades. Sizes 8 to 15.

THE PALAIS ROYAL JUNIOR DRESSES... THIRD FLOOR

Here Is Your Proper Foundation for the New Fall Fashions

For comfortable yet firm control you need a Remo Belt inner belt Foundation. Made of figured, basiste well boned inner belt and back. Side sections of knit elastic. 16-inch skirt. Sizes 36 to 48.

Nylon Bras. Well fitting bras made of long wearing nylon. Two styles, with adjustable straps and backs. Sizes 32 to 38. Regularly \$1.95
THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR

Fluffy Candlewick Robes in Pastel or Darker Shades

A cozy robe to wear some winter nights! Made of thickly tufted candlewick that launders beautifully! Full cut with wide skirts. Piped waistband ties in front. And you have your choice of ever so many lovely shades. Sizes 12 to 20.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... THIRD FLOOR



Sale!

Men's Regularly \$29.75 and \$35

100% All Wool Gabardines

\$22.50

Coat
Vest
Trousers

Every inch woven of 100% wool gabardine in a medium weight to be worn now—well into the spring—and for seasons to come! Faultlessly tailored single-breasted semi-drape models. Natural tan shades. Regular sizes 36 to 42 only.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... FIRST FLOOR

Our Exclusive Roblee Oxfords for Men

Regularly \$6 \$4.95

Sturdy oxfords for street or dress wear priced low enough for you to buy several pairs! Each pair with Brown-bilt supports for solid comfort. Leather soles and rubber heels. Black or brown.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... FIRST FLOOR



Beautiful Simulated Leather Handbags

\$1.29

Such large, roomy bags that look so much more expensive! Made of long wearing simulated leather in top handle or underarm styles. Many with zippers. Glowing Fall shades: Wine, green, red, navy and of course black or brown.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... FIRST FLOOR

Ribbons and Trimmings to Enhance Your Fall Wardrobe

PRECIOUS FUR COLLARS. Make your last year's untrimmed winter coat look brand new! Fluffy or flat fur, ready to be sewed on, \$5.00 plus tax
HANDSOME LACE BY THE YARD. For evening clothes, blouses or dressy afternoon frocks. Fine quality cotton lace in pastel or dark shades. Yard... \$1.95
RAYON RIBBON BELTS. Fine rayon grosgrain ribbon in solid shades or rayon ribbon in colorful Roman stripes. 1 to 2-inch widths. Finished with self buckle. Backed with leather... 40c

THE PALAIS ROYAL... FIRST FLOOR



Matching Canvas Luggage. Handsome! Sturdy! Lightweight!

Save!

Regularly \$10.95 to \$12.95 \$8.89

Handsome luggage to last you for seasons! All made of sturdy 3-ply veneer box with topgrain binding. Nicely lined with full pockets for shoes! Lingerie! Accessories! Covered in washable brown or gray striped canvas.

THE PALAIS ROYAL... FIRST FLOOR



Fortiner. 20 inches. Regularly \$15.95... \$12.89

Pullman Case. 27 inches long. Reg. \$10.95... \$8.99

Week-end Case. 18, 21 or 24-inch sizes. Regularly \$7.95... \$4.89

Flat and Shoe Box. 18-inch x 15 x 8. Reg. \$10.95... \$8.99

21-inch Wardrobe. Reg. \$12.95... \$8.99

In the Capital Spotlight



Post Staff Photo—Mills.

He's Got Wings—And an Angel—

—Or at least a reasonable facsimile of the latter in the person of his glowing young bride. Lieut. Robert Cotton Alston, of the United States Army Air Corps, and the former Miss Mary Tudor Morsell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Tudor Morsell, were married on Saturday in the Chevy Chase M. E. Church, at a 4:30 afternoon ceremony with the Rev. Edward Latch officiating. Lieutenant Alston, who was graduated from the University of Georgia, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Henry Alston of Atlanta. Mrs. Alston, a graduate of Ogontz, made her debut here a couple of seasons ago. Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore an ice-blue brocade gown which had been worn by the bridegroom's sister, Mrs. Jack Glenn, at her presentation at the Court of St. James's in London, and later as a wedding gown. The bride carried her great-grandmother's gold card case to which were pinned a shower of orchids and stephanotis and wore an heirloom veil of Venetian lace. Maid of honor was her sister, Miss Suzanne Morsell and the only other attendant was the bride's younger sister, Bonnie Morsell. Best man was the bridegroom's brother, Ensign Philip H. Alston, jr., and ushers were Jack Glenn, Roy Dorsey, Lieut. Edward Jordan and Turner Reuter. The couple will make their home in Colorado Springs, where the bridegroom is stationed.

Betty B. Bain Engaged to Capt. Bowman

Mr. and Mrs. J. Burdette Bain announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Betty Burdette Bain, to Capt. George A. Bowman, U. S. Army, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Bowman of Maryland. Miss Bain was graduated from the University of Maryland and took her master's degree at Cornell University. She is affiliated with Delta Delta Delta sorority and Omicron Nu and Pi Lambda Theta societies. Captain Bowman attended the University of Maryland and Johns Hopkins University. He is now assistant area engineer, stationed at Camp Sutton, Monroe, N. C. No date has been set for the wedding.

Wilcox—Shultz

Mr. and Mrs. Orlando King Wilcox of Chattanooga, Tenn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Lippitt Wilcox, to Lieut. William Gray Shultz of Washington and Fort Benning, Ga.

The bride-elect, who was a member of the Chattanooga Debutante Club of the past winter, attended Lookout Mountain School and was graduated from Fairmont Junior College here. Lieutenant Shultz received his degree from Virginia Military Institute.

Kudolla—Denham

Mr. and Mrs. Martin A. Kudolla have made known the betrothal of their daughter, Florence Lena Kudolla, to Kirkwood Hamilton Denham, son of Mrs. Ethel Hamilton Denham of Clarksburg, W. Va. No date has been set for the wedding, but it is expected to take place late in the winter.

Dominican Legation To Be Moved Soon

The Dominican Minister and Senora de Troncoso are busy getting things in order to move to their new legation at 4530 Sixteenth Street, which the Dominican government recently purchased from John J. Payette.

For the past year the legation has been established at 2101 Connecticut Avenue and prior to that was located in the 2000 block of Sixteenth Street. The new legation, formerly the Harry M. Crandall home, is one of Washington's landmarks.

Mr. Payette, who married Dorothy Crandall, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Crandall, has purchased Huntley Farm in Waterford, Va. The family is spending the summer there.

Another "First Woman to—"

Pioneer Flier Opens Training Course for Women

Her friends will tell you that she's really a school teacher at heart.

But to date Phoebe Omile's career is a far cry from that of a schoolmarm, even though her latest job is to oversee the training of women flight instructors in Tennessee. One of the outstanding fliers of the country, she started her aerial career as a stunt girl . . . tried out stenography for two whole weeks . . . did a bit of wing-walking at the age of 17. Her late husband, Vernon Omile, took her up for her first parachute jump.

Yesterday in Nashville, Tenn., this latest flying project (to teach women to teach men to fly) was opened and Mrs. Omile was on hand to see that things were efficiently run. She has been loaned to the State of Tennessee for three months by the Civil Aeronautics Association.

In starting this new project, Tennessee, incidentally, is maintaining its reputation as the really air-minded State in this country. It was the first to introduce aviation education into the public schools and now that the project is just getting started all over the country Tennessee is five years' experience ahead of the country.

For the past few years Mrs. Omile has been in and out of Washington on various educational jobs for Civil Aeronautics Authority. She has been out in the field to set up ground schools. Since war was declared the odd

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Nashville, Scene Of School for Instructors

Jobs around an airport can no longer be done by the small fry of the neighborhood but must be done by experienced help. Thus the need for ground schools, to teach young men (or women) to stoke down the planes, chalk under the wheels, etc. WPA sponsored, Mrs. Omile went over the country organizing such schools.

Making its appearance in the public schools this fall is a group of books known as the "Air Age Series." Much research work, as well as writing, went into this series which is sponsored by the CAA. It was quite natural that Mrs. Omile, who knows as much about flying as any living woman, should contribute to this series.

This placid-appearing woman, with a sense of humor, can boast of a number of "firsts." First woman granted a transport license in the United States, she was also the first to get an airplane mechanic's license. To her goes the honor of being the first airplane saleswoman and the first to be chosen for a Government position connected with aviation.

Artist Brings Her Homeland To Washington

If you can't go to Costa Rica, Pachita Crespi will bring her homeland to you. And she has done just this with 33 colorful oil paintings of what she calls "the humble people" of the land that lies so close to the Panama Canal.

Opening today is her exhibition at the National Museum—she having cleverly selected her country's anniversary of independence from Spain. The Minister of Costa Rica, Dr. Luis Fernandez, will open the exhibition this afternoon.

Senorita Crespi does not confine her talents to the canvas. She has just completed her second child's book, "Cabitas Rancho," a story of a primitive farm with animals and plant life in the tropics. She also has designed a Good Neighbor doll (an impish black-eyed boy), who will make his appearance in the stores soon.

Although she is typical of the Latin Americans, the artist has studied in many parts of the world, including the United States. Her grandfather was three times President of Costa Rica. And her uncle, Minor C. Keith, would have gained fame even if he had not established the United Fruit Co. for he introduced the banana to the United States.

Navy Orders Cause Change in Wedding Plans

Navy orders have interfered once again in the nuptial plans of a Washington couple, this time causing Miss Grace Gore and her fiancé, Lieut. Leon Keys, U. S. N. R., to change both the date and place of their wedding.

The ceremony will take place here in St. Joseph's Chapel of Washington Cathedral on September 25 at 8 o'clock. It was previously announced that the wedding would be held on September 27 in Oklahoma City. Following the service there will be a reception at the Hotel 2400.

Miss Gore is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Gore of Carthage, Tenn., and a sister of Representative Albert Gore.

Bolivar—

Author Off to Filmland Soon in Interest of Movie on Great Liberator

Off to Hollywood early this week will be John Crane or Dr. J. de Murinelly Crane Cline, if you prefer.

When the much-heralded movie "Simon Bolivar" makes its appearance on the silver screen, much credit will have to go to this volatile Brazilian author who for the sake of simplicity has adopted the name of John Crane. Of course the fact that Nelson Rockefeller's office has been interested in the project (as has M. G. M.) may have something to do with the fact that at long last a movie is scheduled to come out about THE Liberator of South America.

Which brings up another point. Argentinians resent having Simon Bolivar called THE Liberator, as they have a pretty important hero of their own in San Martin. So, for good-neighboring purposes, Bolivar, who claimed Caracas, Venezuela, as his "home town," is called "The Great South American Liberator" and General Martin "The Saviour of the South." And some day in the not too far distant future a movie will be made of the life of the colorful Argentinian.

Meanwhile, plans are going ahead for the Bolivar movie. Instrumental in getting cameramen to Caracas for local color has been the Ambassador of Venezuela, Diogenes Escalante, who has been interested in more ways than one since the idea was put forth. His knowledge of history has been valuable to those writing the script. Another good "propaganda minister" for the film has been the Ecuadorean Ambassador, Captain Colon Eloy Alfaro, who comes from one of the Bolivar countries.

But back to John Crane: He is coauthor of "Dauntless Liberator," the life of Simon Bolivar which will be used along with his "Secret Life of Bolivar." Also his book as a basis for the movie. Collaboration also with the Hollywood script writers is Dr. Manuel Sanchez, outstanding authority on Bolivar.

T. Walter Fred Leaving Today To Join Marines

News of residents in northern Virginia seems mainly to whirl around comings and goings in the line of U. S. service duty. T. Walter Fred of Middleburg will leave today to join the Marines with the commission of captain. Walter, who served with the Marine Corps in World War I as a lieutenant, was recalled to active duty a short time ago and will report at a Philadelphia station.

Lieut. Henry Cochran Skinker, U. S. Army, of The Plains, will arrive at his home this week for a 10-day leave. Lieutenant Skinker was graduated last week from the Officers' Training School at Fort Knox, Ky. He will be accompanied home by Mrs. Skinker and his sister, Mrs. John Rawlings.

Your part—the greater number of packages you carry, the greater assistance you will be in the conservation of tires and gasoline.



Admiring Glances Follow

BOW FLATTERY

Tremendous bows perched at the side and skimming forward to eye level. Fur felt with a side-flare in rubytone, autumn green, purple, pecan, black. Calot with double bows of fur felt in salute blue, Dutch tan, autumn green, rubytone, brown, red, black, \$10.

Beautiful Hats, Third Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth



Hattie Carnegie

Originals—Black With Fringe

For autumn afternoons, informal winter evenings, wear these lovely black rayon crepes with the subtle V styling of Carnegie. Slim as reeds, black as night; one has a cowl neckline with yoke edged with fringe which appears again at the skirt edge; another hangs ball fringe on its brief V peplum.

Left above, \$59.95 side-tied. Right above, \$95.00

The hats shown are of Hattie Carnegie design to be worn with her dresses

Beautiful Dresses, Third Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

A PRECIOUS FLOWER SPRAY OF SAPPHIRES, BIRTHSTONE FOR SEPTEMBER

An inspired creation of Gold and Platinum, the flower petals of Blue and Purple Sapphires, embellished with smaller Yellow Sapphires and Diamonds. Truly a precious September Birthday Gift. \$1,265.00 (tax included). Featured exclusively at

GALT'S

Jewelers for 140 Years
607 13th N.W.—DI. 1034
Buy War Bonds



Actual Size

Hope Ridings Miller

A Few Notes on Georgia's New First Lady; Mayor Fletcher Talks of Dutch Harbor Defense

Not having been exposed to Capital personalities and portents in quite a while, I find that although I'm back home once more, my thoughts are still dwelling on some of those people I met down in Dixie last week.

There was the day in Atlanta when I talked with Mrs. Ellis Arnall, whose husband soon was to be elected Governor of Georgia; and also with Mayor John W. Fletcher of Unalaska, home of the Dutch Harbor Naval Base.

Pretty Mildred Arnall, valiantly trying to hide the effects of campaign jitters, declared she was far "more interested in home than in politics," and that while she hoped her husband won ("because that's what he wants"), she would be just as happy out of the limelight for the rest of her life.

I don't know what she would say today—now that she has become the First Lady of Georgia—but I have a very definite impression that it would be about the same as she said in the brief interview I had with her when the campaign was swinging into its final twelve hours.

My Job's Homemaking

"I'm sure Ellis will win," she said with a quick smile that lighted her dark brown eyes. "He always gets what he goes after... and his heart is set on this... Far as I'm concerned—" she hesitated and then plunged in for the finish—"well, he handles the political side of this family. My job's homemaking."

Spoken like the typical little Southern lady she is. Also in keeping with the picture was her follow-up remark, "You see, ever since we've been married, I've had my job to do, and my husband has had his."

The past four years a very important part of her "job" has been Alvan Arnall, son of the household, who will add quite a lively touch to family life in Georgia's Executive Mansion after January.

Slender, girlish, and looking more like a college belle than an incoming Governor's wife, Mrs. Arnall said she had no absorbing interests outside her own home and family. But now and then she does get off for a game of golf; and she enjoys the movies and playing rummy. Antique furniture comes in for some of her attention, and so does victory gardening... but she graciously declines to talk at length about herself, or anything else, except her home, husband and son.

I suggested she might one day be living in Washington, what with a rising young husband who, at 35, took on Eugene Talmadge, one of the toughest political adversaries in the South. Perhaps the U. S. Senate might be his next step. Mrs. Arnall smiled at that; didn't seem to take to the idea of living in the Nation's Capital, or the possibility of being a Senate hostess ever. "I guess Atlanta will be big enough for me," said the former Orlando girl, who has enjoyed the life of a small-town Newnan, Ga., housewife, and doubts she will ever be happier in the Governor's Mansion than in the pretty little white home where she began housekeeping several years ago.

Kind Words for Army and Navy

Later that day, when I had a brief interview with Mayor Fletcher of Unalaska, I learned a lesson in geography, along with some illuminating pointers on the defense of Dutch Harbor. The round-faced, genial mayor, whose position is on an ex-officio basis for the duration, talked to me shortly after he addressed a defense bond meeting at Five Points, near Atlanta.

First, he talked about spies. Jap spies, who quietly made important mental notations while apparently concerned only with fishing. Four years ago, however, Americans took over all fishing around Unalaska, and thus nipped in the bud one of Nippon's most efficient sources of information regarding plans for protection of this hemisphere.

Mayor Fletcher pointed out that anyone familiar with the craggy terrain and general flying conditions in Attu and Kiska Islands realizes why it would be so difficult to blast out Japanese forces there. "The Army and Navy is doing a swell job around my part of the country," said the former New Yorker, who went to Unalaska in 1928, and knows the North as do few persons besides the natives.

"And here's something else you can tell your readers," he went on. "Men in the service who are working night and day to perfect the defense system up there are making a supreme sacrifice in the war effort. With few comforts, with no recreation facilities, and with very little ahead of them but more hard work, they are doing a job of which all Americans may well be proud." Mayor Fletcher added, incidentally, that the Aleutian Islands, at the time civilian population was evacuated from there, had chalked up a superb record—they were leading all the U. S. Territories in the purchase of war bonds.

Newlyweds to Live In Baltimore

Following a three weeks' wedding trip in Vermont, Richard Edmonds Thurnfield and the former Miss Alice Virginia Hedges, daughter of Mrs. H. E. Hedges, will make their home in Baltimore.

Their marriage took place September 1 at 2 o'clock in the Lutheran Church of the Reformation, with the Rev. M. R. Love officiating. The bride was attired in a du-bonnet suit with black accessories and had as attendant her sister, Miss Mary Hedges. Lourie Riggs of Baltimore served as best man. Mr. Thurnfield graduated from Dartmouth College and received his M. A. degree at Columbia University.

Barkow-Berylson Betrothal Told

Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Barkow of Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Barkow, to Maj. Kermit Jay Berylson, U. S. A., of this city and New York, son of Dr. and Mrs. A. Edgar Berylson of this city.

Miss Barkow was graduated from New Jersey and Massachusetts schools, attended the graduate school of journalism at Columbia University and is on the editorial staff of the New York Journal American.

Major Berylson was graduated from City College, New York, in 1934, and received his master's degree shortly afterward. He is with the War Department in Washington.

The wedding is expected to take place soon.

No Rustic Bard Is Jose Villa—

Has No Time
For Quiet Dells,
Prefers Big Cities

By Peggy Preston

Youthful Jose Garcia Villa, Filipino poet, whose book of verse, "Have Come, Am Here," went on the book stands yesterday, is no rustic bard. Unlike the classic exponents of his art, he has no time for running brooks, quiet dells or the gentle lowing of cattle at eventide.

"I prefer cities," says Mr. Villa, who currently is doing press relations work for the Philippine government here. "Cities, with lots of noise and lots of people, are where I do my best work."

Just how long Washington can hold the budding poet is a matter of conjecture, for New York, the city of his adoption, is his favorite spot in the Western Hemisphere. Since his arrival in America 11 years ago, he has spent all of his time in the metropolis, coming to Washington for only a few months at a time.

Another of New York's attractions for him is Columbia University, which he claims has the best English department of any college in America. Until recently he was on the library staff at the university and still has some work to do on a master's degree in English.

As yet, only in his early twenties, Jose Villa is being acclaimed by critics as one of the most original poets of the past several years. His recently published poems are philosophical in nature and have to do with man's inner nature.

First Book Was 'Footnote to Youth'

"I don't think anyone is going to read my book," the poet said plaintively. He had just returned yesterday from a session with his publisher, the Viking Press, in New York and he was indulging in a bit of stage fright before going to a bookstore to try the author's favorite trick of buying his own book. "Have Come, Am Here," is a collection of pieces which he has written over a period of six or seven years and represents some long, arduous hours of work.

His first book, "Footnote to Youth," a collection of short stories, appeared in print about 10 years ago. But apparently prose was not his forte and so for nine years he left off even reading anything but poetry. "Have Come, Am Here" is the result and a very fine result it appears to be. But one of many to comment in his favor is Mark Van Doren, New York critic, who writes "Mr. Villa

Miss Wilkinson Sets Bridal Date

Thursday, September 17, has been chosen by Miss Virginia Wilkinson as the date of her marriage to William Wallace Swanson.

Because of the war emergency, the event will be solemnized in El Dorado, Ark., where the prospective bridegroom is an aviation gasoline engineer, instead of at Miss Wilkinson's home in Wesley Heights.

Accompanied by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil J. Wilkinson, and her brother, Gary Wilkinson, Miss Wilkinson left yesterday to spend several days in New Orleans before going on to El Dorado.

Mrs. Terlizzi Here

Mrs. Marion Terlizzi, wife of Capt. Terlizzi, United States Army, is the guest of Miss Ellen Cheves. Mrs. Terlizzi recently returned from a stay in Alaska where her husband is stationed.

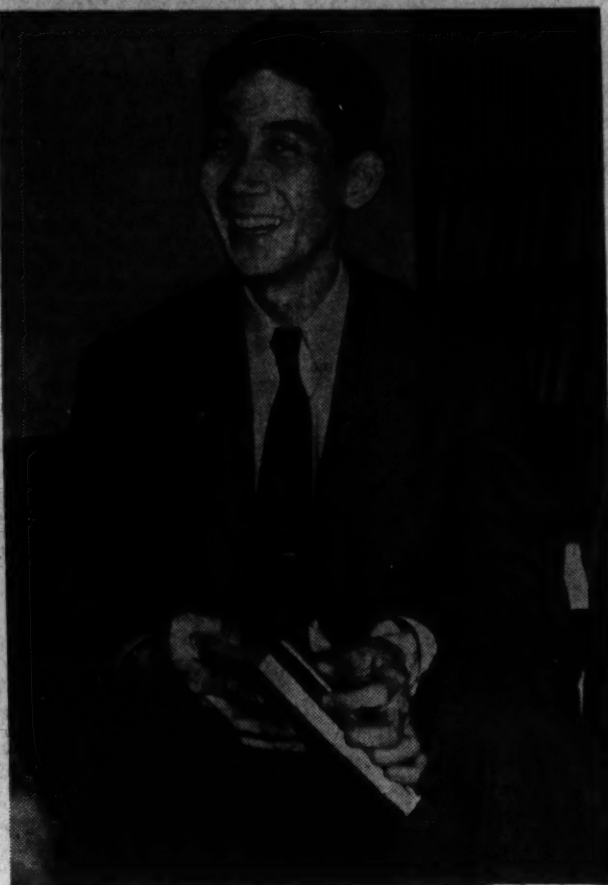
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JOSE VILLA

Post Staff Photo

seems to me to possess one of the purest and most natural voices discoverable anywhere today in contemporary poetry. This accounts for his power to say, quietly, the most astonishing and exalted things."

Painting Is Poet's Sideline

Jose Villa was born in Manila and was sent to America by his doctor-father to study medicine. All went along very well until the advance classes in dissecting began and the esthetic-minded Jose decided his talents lay elsewhere.

He last talked with his parents over long distance telephone in December just prior to the outbreak of war. Here in Washington with him is his sister, Rene Villa, who until recently was a student at Bryn Mawr. Now, like her brother, she is working for the Philippine government in Washington.

When he isn't writing poetry, young Mr. Villa likes to try his hand at oil paintings. But again, no cows, no landscapes, no trees. His canvases, like his poems, are strictly metropolitan in tone and inspiration.

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LANSBURG'S

Purely Personal

Col. and Mrs. William B. Miller, who until recently have been stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., have been transferred to Tulsa, Okla. Mrs. Miller was formerly Miss Frances Heald, daughter of Mrs. S. C. Heald of this city.

Maj. and Mrs. Andrew Hero 3d, announce the birth of a son on Thursday, September 10, at Columbia Hospital.

Mrs. Hugo Hesselbach, who spent the summer in Lenox, Mass., is stopping in New York for a week before coming on to Washington.

Miss Armetta Lamson, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Otis Floyd Lamson of Seattle, arrived today at the Dodge Hotel and will be in Washington a week or more. She is accompanied by a former classmate at Scripps College, Miss.

Miss Gertrude Richardson Brigham, who will return to Bremen College in Gainesville, Ga., for the opening of the fall semester next week, entertained Saturday after-

noon for officers of the Art Promoters Club. The tea was held at Kew Gardens and the hostess was assisted by Mrs. Clara Isabelle Boone and Miss Deal Bogue. Miss Brigham spent the summer in the art colony at Rockport, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sherby have returned to their home on Decatur Street after spending some time in Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. John Blynn Weldon, Jr., announce the birth of a son, Gordon Ray Weldon, on Saturday, September 5, at Garfield Hospital. Mrs. Weldon is the former Mary Ray Waters of Chevy Chase, Md.

Thomas Magarians Live in Boston

Now making their home in Boston are Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Magarian, whose marriage took place recently at the Holy Cross Church in New York. The bride is the former Miss Virginia Tomasian, daughter of Mr. Kohar Tomasian and the late Mr. Tomasian of this city.

The bride was given in marriage by her brother, John Tomasian and wore a gown of white marquisette, a full length veil held with a crown of seed pearls and carried a bouquet of white roses and gladioli. Matron of honor was Mrs. Moury Manoukian and other attendants were the Misses Gloria and Anna Dadourian. H. D. Dadourian was best man.

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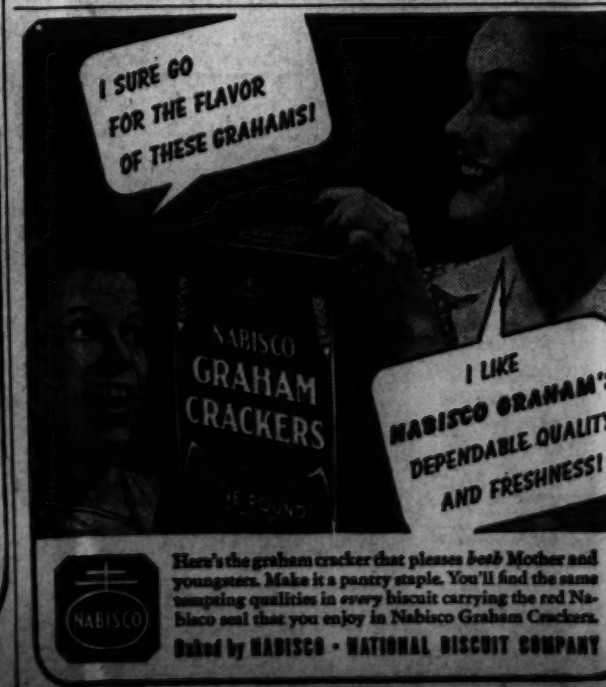
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Here's the graham cracker that pleases both Mother and youngster. Make it a pantry staple. You'll find the same tempting qualities in every biscuit carrying the red Nabisco seal that you enjoy in Nabisco Graham Crackers. Baked by NABISCO - NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Capitol Stars Will Shine On Million-Dollar Night

FAY BAINTER AND EDWARD ARNOLD, costars of the picture, will definitely be in attendance at the Victory World Premiere of "The War Against Mrs. Hadley," to be celebrated in Loew's Capitol Theater on Wednesday night, September 23.

Confirmation was received from the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios in Culver City over the weekend.

A war bond of any denomination from \$25 to \$1000 is the price of admission for the first showing on any public screen of this important film play, which has its locale in the National Capitol. The largest bond purchases, of course, will command the most desirable seat locations, with the mezzanine reserved for the \$1000 buyers. The house has been scaled to one million dollars gross bond sales for this distinguished occasion.

Tickets are now available to bond buyers at the Loew theaters, the Washington banks, Board of Trade, Merchants & Manufacturers Association and at various civic clubs. First buy your bonds, then you get your tickets—in a single transaction.

No need now to introduce Fay Bainter, who plays the title role in the picture, and Edward Arnold to theatergoers of the Capitol. Both have long been known to discriminating playgoers on both stage and screen. Initiated into the intricacies of the theater as a member of the Ben Grant Players, Mr. Arnold later was a popular member of Stephen E. Cochran's National Theater Players, has become one of the most influential citizens of Hollywood's film colony and of late months has been dashing in and out of Washington on all manner of official junkets. Miss Bainter has more than a great natural talent and long experience to equip her for the pivotal role in "The War Against Mrs. Hadley." To begin with, she was born on December 7—fateful day, since 1941, in the history of the Nation—just like the character she portrays on the screen. In private life, she is the wife of Comdr. R. S. H. Venable, U. S. N., with a student son at Stanford, who soon will be marching away to war, like her fictional son in the film. Both of these eminent artists will lend luster to a memorable evening.

Nontheatrical Groups Lend a Hand

Veterans organizations, civic clubs and fraternal groups are taking an active part in the "Salute to Our Heroes" bond campaign, which is by way of being the billion-dollar September drive, spearheaded by the motion picture industry, with John J. Payette and Carter T. Barron of the Warner and Loew interests, respectively, as local chairmen. The American Legion has won the plaudits of theater men for the great contribution they made in providing color guards and other details of the programs for the opening night of the drive in all theaters. Beginning today and on consecutive days hereafter, with September 21 and 29 open, special duties will be performed in the District of Columbia theater lobbies by the following organizations, in the order named: National Catholic Welfare Conference, Rotary Club, Kiwanis Club, Regular Veterans Association, Jewish War Veterans and Women's Auxiliary B'nai B'rith, Merchants & Manufacturers Association, District of Columbia Motion Picture Council, Advertising Club, League of American Penwomen, Lions Club, Elks Club, Knights of Pythias, Y. M. C. A. and United Spanish War Veterans.

Tomorrow at 12:30, in the French (sic) Room at the Raleigh Hotel, there will be a gathering of the ancient clans who "knew him when," to reminisce over their personal acquaintanceship with the career of George M. Cohan, whose life is being unfolded on the screen in "Yankee Doodle Dandy," the star-spangled attraction now at the Earle. With such tottering patriarchs of the drama, manager of the National and former manager for Mr. Cohan, and both the senior and junior sections of the drama desks in attendance, a fine spread of anecdote and gossip should come out of this breaking of crusts and sipping of ambrosia. You'll find out!

So great has been the demand for subscription seats since the Theater Guild-American Theater Society announced its policy of two-week bookings for all its attractions at the National Theater this season that announcement now is made that no telephone orders can be accepted. Although the balcony is practically sold out for the first week throughout the season of six plays, good seats are still available for the second week and desirable orchestra locations for both weeks. It is estimated that no less than 7000 subscriptions are now on the books. Just as a reminder, the T. G. A. T. S. office in the National Theater, in charge of Bess Davis Schreiner, is open on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week from 12 o'clock, noon.

Hyattsville's salvage campaign will be stimulated on Thursday night by giant junk rally, staged by Sidney Lust's Hyattsville Theater on the adjoining lot, under the direction of the town's salvage committee, headed by Mayor E. Murray Gover. Dave Ginsberg, manager of the theater, has arranged an elaborate outdoor entertainment program, including a long list of top-drawer acts and streamlined speeches by Lieut. Col. Caesar L. Alele, commanding officer of the Ninth Battalion, Maryland State Guard, and Horace Walker, secretary of the District of Columbia Salvage Committee.

Note—As-Far-as-the-Eye-Could-Reach Report
We told you that "This is the Army" boxoffice line would be "a mile long"—or did it only seem that way?

HEDDA HOPPER

The Bell Not Tolling!

Hollywood, Calif., Sept. 14. Since the "For Whom the Bell Tolls" cast members are back making interiors at the studio, I went over to chin with them. There was Ingrid Bergman, looking soft and feminine in a pair of men's wool pants two sizes too big for her, a BERGMAN faded green wool shirt with black stitching showing, her hair an inch long, her legs bruised from rocks and boulders she climbed over at Sonora, but beaming over her luck in getting the role of Maria in her first million dollar picture.

Gary Cooper told me the rarefied air (it's 10,000 feet up in Sonora) was so perfect he gave up cigarettes. He said you'd go to sleep on any old rock in any old position, and after a five-minute nap, you woke up feeling as though you'd had two hours. Said location was like the old days, when we had so much fun but also brought home the bacon.

Director Sam Wood whistles while he works. They all do. If this doesn't have Homingway shouting from the houseposts, then I've misread all the signs and I can't know a blooming thing about pictures.

Betty Hutton has the inside track on the life of Texas

Guinan. She'd be terrific. But she has to do "The Miracle of Morgan Creek," with Eddie Bracken, first. That's the one Preston Sturges wrote especially for her.

I knew it would happen. The minute Richard Whorf goes to Metro, they want to show Warner's how good he is, so he's in two pictures at once—"Keeper of the Flame" and "Assignment in Brittany."

Dame May Whitty plays Tyrone Power's grandmother in "Crash Dive." Studio wizards contrived a glass bell which covered a camera and sealed it on top of a submarine, had a switch below, and when they submerged, the switch was turned on—and I'll be darned if you won't see the whole performance of a submarine descending.

AMUSEMENTS
GAYETY METRO
2nd EXTRA BROS. ATTRACTION
MATS SUNYA SLANE
LOONEY LEWIS

Director Sam Wood whistles while he works. They all do. If this doesn't have Homingway shouting from the houseposts, then I've misread all the signs and I can't know a blooming thing about pictures.

From Saroyan's Best Short Play



EDDIE DOWLING AND JULIE HAYDON as they appear in "Hello, Out There," the one-act play by William Saroyan, which opened last night in the National Theater as half of a two-play bill, which also includes Gilbert K. Chesterton's "Magic." Mr. Dowling and Miss Haydon portray the principal roles in both, supported by well-chosen casts.

'Hello Out There,' 'Magic' Offer Thoughtful Evening at Theater

By Nelson B. Bell

"HELLO OUT THERE" and "MAGIC," Eddie Dowling presents William Saroyan's one-act play and the drama in three short acts by Gilbert K. Chesterton. Staged by Mr. Dowling, settings and costumes by William Barrett. Production supervision by Elizabeth Arden with lighting by Foster. At the National Theater.

The Stranger... Eddie Dowling
The Man... Julie Haydon
The Woman... John Harrall
The Stranger... Eddie Dowling
The Man... Julie Haydon
The Woman... John Harrall

Arresting "theater," in profoundly thoughtful mood, is brought to the National this week by Eddie Dowling in two short plays that stand in as vivid contrast as any that might be culled from dramatic literature for presentation on a single bill. Saroyan's "Hello Out There," the evening's "curtain-raiser," is a grim, one-act tragedy of loneliness, in which the "little people's" futile quest of a happiness always just beyond their reach is mirrored with stark and poignant beauty against a background of mob violence blind to justice and to truth. G. K. Chesterton's "Magic," on the other hand, is a powerful drama of faith, with the miracle-working powers of a conjurer as the basis of its considerable excursion into the field of physical and metaphysical causes and effects as they may shape the lives of those who seek too far for "explanations" best left reposed in a Higher Power.

Both works are interpreted by casts of unusual competence, led in each instance by Mr. Dowling and Julie Haydon, and staged with a minute eye to every material and "atmospheric" touch that can intensify the spirit and heighten the impact of the respective playlet.

Saroyan at His Best
In his brief preoccupation with the problems of the underprivileged, Saroyan has told an eloquent story of frustration with directness, occasional flashes of humor and a powerful grasp of the helplessness of the weak in the face of unreasoning force. The scene of "Hello Out There" is dingy little jail Matador, Tex. A lone prisoner, beaten, frightened, and innocent of the charges against him, awaits the penalty of an alleged crime for which the injured husband and his friends too often take the law into their own hands.

His constant cry of "Hello, Out There," finally brings the scullery maid, who earns 50 cents a day cooking for those behind the bars. To Photo Finish, the gambler whose horses never win, she is the embodiment of the world's sum total of beauty, gentleness and virtue. To her, he is the Prince Charming who endows her pitiful life with the first taste of kindness it has ever known. Together they dream of freedom, San Francisco, the wealth they will win together and happiness. Their dreams are dreams of fleeting minutes. Injustice takes its course.

Only three players, other than the stars, appear in this vignette of despair, only one importantly. As Photo Finish, Dowling gets well into the "feel" of a character typical in speech and viewpoint of one of

Saroyan's "good guys" in a desperate situation. Julie Haydon is the ethereal fulfillment of his ideal helpmeet, and the role of the retributive husband, unwilling to perceive the peridy of his wife, is adequately played by John Farrell.

A Drama of Profundities
Less tangible qualities of mind and heart are explored by Mr. Chesterton in "Magic." Through the medium of a girl's unshakable belief in fairies, elves, witches and the other strange manifestations to be encountered in a "Celtic mist" over the English meadows, and her American brother's violent impatience with any credence in such phantasms, the author makes out a considerable case for faith in those "miracles" that cannot be interpreted in mortal terms as well as in those that can. The protagonist of this thesis is the professional conjurer, first mistaken by Patricia Carleton for one of the elfish spirits with which she was accustomed to commune in the shadowy glades of the Duke's estate.

The controversies, minor catastrophes and ultimate crises in which the magician becomes entangled involve discussions among the Duke, the Rev. Cyril Smith and the eminent Dr. Grimthorpe that betray the fallibility of all their philosophies and most of their beliefs.

The Stranger with the magic powers is effectively portrayed by Eddie Dowling of entirely different men than revealed in "Hello, Out There." He brings dignity, fervor and wit to a role of exalted purpose. Miss Haydon again is the girl whose qualities are finely matched by the talents which interpret them, and Bram Nossen, Stanley Harrison and John McKee bring particular clarity and variety to the characters of the clergyman, the Duke and the medical scientist. Jess Barker, as the young American agnostic, gives a thoroughly vigorous performance.

Whether or not the National's double-bill fulfills the demands of the "commercial" theater, it does afford an invigorating psychological exercise for which Mr. Dowling and his associates deserve both credit and thanks.

AMUSEMENTS
PIX
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TOMORROW

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"KUKAN" THE
"BAILE CRY
OF CHINA"
Last "FOUR
DAY FEATHERS"

TONIGHT—H. & W. C. NIGHT IN OUR BOND BOOTH
CAPITOL
New. Doors open 10:45
Gene KRUPA
and his BAND
Screen
"INVISIBLE
AGENT"
THURSDAY
Mary Roberts Rinehart's
"TISH"
MARJORIE MAIN
ZAZI PITTS
Jack DURANT
PATRICIA DOWMAN

PALACE
Last 2 Days, Doors Open 10:45
CLARK GABLE
LANA TURNER
"Somewhere I'll Find You"
THURSDAY
BING CROSBY
FRED ASTAIRE
"HOLIDAY INN"
COLUMBIA
Last 2 Days, Doors Open 10:15
"Mrs. Miniver"
THURSDAY
"FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

Broadway Signboard

New York, Sept. 14.
VITAL STATISTICS: Elliot Paul, who wrote the best-selling book, "The Last Time I Saw Paris," has spent most of his 52 years living abroad. Last month he decided to obtain a copy of his birth certificate and wrote to the secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. He always had been under the impression that his father was Howard Henry Paul, born in Ellsworth, Me., and that his mother was Lucy Douset Paul, born in Rockport, Mass. . . . And now, after 52 years, Paul discovered—from the birth certificate sent him—that those were not his parents . . . that he is the son of Francis T. and Sarah A. Paul of New Haven, Conn., and Milford, Mass., respectively.

THEATER DEPARTMENT: John L. Lewis once was an actor in a play, for a single performance. It happened during the days when he toured the mining districts, organizing the miners. The road company of a New York play was touring this very region of Pennsylvania at the same time Lewis was visiting these towns. And on the train and in the hotel lobbies Lewis met and became friendly with the troupe. One of them suggested, on a day when the union leader wasn't scheduled to make a speech, that he play one of the roles, for one performance. When Lewis agreed, they dressed him with jewels and the costume of a Turkish pasha, and he went on . . . "I hope I didn't disappoint you," said Lewis, later . . . "Oh, no," he was assured. "You packed the house. These people out from were all miners."

FINANCE DEPARTMENT: George Bernard Shaw refuses to permit any producer to present any of his plays in New York. The 85-year-old playwright wrote to Lawrence Langner of the Theater Guild, stating that, except for stock production, he didn't want his plays produced here because the high income tax rates would leave him little money . . . "What're you trying to do?" Langner wrote him. "Saving up money for your old age?"

SPORTS DEPARTMENT: Nancy Carroll was in the Stork Club where she asked anxiously whether the Dodgers had won the ball game that day . . . "The Dodgers lost," Jack Spooner reported to her . . . "Oh, that means I won't be able to sleep tonight," Nancy sighed . . . "Are you that much of a Dodger fan?" she was asked . . . "No, but Leo Durocher lives in the apartment next to mine," she explained, "and when the Dodgers lose his screams keep me awake."

NAVY DEPARTMENT: Ensign True Davis, who has downed five Jap planes and who flew in the battle of Midway, came to Broadway last week. At El Morocco's bar, someone accidentally stepped on his foot. Ensign Davis winced, and said: "Oh, shucks." . . . "Shucks isn't the kind of word for a young flier to use," suggested the man next to him . . . "Well, sir, I don't curse anymore," the flier replied. "The second time I was downed I was in the water for eight hours. That's when I went religious."

LOCAL NEWS: Laurence Dennis, the intellectual Fascist, has discontinued his news-letter service . . . Bobby Goetz is putting an end to his notoriety. He took his Army oath last week . . . Paul Robeson is canceling the second half of his scheduled concert tour and will bring his "Othello" to Broadway in January . . . Ted Lewis, the high-hatted tragedian of song, who for 15 years has toured every hamlet in the country, is making another swing around the country now . . . The veteran Lina Abarbanel made her first theatrical appearance in 11 years last night when she went on as understudy to Margaret Bennerman in "By Jupiter" . . .

TRAVEL DEPARTMENT: Joe Frisco was in Boston, where, in being guided through the city, he saw the statue of the Puritans . . . Frisco studied the high-hatted figures and said: "It's n-n-no use, fellers. T-t-ted Lewis was here ahead of you."

AMUSEMENTS
LAST DAY /
Alfred Hitchcock's
"THE WOMAN
ALONE"
JEAN GABIN
"THEY WERE FIVE"
COOLED LITTLE 9: F

AMUSEMENTS
90% allure
10% sarong
adds up to LURONG!

AMUSEMENTS
LAST DAY /
Alfred Hitchcock's
"THE WOMAN
ALONE"
JEAN GABIN
"THEY WERE FIVE"
COOLED LITTLE 9: F

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Alfred Hitchcock's
"THE WOMAN
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JEAN GABIN
"THEY WERE FIVE"
COOLED LITTLE 9: F

AMUSEMENTS
NATIONAL
TONIGHT AT 8:30
1st Matinee Tomorrow 2:30
JULIE HAYDON
"HELLO OUT THERE"
SARAYAN'S "MAGIC"
CHESTERTON'S "MAGIC"
Even., 5:45, 8:15, 10:45, 12:30
Matinees, 2:30, 5:15, 8:00, 10:45
Wed. & Sat.
ONE WEEK REG. NEXT MON. SEATS
MAX GORDON presents
Immediately Prior To H. V. O'Connell
"FRANKLIN STREET"
A New Comedy
by ARTHUR SHEERMAN
and R. G. A. G. GORTZ
Staged by GEORGE S. KAUFMAN
A comedy play for the theater
Even., 8:15, 10:45, 12:30
Matinees, 2:30, 5:15, 8:00, 10:45
Wed. & Sat. 5:45, 8:15, 10:45, 12:30

AMUSEMENTS
CONCERTS
1ST SUNDAY SERIES: Concert Chorus, Kessler, Tenor, Soprano, Baritone, Bass, Soloists, 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
2ND SUNDAY SERIES: Bach, Beethoven, Brahms, Schubert, Schumann, Tchaikovsky, 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
Deposits of \$1000 or more in Cash or U.S. Government Bonds or U.S. Savings Bonds, 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
SUNDAY AFTERNOONS AT 4:00
CONSTITUTION HALL

AMUSEMENTS
NOW RKO KEITH'S
8:00
LOU
ABBOTT COSTELLO
Pardon My Satong
VIRGINIA BRUCE
The Girl Who Sings
THE FOUR INK SPOTS
Aldrich . . . A REVIVAL
"LA CUCARACHA"
abridged with TECHNICAL
Coloring . . . WALT DISNEY'S "BAMBI"

AMUSEMENTS
NATIONAL
2 Weeks Reg. Tues. Sept. 22
"THIS IS THE ARMY"
SEATS NOW AT SPECIAL BOX OFFICE
IN CIVILIAN DEFENSE VOLUNTEER
BOOTH OPPOSITE NATIONAL THEATER

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BOOTH OPPOSITE NATIONAL THEATER

HELP, MEN

YOUNG MAN wanted. good salary; must
have driver's permit. Apply 1121

at. n.w. - Mr. Tucci.

YOUNG MAN
For general work, 18, high school graduate weight 150. D. C. operator's permit.
NATIONAL CASH RECEIPTER CO.
1217 K ST. N.W.

INSULATION men. Experience with blowing equipment preferred. CHL 826
7 to 9 a. m., 4 to 5 p. m.

ENGINEER
Steady Job
Good Salary
Apply
Howard Cleaners
& Launderers
1347 S. Capitol St.

WRAPPING CLERK
18-21 Years
See Mr. Schmidt
Apply
7th & F Sts. N.W.

MAN
with some
Mechanical
Knowledge

TO HELP REPAIR

WASHING MACHINES
Apply
Employment Office
4th Floor
LANSBURGH'S
DEPARTMENT STORE

T E R I A
R K E R S
COLORED MEN
Not Necessary
after 8 hours
AY for 8 holidays
10 weeks' leave with pay
RANCE ESSENTIAL
N—8 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
st ST. N.W.

T R I C T
A G E R S
and 40 with or without news
ence, who are interested in per
a progressive newspaper.
tomobile in good running con

knowledge of Washington and

Car Allowance
Mr. Smith, First Floor,
on Post Bldg.,
2 P. M. Weekdays

WANTED
QUANTITY OF WORK
EXPERIENCE NECESSARY
WELL PAID FOR

Must be in good health; have good vision and be free from color blindness; 5 feet 6 inches to 6 feet 2 inches in height, and weigh in proportion (about 140 to 225 pounds); good moral character and a clear record of past employment essential. Motor vehicle operator's permit necessary.

Must be in good health, active and accustomed to standing several hours at a time. Good moral character and clear record of past employment essential.

WEEKDAYS BEFORE 10 A.M.
TRANSIT CO.

Prospect Avenue, N. W.

on Following Page.

HELP, MEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

YOUNG MAN, good 2 for traveling crew; call 4200 for results. Apply Room 424, 1400 New York Ave. N.W.

COLORED PORTERS
Buckingham Community
\$20—Weekly Wages—\$20
Apply
3900 4th Street North
Arlington, Va.

PORTER

For Light Janitor Work for Chain of Stores

Apply in Person
8:30-10 a. m.
Smith's Stores
4913 Georgia Ave. N.W.

Night Auditor

for Downtown Hotel

Must be experienced and have thorough knowledge of National Cash Register Machine.

Salary \$170 Month
Box 303, Washington Post

(2) Mechanics

(1) First Class (White)

Excellent salary, according to ability.

Vacation with pay
Full coverage insurance.

SEE MR. ELLIS
N. B. LEARY, JR., & BROS.
"Washington's Oldest Distributors"
1625 You St. N.W.
TODAY

BUTCHER

Experienced

Excellent Salary to Start
Self Service Store
Also

Part-time Butcher
6 P.M. to 10 P.M. Daily

Sunshine Market
501 N. Columbus St.
Alexandria, Va.

WAREHOUSE

STOCKMAN AND TRUCK DRIVER

For large corporation.
Excellent opportunity
for right man.

Apply
1119 21st St. N.W.

Little Tavern

Shops, Inc.

Has Openings for
COUNTERMEN

Liberal Hourly Wage Plus High
Overtime Rate

Apply
1409 K St. N.W.

8 A.M. to 12 Noon
Monday, Wednesday and Friday

or
8230 Georgia Ave.

Tuesday and Thursday,
9 A.M. to 12 Noon

Immediate

OPENING

for

STOCK

ROOM

SUPERVISOR

Apply
THE HECHT CO.
SERVICE BLDG.
1400 Okie St. N.E.

RECEIVING

CLERK

EXPERIENCE NOT
NECESSARY

Apply
Employment Office
4th Floor
LANSBURGH'S
DEPARTMENT STORE

HELP, MEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

Young Man
Opportunity for young man 25 to 35 years of age. Great deferred, contacting the public.

Must be aggressive and intelligent.
Advancement regular and steady.
Starting salary \$105 per month.

Apply to Mr. Bush
Advance Credit Corp.
3227 Rhode Island Ave.
Phone Union 2680

WANTED

USHERS

Over 18
Bring Proof of Age
Loew's Capitol
F at 14th St. N.W.
After 11 A. M.

HELP, WOMEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

Women—if you don't find your position in the help wanted column, please place a "Wanted" ad in the Post. A 3-line ad costs only 25 cents.

Bookkeeping Mach. Oper.
N. C. R. Burroughs, Remington Rand;
225-215 West. Miss Knish. Personal
Service, 1311 G.

BOOKKEEPER
EXPERIENCED, FOR
GUEST HOME.
HO. 7700

BUNDLE WRAPPERS
Immediate openings. No experience
necessary. Apply
Employment Office
1320 F St. N.W., Room 203
Raleigh Haberdasher

BUS GIRLS
Kitchen help, Washington Restaurant
Assn., 2003 Eye St. N.W.

CASHIER for restaurant, must know how
to type; day work; no Sunday work; \$25
a week; work while learning. Apply to
Nichols' Cafe, 614 17th St. N.W.

CHORUS GIRLS WANTED
Showgirls and Dancers for
Stock Engagement.
Experience Not Necessary.
Report Pat Woods
GAYETY THEATER

CLERKS WANTED
Several intelligent young ladies for clerical
work in pleasant surroundings. Five-day
week. Salary \$25 weekly. State area,
experience if any, and give references.
Reply Box 265, Washington Post.

COOK
(Colored) for restaurant. Pastry, de-
serts and pantries work; experienced. Ap-
ply 1738 M St. N.W.

COMPTON OPERATORS (3), 127.50.
Wood College, 710 14th St. N.W.

COUNTER CLERK
Position available for young
woman who is neat in appear-
ance and experienced in meet-
ing public. Hours Thursday,
Friday and Saturday 2 to 11
p. m., Sunday and Monday, 11
a. m. to 8 p. m. Apply in person
to Mr. Smith, first floor,
1337 E St. N.W., 9 to 12 week-
days.

GIRL, COLORED
From 18-25. No experience necessary.
To learn trade in new dry-cleaning plant.
Good pay while learning. Call in person
at once.

KENT STORES
2035 W. Virginia Ave. N.E.

GIRLS
for clerical work. Typists preferred.
Day and night work. Full time
only. Apply Mr. Brittingham,
Postal Telegraph, 507 Evans Bldg.

INVESTIGATORS, \$120 MO.
Familiar with city. Miss Reed, Personnel
Service, 1311 G. NA. 2114.

MANICURIST
For barber shop, experienced.
SEATON'S BARBER SHOP
1316 New York Ave. N.W.

NURSE
(White) to care for 2 small children;
live in; permanent; references. EM. 0259.

OFFICE GIRL
Some typists; good penmanship required.
Experience not necessary. 728 9th St. N.W.

PANTRY-PAstry GIRLS
Experienced, WASHINGTON RESTAURANT
ASSN., 2003 Eye St. N.W.

RECEPTIONIST
Expert and beginner for offices, stores
and hospitals; \$50-\$125 mo. Miss Reed,
Personnel Service, 1311 G.

RESTAURANT HELP
All types. Washington Restaurant As-
sociation, 2003 Eye St. N.W. NO. FEES.

ROOM CLERK-CASHIER
HOURS 5-10 P. M.
APPLY 1759 R ST. N.W.

SALES LADY
With jewelry store experience
preferred, permanent
position, good salary. Apply,
A. Kahn, Inc., 935 F St. N.W.

SALESWOMEN
High's Jew. Ornament Store between the
ages of 18 and 40; experience not neces-
sary, but must be neat in appearance and
able to furnish good character references;
\$17 wk. to start and chance for advance-
ment; two to four weeks' apply mon-
day, between 9:30 and 11, 1326 1/2 St. N.W.

SEAMSTRESSES, WHITE
Day and evening shifts; light work on
straight and double needle power machines.
Apply 3421 14th St. N.W.

STENO-SECRETARY, 25-30 yrs., \$1,620.
Wood College, 710 14th St. N.W.

STENO-TEMP, 3 mos., \$30-\$75.50.
Wood College, 710 14th St. N.W.

STENO-TEMP, 6 weeks, \$35 week.
Wood College, 710 14th St. N.W.

STENOGRAPHERS, \$35 UP
Temporary and Permanent Positions.
Adams Agency, 204 Colorado Bl., 14th & G

STENOGRAPHER
Well-known organization has opening for
experienced or thoroughly trained stenog-
rapher. Good salary with opportunity to
advance. Refused surroundings, good hours,
five-day week. Recruit must give ad-
vance training, experience if any, and names of
former employers. Reply Box 264, Wash-
ington Post.

STOCK CLERKS \$18-\$25 Wk.
Experienced and beginners, Miss Reed,
Personnel Service, 1311 G.

STUDENT to correct papers in exchange
for business course. BOYD'S 1333 F.

TEACHERS WANTED
Many Vacancies in Public and
Private Schools.
Come in and Register.
Adams Teachers Agency
204 Colorado Building

TYPIST
8-Day, 40-Hour Week. 1121 9th St. N.W.

HELP, WOMEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

TEACHER, elementary grades, for private
boarding school; room, board and \$75
per month. Call WI. 1600.

TYPIST—OFFICE WORK
YOUNG GIRL (SINGLE)
\$100 MO. TO START
SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. EX-
CELLENT WORKING CONDI-
TIONS. 40-HOUR WEEK. BOX
M-622, WASHINGTON POST.

TYPISTS WANTED
Several rapid, intelligent typists. Accu-
racy and speed required but previous ex-
perience not necessary. Salary \$25 weekly.
Five-day week. Excellent working condi-
tions. Give age, training, and references.
Reply Box 265, Washington Post.

TYPISTS—\$120
Experience Not Necessary.
Adams Agency, 204 Colorado Bl., 14th & G

WAITRESSES
Experienced. MUN PONG'S RESTAU-
RANT, 1317 Rhode Island Ave. N.E.

WAITRESSES
WHITE
EXPERIENCED.
APPLY
NEPTUNE ROOM
1700 R St. N.W.

WAITRESS (WHITE)
Full Time, 40-Hour Week.
Good Pay, Plus Two Meals.
Y. W. C. A.
17th and K Sts. N.W.

WAITRESSES (WHITE)
Metropolitan Club
1700 R St. N.W.

WAITRESSES (WHITE)
FULL OR PART TIME
CERES RESTAURANT
1311 E St. N.W.

WAITRESSES
MUST BE OVER 21.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
APPLY
CHILDS RESTAURANT
1340 NEW YORK AVE. N.W.

WAITRESS
Good pay. No Sunday work. PARK
INN CAFE, 1017 15th St. N.W.

WOMEN, 25 TO 40
Refined and dependable; salary \$22.50;
counter work.
See Mr. Smith, 6 to 8 p. m.
POPPINO'S FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH,
2101 14th St. N.W.

YOUNG LADY
18 years and over; high school educa-
tion; must be accurate with figures; 5-day
week. Apply 1121 9th St. N.W.

THE JEWEL TEA CO.
Has opening for 3 route sales-
women between the ages of 21-45.
Guaranteed weekly salaries and
commissions. Routes currently earn-
ing from \$35-\$45 per week. Applica-
nts must be in good physical con-
dition and able to furnish bond and
references. Call
TR. 3403 FOR APPOINTMENT

WANTED AT ONCE
LABORATORY TECHNICIAN
All routines, including tissue slides.
Salary about \$120 month plus maintenance.
If qualified telephone Mr. Cotter, Hager-
man, 2nd day, time, tel. 2490; after 7 p. m.,
tel. 2805.

WAR WIDOWS, over 30 (white), women
whose husbands are in service.
Part or full-time work. Opportunity for
advancement. RE. 0795.

JUNIOR CLERK
position in circulation depart-
ment to take complaints by
telephone. Hours 3:30 p. m.
to 11:30 p. m. including Sunday-
days. 5-day week position.
\$19.80 week to start. Apply
in person to Mr. Smith, Per-
sonnel Director, The Washing-
ton Post, 1337 E St. N.W., be-
tween 9 a. m. and 12 noon.

SERVICE DESK
Position available for girl
to take complaints by tele-
phone. No experience neces-
sary. Hours 7 a. m. to 3 p. m.,
including Sundays. 5-day week
position. \$19.80 to start. Apply
in person to Mr. Smith, Per-
sonnel Director, The Washing-
ton Post, 1337 E St. N.W., be-
tween 9 a. m. and 12 noon.

Salesladies
No Experience Necessary
18 Years of Age or Over
Some Women for Night Work
Apply
Personnel Office
3128 14th St. N.W.

Attention!!

GIRLS

Over 18 Years
Apply
Martha Washington
Candies
507 12th St. N.W.

CASHIERS

GOOD SALARY

Pleasant Working Conditions
WOMAN'S
APPAREL SHOP
APPLY MANAGER
WILBUR ROGERS
1211 F St. N.W.

SALESWOMEN

All Departments

Full or Part Time Positions
Apply
MISS LUBER
Lerner Shops
416 7th St. N.W.

SALESWOMEN

All Departments

Full or Part Time Positions
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MISS LUBER
Lerner Shops
416 7th St. N.W.

Life's Darkest Moment



HELP, WOMEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

YOUNG LADY
High school graduate, commercial course,
excellent opportunity for conscientious
worker. Will train to operate bookkeeping
machine and other office appliances. Typing
essential. Call RA. 1203 after
4 p. m.

GIRL

(white) 18-26

To Work in Dry Cleaning
Department.
\$16.50 per week
Experience Not Necessary.
Apply
Pioneer Laundry
920 Rhode Island Ave. N.E.

Clerk-Typist

8:30 A.M. to 4 P.M.

\$74 Month plus Bonus
High school graduate under 35.
Permanent resident of Wash-
ington or vicinity.
Apply Room 705
816 14th St. N.W.
Between 10 and 3

RALEIGH

HABERDASHER

Has Several Openings for
GENERAL
OFFICE
WORK
No Experience Necessary
Permanent Position
Apply
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
1330 F St. N.W., Room 208

SALES LADIES

for

Dresses, Coats and
Suits
Full or Part Time
Salary and Commission
Urdong Bros.
1206 F St. N.W.

G. C. MURPHY

Desires the services of

SALES LADIES
18 years of age or over
Good salary. Short hours
Steady Work
Apply Personnel Department
1214 G St. N.W.

SALES LADIES

for

Dresses, Coats and
Suits
Full or Part Time
Salary and Commission
Urdong Bros.
1206 F St. N.W.

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Suits
Full or Part Time
Salary and Commission
Urdong Bros.
1206 F St. N.W.

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Full or Part Time
Salary and Commission
Urdong Bros.
1206 F St. N.W.

HELP, WOMEN

(Continued from preceding column.)

COLLEGE GIRLS—\$1,820
Library Work
Adams Agency, 204 Colorado Bl., 14th & G

CASHIERS

Food Checkers

for Luncheon Period
in
Cafeterias
in
Government Buildings
Apply
1119 21st St. N.W.

Experienced

Telephone

Operators
Apply
Mrs. Riggles
725 13th St. N.W.
8:30 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Monday thru Friday

FOODS

Many chances for advancement

WE NEED WOMEN
CASHIERS CHECKERS CLERKS
Age 25-35
\$22 Week to Start
40-Hour Week
Giant Food Dept. Stores
No. 1—3500 Georgia Ave. N.W.
No. 2—18th and N Sts. N.W.
No. 3—15th and Wisconsin Ave. N.W.
No. 4—18th and R. I. Ave. N.W.
No. 5—614 Georgia Ave. N.W.
No. 6—1850 Wilson Blvd., Arl., Va.

KENT JEWELERS

has three openings for

YOUNG WOMEN
for
General Office Work
Assist in Repair Department
Sell Jewelry
Apply
701 7th St. N.W.

Rich Girl-Poor Girl

By FAITH BALDWIN

JONATHAN was in a bad humor for golf. He was just beginning, he'd had a couple of lessons from the new pro who assured him that he had a natural sense of balance. Like most beginners his first few drives had been stupendous and he'd run down a couple of long puts quite by accident. He was in two minds about the Country Club. Of course, it was quite true, as the Senator who had proposed him for membership explained, that he would make friends at the club and friends were apt to turn into patients, for better or worse. On the other hand, there was the initiation fee, the yearly dues, the greens' fee, the caddies and tipping; he had to keep up his share of the nineteenth hole liquor in his locker; and he would be, he thought rather gloomily, entertained occasionally. Even as a bachelor he would be compelled to do some entertaining in return. Besides, in these senatorial matches, money was always involved.

Hence, today, at least, he played a very bad game and the Senator who, although an older hand, was not a great deal better, pocketed \$6 with great satisfaction.

Living up to the Suttons had its drawbacks, Jonathan reflected. Sally, for instance, expected the routine attentions—flowers, candy—"Riverport isn't entirely barbarian." Movies cost little, but when you added up the times you'd attended during the past few months, the sum mounted. Sally thought he should have a new car. And she'd decided that his house was shabby. She'd see to that. New curtains, grass and fiber rugs for summer, new screens, slip covers. She'd walk in one day and make a tour of inspection, and the first thing he knew she'd sent someone to take measurements and found him "a cheap little woman" to do the sewing and had herself selected the material from New York. "It's a bad advertisement," she told him severely, "to let your house or yourself run down."

Jonathan Spends Too Much Money

Under this expensive spell he had ordered some new suits, flannels, golf clothes. His clubs had run into money, too. The Senator had told him that the professional must select them. There were no two ways about it. Consequently, Jonathan found himself weighed down by a handsome bag so heavy that he was sorry for his caddy but would have been forced to cart it about, and a complete set of clubs, of which there were several which remained mysteries to him and which he would probably never use.

Jonathan wasn't always worrying about his income. There were evenings with Rose, at home, and in his little car. As days grew longer and spring was definitely at home once more, he fell into the habit of stopping for her when he made calls at night, and returning home with her for something to eat. Now and then they went picknicking when he had the time... a basket supper somewhere—at the camp of a friend of Rose's, perhaps, or along the road. And more than one Sunday she inducted him into the woods where he viewed for the first time the red and white faces of the trillium, the rose swaying of the pink mosses and flowers and the yellow glory of lady slippers. There were also mosquitoes to engage his attention, and once he found that he had an armful of Rose herself, as she sprang back from an encounter with a long grey sleepy snake which eyed her indifferently and slipped soundlessly off along the ground pine, the slippery pine needles and wet black leaf-mold.

It was a pleasant sensation, Jonathan found. Rose recovered far too quickly to please him. She apologized ruefully. "I'm sorry. I've always been a fool about snakes. I'll never have another peaceful moment in these woods. I can't bear the critters!" she said.

She had not since their last argument mentioned the Suttons. But presently Jonathan said, feeling shamefaced, and annoyed to find himself in that condition:

The Doctor Plans a Housewarming

"Sally suggested that I throw some sort of a party after she got back—a sort of housewarming." "Housewarming?" Rose repeated, walking along beside him and keeping an alert blue eye for more reptiles. "Aren't you a little tardy?"

"I know it sounds silly. But after all, people have been very kind to me here, and—"

"Your new curtains are attractive," Rose said.

She laughed at him suddenly, tolerantly. She said, "I'm sorry. They are, you know. Evalina showed me. You were out."

"Be a good sport," he begged her, "and take over the job. Evalina can't manage alone. We'll have to have outside assistance." He looked at her appealingly and ran his hands through his hair until it stood up in all directions and gave him the look of a frantic small boy. "Food and all," he said helplessly. "I'll never go through with it alone."

She thought, well, ask Sally to arrange things for you, she'll lend a butler or two. But she didn't say it. She said, merely, "All right, when the time comes, I'll make out a list and everything. Evalina's a grand manager. She'll know someone who can come in and help."

She was startled to find herself committed, to find herself, indeed, in the role of unofficial hostess. Jonathan's party took place in June, shortly after Sally returned. His guests included Sally, Phil Dexter, Rose, Bill Lynd, Bill's sister and her husband, Fred Bates and his bride, Sam Patten and his sister, Miss Anderson, the attractive pool nurse, and himself. It was out of the question to seat them all at the table so Rose evolved a buffet supper, and spent her spare hours closeted with Eve-

lina, who grumbled and chewed, and enjoyed herself very much.

Everyone Helps With the Party

An agile girl was found to help in the kitchen and with the simple serving, and Rose borrowed the sturdiest card tables she could find and delved in her mother's linen closets as well as in Dr. Ballard's and supplemented the china and glassware and silver. It had been decided that after supper they could all pile into cars and go up to the Country Club to dance.

The day of course proved an unusually heavy one for Jonathan. He performed two minor operations, made some country calls after his office hours and rushed home with all the speed of which the little car was capable, to change into blue flannels and blue coat. He breathed a sigh of relief when he found Rose already there. She had borrowed an apron from Evalina and had been out in the yard, picking flowers. Now she was arranging them in every possible jar and bowl.

Jonathan came in, tossed his bag into the office, cast his hat aside and groaned. Rose turning, her hands full of lilac branches, smiled at him. She said: "There's lots of hot water and you've plenty of time. You'll have to make the cocktails though... I'm no expert."

"You're an angel," he said fervently. "What have you got on under that?"

Rose laughed. She was enveloped from head to chin in the biggest and bluest apron she could find. She said, "Cellophane, of course... as far as any wings go. Hurry up, get bathed and shaved. You certainly need a shave. Everything's all right."

She was smiling to herself as she went about the living room and dining room with her vases and jars. She heard the water running furiously into the tub upstairs and the slamming of many doors. And presently a car door slammed, long before time for the guests to arrive, and Sally Sutton walked in at the open front door. Her chauffeur followed with a basket of flowers. The Sutton gardens and greenhouses were rather famous in the North.

"Oh!" said Sally, blankly. She was wearing starched cotton lace in a deep, night sky-blue. She had a new hair cut while in town. Her yellow curls were piled high and she had a funny little curled bang. Lapis swung from her ears and her frock was demurely high in the front and alarmingly low in the back. She wore brilliant lipstick and her eyes were shadowed with some faintly metallic synthetic shadow.

"Chals to Newcastle," she commented, recovering from her first not altogether pleased astonishment. "I see I'm too late. Thought Kim would like a few posies. Men never think about these things."

"No," agreed Rose, "they don't. If you'll get the basket—here," she told the chauffeur. The chauffeur, grinning slightly, complied and hastened back to his car, revolving phrases... Taken back if ever I saw anyone... and the other dame as cool as a cucumber and as pretty as a picture... a hot number, the Doc... takes these quiet guys."

Rose went to the basket and lifted out the roses, forced, waxen, beautiful. She said, sincerely, "They're lovely. I'll find vases for them."

Sally put aside her silly little wrap of tailed ermine. She opened a vanity case and looked at herself. She snapped it shut. She remarked, "Kim's fortunate to have persuaded you to come over and help him."

"I like to," said Rose quietly. "I suppose I feel at home in this house. It's my uncle's you know."

"Oh, Doctor Ballard's. I'd forgotten." Sally fished in her cloth of gold bag for a cigarette case and a lighter. Presently, inhaling, she said, "Kim's quite a man with the ladies, isn't he? Here I come bearing gifts, and here you are so delightfully domestic. Perfect set-up for a harem. Can't I help you?"

"Thanks no," said Rose sweetly. "You might try water on your frock. It's charming, but the way."

"Our host's favorite color. Worn out of courtesy to him," said Sally. "That's nice," commented Rose, moving away to set a flower vase on the living room mantel, "mine's blue, too."

Sally grinned at the other girl's back. She thoroughly enjoyed the situation. And in all fairness, she could be fair, she rather admired her adversary. Schoolma'am or no schoolma'am, Rose Ward had her points.

(To be continued)

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RIGHT AROUND HOME



JOE PALOOKA



Bad News



BY DUDLEY FISHER

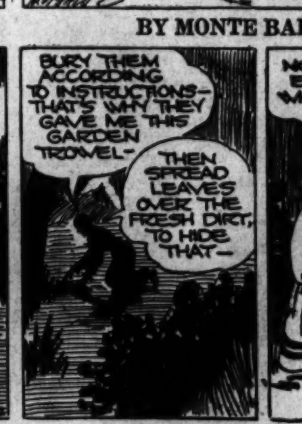


BY HAM FISHER



NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELMY

BY CLIFFORD MCBRIDE

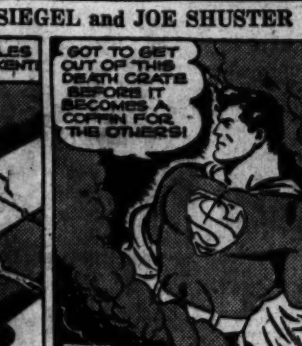
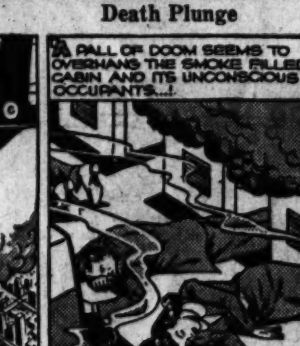


JANE ARDEN

In Enemy Territory

BY MONTE BARRETT AND RUSSELL ROSS

BY JERRY SIEGEL AND JOE SHUSTER



SUPERMAN

Death Plunge

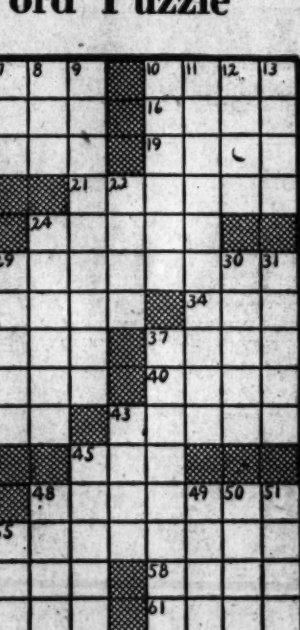
What's Going On And Where

Listen!

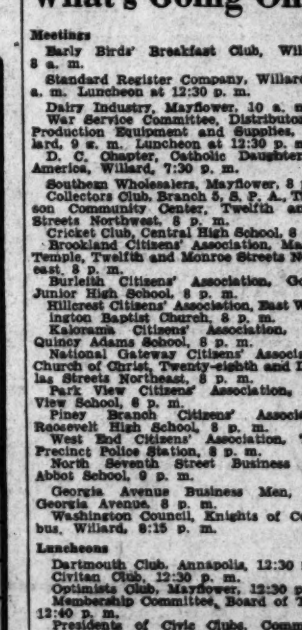
Daily Cross Word Puzzle



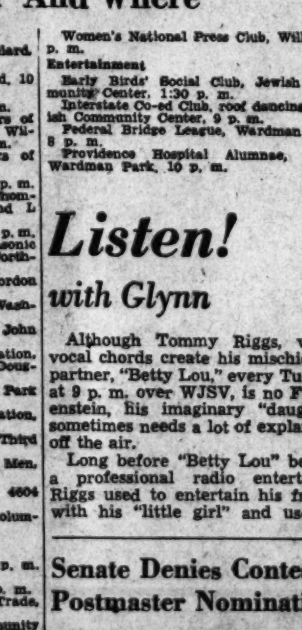
What's Going On And Where



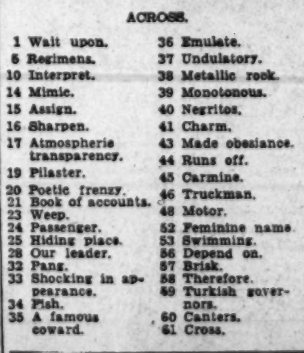
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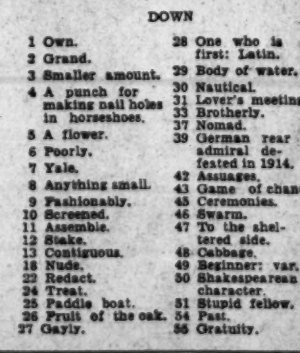
Senate Denies Contested Postmaster Nomination



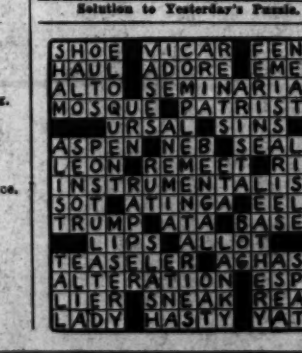
SOCK 'EM SAM



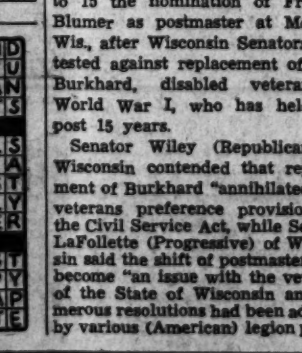
HOW'S THAT AGAIN?



NOT ENOUGH B COMPLEX?



THERE'S A DRINK FOR YOU!



Radio Highlights

12:30 p. m. WMAL—National Farm and Home Hour. William Lewis, Chief of the Radio Bureau of the Office of War Information, is today's guest speaker.

2 p. m. WOL—Morton Gould conducts a program of American music.

3:30 p. m. WJW—How he'll talk remains to be seen, but one of the guests on "Hobby Lobby" is a gent who boasts of being able to hold four billiard balls in his mouth.

5 p. m. WMAL—Famous Jury Trials. The case of David Kent, charged with murdering his wife in tonight's true courtroom drama.

5:30 p. m. WJW—The all-soldier variety show known as "Cheer from the Camp," originates at Camp Forrest, near Nashville, Tenn. Ted Husing serves as master of ceremonies.

10 p. m. WOL—Tami Mauriello and Jimmy Bivins go at each other for ten fast rounds of heavyweight boxing.

10:30 p. m. WJW—Red Skelton, the popular "I doo it" comedian, returns after a summer vacation. The same trouper who helped him, last season, Harriet Hilliard, Ozzie Nelson and Wonderful Smith, are back again.

Tuesday, Sept. 15

WMAL	WOL	WJW	WJL	WJL	WJL
478M	690EC	818M	890EC	238M	1280EC
News at 6, 7, 9, 10 A.M.	News at 6, 7 A.M.	News at 6, 7 A.M.	News at 6, 7 A.M.	News at 6, 7 A.M.	News at 6, 7 A.M.
Today's Parade, 6:05	Today's Parade, 6:05	Today's Parade, 6:05	Today's Parade, 6:05	Today's Parade, 6:05	Today's Parade, 6:05
Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35	Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35	Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35	Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35	Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35	Kidnappers, 7:15, 8, 9:35
C. Mahoney, 7:45	C. Mahoney, 7:45	C. Mahoney, 7:45	C. Mahoney, 7:45	C. Mahoney, 7:45	C. Mahoney, 7:45
9:00—Breakfast Club	9:00—Breakfast Club	9:00—Breakfast Club	9:00—Breakfast Club	9:00—Breakfast Club	9:00—Breakfast Club
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11:45—	11:45—	11:45—	11:45—	11:45—	11:45—

250W—WJLW—1340EC

News Every Hour on the Hour.	12:30—News; Bob Callahan.	7:00—Morton Gould.
6:00—Morton Gould.	12:30—Chicken Red.	7:30—Morton Gould.
6:30—Morton Gould.	1:00—News; Sports Parade.	8:00—Morton Gould.
6:45—Morton Gould.	1:30—News; Sports Parade.	8:30—Morton Gould.
7:00—Morton Gould.	2:00—News; Sports Parade.	9:00—Morton Gould.
7:15—Morton Gould.	2:30—News; Sports Parade.	9:30—Morton Gould.
7:30—Morton Gould.	3:00—News; Sports Parade.	10:00—Morton Gould.
7:45—Morton Gould.	3:30—News; Sports Parade.	10:30—Morton Gould.
8:00—Morton Gould.	4:00—News; Sports Parade.	11:00—Morton Gould.
8:15—Morton Gould.	4:30—News; Sports Parade.	11:30—Morton Gould.
8:30—Morton Gould.	5:00—News; Sports Parade.	12:00—Morton Gould.
8:45—Morton Gould.	5:30—News; Sports Parade.	12:30—Morton Gould.
9:00—Morton Gould.	6:00—News; Sports Parade.	1:00—Morton Gould.
9:15—Morton Gould.	6:30—News; Sports Parade.	1:30—Morton Gould.
9:30—Morton Gould.	7:00—News; Sports Parade.	2:00—Morton Gould.
9:45—Morton Gould.	7:30—News; Sports Parade.	2:30—Morton Gould.
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10:15—Morton Gould.	8:30—News; Sports Parade.	3:30—Morton Gould.
10:30—Morton Gould.	9:00—News; Sports Parade.	4:00—Morton Gould.
10:45—Morton Gould.	9:30—News; Sports Parade.	4:30—Morton Gould.
11:00—Morton Gould.	10:00—News; Sports Parade.	5:00—Morton Gould.
11:15—Morton Gould.	10:30—News; Sports Parade.	5:30—Morton Gould.
11:30—Morton Gould.	11:00—News; Sports Parade.	6:00—Morton Gould.
11:45—Morton Gould.	11:30—News; Sports Parade.	6:30—Morton Gould.

250W—WJLW—1450EC

6:00—Sunrise Serenade.	12:30
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Contract Bridge

By Florence Osborne

"There is no necessity for a player to make use of psychic bids," say the four Aces, "but should he desire to employ them occasionally—either defensively, in an effort to embarrass the opponents and to prevent them from reaching the proper final contract, or offensively, in an effort to convey a confused picture of his hand and mislead the defense—it is essential that there be method in his madness. His psychics should be catalogued so that they will not act as a boomerang to his own side."

"There are a few psychics which serve to add zest to the game, to keep all the players alert, and which, if intelligently used, involve very little risk."

"In their use, as in the employment of all other advanced bids, great care must be taken. Just as there are certain players with whom you should overbid and others with whom you should underbid, so there are certain players with whom you should never bid a psychic."

Two Simple Hands

Today we present two hands which present problems in psychic bidding. There is also a problem on play. Try your luck with the psychics, then check with the answers below.

1. Sitting South, you hold these cards:

♠ 75
♥ A98643
♦ 76
♣ 862

The bidding has gone:
West North East South
1♥ 2♥ 3♥ 4♥

What call do you make?
Sitting South, as dealer, you hold these cards:

♠ AJ8753
♥ K7
♦ 862
♣ 75

What is your opening call?
You hold the West cards of to-

Today's Hand

East-West Vulnerable

SOUTH DEALER

♠ 75

♥ 75

♦ A10988

♣ 42

♠ AQ842

♥ Q93

♦ Q98

♣ 793

♠ 93

♥ 8642

♦ J43

♣ Q875

♠ KJ10

♥ AK10

♦ K72

♣ AK106

The bidding:

South West North East

3 NT. Pass 3 0 Pass

3 NT. Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: 4♣

West's hand against South's three-no-trump contract, and your open-

ing lead is the spade four. Declarer wins the jack and then plays the diamond king. How do you plan your defense?

Answers to Quiz

1. "Four diamonds," advise the four Aces. "With this hand you are certain that the opponents can make a slam. If the original bidder has a good diamond suit in addition to his good spade suit, he will double for business. The next two players pass and you run to four hearts. It is now probable that the original bidder will reason as follows: South probably bid four diamonds to tell his partner that he can safely lead a diamond against a slam contract because he can ruff. This seems very likely because I have so many diamonds. Therefore, I should not contract for a slam."

2. "Obviously, this hand is suitable for a third-hand semipsychic or lead-directing bid," say the Aces. "Many players occasionally bid such hands in first or second position. We strongly disapprove of this practice. If you open the bidding with such a hand in first or second position, your future course of action becomes confused and uncertain. If your partner makes a forcing response, you would fear that he might undertake an unmakeable slam if you rebid, while if you should pass you might miss a game."

"Furthermore, if the bidding becomes competitive, your partner might double the opponents at a contract they can easily make. In return for this you have gained the doubtful advantage of having made the first bid."

3. West defeats the contract by preventing declarer from throwing him in the lead. When the diamond king is led, West sees that if East holds the diamond jack and two small diamonds it makes a difference what card he plays. To keep his queen from being allowed to hold the next trick, West throws it under South's king.

South cannot set up dummy's diamonds without letting East in with the jack, and East will then return a spade to defeat the hand one trick, the defenders winning a diamond and four spades. If West plays small on the first diamond lead, he can be forced to win the queen on the next round, declarer ducking on the board. South then can run North's diamonds when he diamonds, a spade, two hearts and regains the lead, and will win four two clubs at least.

TERRY AND THE PIRATES

Bolt-Action

BY MILTON CANIFF



MARY WORTH'S FAMILY

BY DALE ALLEN



MICKEY FINN

Turned Out!

BY LANK LEONARD



MR. AND MRS.

Just a Bare Possibility

BY ARTHUR FOLWELL and ELLISON HOOVER



DIXIE DUGAN

Decide Now

BY J. P. McEVY and H. J. STREIBEL



DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY

Ambuscade

BY FRANK V. MARTINEK



BIG CHIEF WAHOO

BY SAUNDERS AND WOGGON



KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

Bacteriologists!

BY WALT DISNEY



DONALD DUCK

Bacteriologists!

BY WALT DISNEY



Legal Record

MOTION COURT ASSIGNMENT

FOR SEPTEMBER 15TH

Chief Justice—Stevens, presiding.

16740—National Bond & Investment Co. vs. Kallor, Atty., Lichtenberg—Pro se.

16851—Washington Dismount Corp. vs. Williams, Atty., Lichtenberg—Pro se.

16943—Seven Corners Realty, Inc. vs. Luber et al. Atty., Halper—Pro se.

15945—Hitchens vs. Hitchens, Atty., Bennett-Taylor.

CIVIL ACTIONS FILED SEPT. 14.

17117—James J. Strand vs. Beulah M. Strand; legal separation. Atty., Ralph A. Cusick.

17118—Alton Fitzgerald vs. Richmond, Frederickburg & Potomac Railroad Co.; damages. Atty., Arthur O. Lambert.

17119—Florence Belle Ross vs. William Daniel Dean; legal separation. Atty., Fred-erick Wilson.

17120—Ruth Wilkes Howard vs. William B. Howard; legal separation. Atty., Raymond Hunsicker.

17121—William B. Dolman vs. Matilda Dolman; divorce. Atty., Harry A. Brown.

17122—Thurma C. Beasley vs. James W. Beasley et al.; divorce. Atty., G. A. Chadwick, Jr.

17123—In re Florence M. Malinowski; for change of name. Atty., Malinowski.

17124—Frances Pikel vs. The Washington Loan Trust Co.; substitute trustee. Atty., W. Oliver Donohoe.

17125—Andre Peter Vornath et al. vs. Paul F. Cook et al.; substitute trustee. Atty., Louis Glinberg.

17126—Thurma C. Beasley et al. vs. William L. Halford et al.; damages. Atty., I. H. Minerva.

17127—Effie Janice Brinson vs. James Newell Brinson et al.; divorce. Atty., Jos. B. Deansbury.

17128—Robert L. Boykin vs. Budie Lucille Boykin; divorce. Atty., James S. Hogan.

17129—A. N. Richardson vs. P. J. Par-dun et al.; damages. Atty., James Rhoads.

17130—In re Herman Bernard Glasser; for change of name. Atty., John R. Walker.

17131—Isabella E. Beatty, et al. vs. Raymond L. Fales; on account. Atty., Philip Dockstein.

DOCKETED JUDGMENTS

September 14, 1942

8061—Clarence R. Harding vs. Norman E. Rogers; \$85.50. Atty., A. H. Ford.

8062—The Morris Trust Co. vs. Bank of N. Y. & Cos. v. Carfax, et al.; \$211.90. Atty., L. P. Levine, Jos. Blitnick.

PROBATE MATTERS

Estate of Anthony A. Oullil; will dated August 6, 1941.

Estate of Katherine B. Treadwell; will dated September 4, 1941.

Estate of J. H. K. testamentary paper dated July 10, 1939.

Estate of Carl K. K. petition for letters testamentary. Atty., P. & T. Fryer.

Estate of Adelaide Hutchinson; order granting letters testamentary to T. H. Clarke; bond, \$500. Atty., T. L. Jeffords.

Estate of Elia Mintz; order granting letters testamentary to E. M. Mintz; bond, \$100.

Estate of Helen H. Mackenzie; order granting letters testamentary to the Russ National Bank; bond, \$100.

Estate of James C. Holmes; order granting letters of administration to C. W. Holmes; bond, \$3000. Atty., Lamond & Bradshaw.

Concert

U. S. SOLDIERS HOME BAND

Handstand, P. M.

John & M. Zimmerman, Bandmaster

March, "Master of Ceremonies".....Smith

Overture, "Apolo".....Woods

Solos for xylophone.....Woods

(a) "Crazy Rhythm".....Brigham

(b) "Diamonds".....Horne

Melange, "Honey from the Old Folks".....Laka

Popular numbers:

"Oh, You Have No Idea".....Daugherty

"The Old Bohemian Waltz" (re-quest).....Hill

Valentine.....Hill

Finale, "The Battle of Britain".....Barnhouse

"The Star-Spangled Banner"

WASHINGTON CHAPEL, Sixteenth Street and Columbia Road Northwest, 8 P. M.

Learning Wheelwright, Organist; Edna C. Wheelwright, Soprano, Antiphony.

"Jesus, Joy of Man's Desiring".....Bach

Andante, from Giza symphony.....Tchaikovsky

"Will of the Wisp".....Stravinsky

"Tomorrow".....Strauss

"Dedication".....Strauss

Hymn reverie, "As the Dew From Heaven".....Arranged

An old melody.....Arranged

The Last Chorus.....Bullfinch

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Takoma Citizen Unit Postpones Meeting

The Takoma Park, Md., D. C. Citizens Association has postponed its meeting scheduled for tonight at the Takoma Branch of the Public Library, Fifth and Cedar Streets Northwest, in order to participate in the community celebration honoring its fellow member, John Melkielejohn, September 29 at the same place.

Mr. Melkielejohn is a pioneer resident of Takoma Park here he has lived for nearly 75 years.

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Six Indicted In Gas Ration Book Theft

Six men were indicted yesterday by the District grand jury on charges arising from the alleged theft of 1584 ration books from the Jackson School, Thirtieth and R Streets Northwest, August 6.

Theft of the coveted booklets was charged against Walter B. Chambers, 44-year-old steamfitter, of Arlington. The indictment accuses him of larceny from the United States and housebreaking.

The others were charged with receiving stolen property. They were George L. Onley, 44, Negro of 512 Irving Street Northwest; Joseph A. Schurr, 40, of 519 Butterfield Street Northwest; Charles C. Arnold, 38, of 1109 N Street Northwest; Jack Glasser, 20, of Chevy Chase, Md.; and Ralph Stabler, 33, of 3846 Park Place Northwest.

Detective Sergs. William G. Fawcett and George L. Saunders, who made the arrests August 28, said all but 200 of the gas books have been recovered. Some of them had been sold for as much as \$50 each, the detective said.

Also indicted was Raymond E. Warner, 34, years old, on a charge of embezzling \$3700 over a period of six months from L. P. Stewart & Co., Inc., fuel oil depot at 138 Twelfth Street Northeast, where he is said to have been employed for about five years. Warner, whose last address was not given, is still at large. The indictment charged he took the money in amounts ranging from \$100 to \$300 between January 1 and June 18.

Among the total of 74 true bills returned yesterday by the grand jurors were two charging impersonation of Army officers. Named as defendants were Thomas J. Elrod, 44-year-old sign painter, of Greenview, S. C., and Edward C. Sullivan, 33, whose address was given as the Lafayette Hotel.

Specific charges against Elrod are that he wore the uniform of an Army captain illegally and obtained \$5 under that guise June 20. Sullivan is accused of wearing an Army lieutenant's uniform and cashing two checks totaling \$30 on December 22 and 24.

Others indicted and the charges against them were:

Impersonation of a U. S. Marine—William P. Warren, 30, of 1000 R Street Northwest. Grand larceny—Edward C. Sullivan, 33, of 1000 R Street Northwest. Grand larceny—John A. De Catur, James Brown, Edwin E. Collins, Larry P. James and James Brown. Grand larceny and unauthorized use of an automobile—Bernard C. O'Brien, John O. Enslin and Carl J. Akowitz. Assault with a dangerous weapon—Roscoe Brooks, Alvin W. Victor, Hunsinger, Roy Hamilton and Clarence Holland. Housebreaking and larceny—Lawrence M. Young, William G. Kora, Homer Simpson, Clement Jackson, William Walker, Riddle Minor, Willie Harker, E. Maddox, Raymond W. Johnson, Otto D. Wright and William H. Smith. Robbery—Wright, Small, Eric E. Anderson, Lawrence D. Hollinsworth, Otis O'Brien, Hunsinger and Harry Dixon. Grand larceny—Theodore H. Miller, Charles A. Jackson and James A. Hunsinger. Unauthorized use of an automobile—Paul H. Shipe, Donald Brooks, James W. Jett, Clarence Turner, Robert Allen and Henry L. Harvey. Violation of gambling laws—Henry J. Norwood. Criminal knowledge and assault with intent to commit carnal knowledge—Lewis L. Otto, Johnnie Williamson and George W. Williamson. Assault with intent to commit rape—James H. Campbell. Assault with intent to kill—James Durkin. Abduction—Mary B. Williams and Joseph M. Horn. Bribery—Mettie McConnell Couch. Violation of the Harrison Narcotic Act and violation of the Narcotic Drug Import and Export Act—Thomas Kenney, Willie Dorsey, Dolly Palmer, William Gillen, F. and Mary Holden. Manslaughter—Gusie B. Howard, Norman C. McDevitt, Richard A. Ragan and William D. Ragan. Subornation—William White.

'Stage Door' Canteen Will Open Sept. 28

The Stage Door Canteen will open to United Nations service men here at 5 p. m., September 28, one day after a "pound" opening to the public, which will be admitted for two pounds of food or \$2. It was announced yesterday at a meeting of Canteen officials in the Hay-Adams House.

The meeting was called to enlist the aid of Washington newspapermen in the Canteen's activities and was presided over by Brock Pemberton of New York City, a producer and national chairman of the Theater Wing sponsoring the Canteen.

The general public through the pound opening will have one of its few opportunities to see the now remodeled interior of the historic Belasco Theater, turned over to the Canteen's use. A small section will still be reserved for the use of the Federal Government, owner of the building. After September 27, civilians will pay at least \$100 for the use of a Canteen table accommodating four persons and will be received as "angels."

Funeral Services Planned Today for Walter S. Gilchrist

Services for Walter S. Gilchrist, 60, associate economic analyst at the Department of Commerce, will be held today at 2 p. m. at the Lee funeral home, Fourth Street and Massachusetts Avenue Northeast. Burial in Rock Creek Cemetery will follow.

A resident of Washington for 45 years, Mr. Gilchrist died Friday at his home, 5601 Thirty-second Street Northwest.

Surviving are one sister, Grace G. Gilchrist; three brothers, Arthur B. Gilchrist and Dr. Edgar Y. Gilchrist of Washington and Ralph K. Gilchrist of Little Rock, Ark.

Harold F. Hallock Is Dead at 47

Harold F. Hallock, 47, resident of Washington for 35 years, died yesterday at Gallinger Hospital.

Until he became ill several years ago, Mr. Hallock was a clothing salesman and credit manager. A native of Norwalk, Conn., he came here with his parents, Frederick Hallock and the late Mrs. Hallock, when he was 12 years old. Surviving in addition to his father, are his wife, Mrs. Nora Hallock of Arlington, Va.; a daughter, Ruth M. Anderson, and two brothers, Carlton and Charles Hallock, all of Washington.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 1 p. m. at Chambers funeral home, 517 Eleventh Street Southeast. Burial will be in Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

Obituary Adm. Franklin, Veteran of Two Wars, Is Dead

Rear Admiral William Buel Franklin, 74, veteran of the Spanish-American and First World Wars, died at his home in Haverford, Pa., Sunday, after a brief illness. It was learned here yesterday. A native of Winchester, Va., Admiral Franklin was prominent in shipping and financial circles in New York.

After graduating with the class of 1893 from the United States Naval Academy, Admiral Franklin served in the Navy until 1896, when he resigned to enter the service of the W. R. Grace Co. in New York in connection with the management of their ships in the South American trade.

During the Spanish-American War he served in the naval militia, and afterward formed the firm of W. B. Franklin & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange. Commissioned a commander in the Naval Reserve Force during the First World War, he established the Pelham Bay Training Camp near New York City and remained in command there until the end of the war. This camp trained and sent 68,000 men to sea, and 22,000 were in training when hostilities ceased. For this service he was promoted to captain and awarded the Navy Cross.

In 1929 Franklin D. Roosevelt, then Governor of New York, commissioned him rear admiral commanding the New York Naval Militia. Admiral Franklin was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati, the Navy and Military Order of Foreign Wars.

Surviving are his wife, Lillian Grace Franklin; a daughter, Mrs. Robert A. Franks, Jr., and three granddaughters, all of Tryon, N. C.; two sisters and a brother. Private burial will be at York, Pa.

Joseph W. Stewart Dies; Funeral to Be in Cincinnati

Joseph Wray Stewart, 80, retired railroad man, who died at his home, 1830 Wyoming Street Northwest, Sunday, will be buried today in Cincinnati. He had been ill six months.

Surviving, besides his sisters, are two sons, Dr. Horace Stewart and Joseph W. Stewart, Jr., both of Cincinnati, and two daughters, Mrs. William Powers of Miami, Fla., and Mrs. George Jones of Philadelphia, Pa.

J. L. Heiskell, Realtor Here 50 Years, Dies

Jesse Lewis Heiskell, 78, prominent real estate broker here for more than a half century, died yesterday at Doctor's Hospital after a brief illness.

Born at Oxon Hill, Md., and the son of the late Dr. Peter and Mrs. Heiskell, Mr. Heiskell entered the real estate business here with the late John E. McLeran in 1887. He continued the business as sole proprietor until he died.

Mr. Heiskell organized the first real estate board here and became its first president. He handled many large transactions which have taken place in the development and growth of the city during the past 50 years.

He married twice, first to Miss Edith Augusta Vickery of Baltimore and after her death to Miss Elaine Fitzhugh Powell of Virginia, who survives him. He also is survived by Lieut. Col. Edward Vickery Heiskell of New York City, Mrs. James H. Campbell of Philadelphia, Mrs. William A. Boggs of Baltimore and Miss Edith H. Heiskell of Oxon Hill, children by his first marriage; Miss Elaine Powell Heiskell, Oxon Hill, and Mrs. Henry Lee Clark of New York, children by his second marriage. A sister, Mrs. G. M. Pinotti, of Yankton, S. D., also survives.

Requiem mass will be said at 10 a. m. tomorrow at St. Ignace Church, Oxon Hill. Burial will be in the family plot in the adjoining cemetery.

Funeral Services Slated Today for Mrs. Bonnevillie

Funeral services for Mrs. Carrie F. Bonnevillie, 85, widow of Capt. C. J. Bonnevillie, will be held at 2 p. m. today at Birch's funeral home, 3034 M Street Northwest. Burial will be in Oak Hill Cemetery.

A native of Washington, Mrs. Bonnevillie died Saturday at the home of her son, T. D. Bonnevillie, 221 North Jackson Street, Arlington, Va. She was the daughter of the late Joseph F. and Annie E. Birch, prominent residents of Georgetown. Her husband was stationed at Old Point Comfort, Va., in the marine hospital service, and for 33 years she had resided at Hampton, Va.

Mrs. Bonnevillie was a member of St. John's Episcopal Church of Hampton. She is survived by two sons, Col. J. H. Bonnevillie of New York University and T. D. Bonnevillie of Arlington, theater executive.

Mrs. Jane Greene's Funeral to Be Held At 3 P.M. Tomorrow

Mrs. Priscilla Jane Greene died yesterday at her home near Purdum, Md., after a brief illness. She was 78.

Mrs. Greene was twice married. Her first husband was William C. Beall and her second husband, Julius A. Greene, both of whom died. By the first marriage the surviving children are Mrs. Bertie Barlow, Mrs. Rosie J. Brown and Jesse J. Fletcher T. Wilson A. and Wellington C. Beall, and by the second marriage are Mrs. Margaret L. Hardy and John A. and Harry K. Greene. She also leaves a sister, Mrs. Belle Broadhurst, and four brothers, Fillmore, Luther, Webster and Roy Brall.

Funeral services will be held at 3 p. m. tomorrow at Bethesda Methodist Church, Browningsville, Md. The Rev. Rye, pastor of the church, and the Rev. H. F. Chandler of Bethesda, formerly pastor of the church, will conduct the services. Burial will be in the church cemetery.

Masonic Funeral Tomorrow for H. Clyde Grimes

Masonic services for H. Clyde Grimes, 66, lifelong resident of Georgetown and a Mason 45 years, will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. at Congress Street Methodist Church, 1238 Thirty-first Street Northwest. Mr. Grimes, who made his home at 3119 N Street Northwest for the past 32 years, died Sunday following a lingering illness. Before retiring last December he was a clerk in the War Department for a quarter of a century.

A past master of Potomac Masonic Lodge, No. 5, and a past high priest of the Potomac chapter, Mr. Grimes was secretary of the Potomac chapter until a few months ago. He was a member of Congress Street Church since childhood and had been a steward in the church. The pastor of the church, the Rev. D. K. Sturgis, will officiate for the funeral service, assisted by the Rev. B. F. Ruley, a former pastor there.

A son of the late William K. and Ella Pauline Grimes, Mr. Grimes married the former Amelia Hutchings at Congress Street Church. Surviving, in addition to his wife, are five sisters, Mrs. Edie Botta, Mrs. Daisy Croson, May, Lena and Agnes Grimes, all of Washington.

Military Rites Set Today for Admiral Cheatham

Military rites for Rear Admiral Joseph Johnston Cheatham, 70, Supply Corps, U. S. N., retired, will be held in Fort Myer Chapel today, with burial in Arlington National Cemetery following.

Admiral Cheatham, who lived at 2101 Connecticut Avenue Northwest, died September 8 at his summer home in Kallapell, Mont.

Born in Beachgrove, Tenn., Admiral Cheatham entered the Navy Supply Corps in 1894 and was promoted through the ranks to a captain in 1917. He was made paymaster general in 1929 with the rank of rear admiral and held that position until he retired in 1939. His wife, Mrs. Irene T. Cheatham, survives.

Funeral Today For Mrs. Schnabel

Mrs. Catherine E. Schnabel, 75, wife of Gustav Schnabel, 1350 Maple View Place Southeast, will be buried in Cedar Hill Cemetery following services today at 11 a. m. in the cemetery chapel. Services for close friends of the Rebekah Lodge of which Mrs. Schnabel was a lifelong member, were held last night at her home.

A resident of the District for 23 years, Mrs. Schnabel came here with her husband, a retired miner, from Ashland, Pa. She died Sunday at her home. Surviving in addition to her husband are two children, George F. Schnabel and Mrs. Anna C. Sweeney, both of Washington; and two grandchildren, Mrs. Edna P. Lipner of Chicago and Evelyn L. Schnabel of Washington.

Grimsley Rites To Be Held Today

Funeral services for Edward M. Grimsley, 62, employee of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co., more than 40 years, will be held today at 3 p. m. at his home, 525 Thirtieth Street Northeast. Mr. Grimsley died Friday at the Washington Sanitarium after a short illness.

At the time of his death, he was a test man in the Bradley-Wisconsin central office of the telephone company. Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Josephine E. Grimsley of the Thirtieth Street address; two children, Mrs. Maude Lee MacLean and Charles Edward Grimsley, and two grandchildren, Ralph M. and Betty Lee Grimsley, all of Washington.

Robert G. Dillaway Rites Tomorrow

Burial in Arlington National Cemetery will follow services tomorrow for Robert G. Dillaway, civil engineer with the War Department, who died September 7 in St. Johns, Newfoundland. The funeral will be held at the Hines funeral home, 2961 Fourteenth Street Northwest, at 2 p. m.

A native of Detroit, Mich., Mr. Dillaway came to Washington in 1922 and has been in the Government service ever since. He had been in Newfoundland since May, 1941. Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Ida C. Dillaway, 7543 Thirtieth Street Northwest, and a 17-year-old son, Robert B. Dillaway.

James L. Burke Dies in New York

James L. Burke, brother of the late Mgr. John I. Burke, C. S. P., of this city, died yesterday in New York City following many years' illness. He was an uncle of Mrs. Mary Salmon Bond of Washington. Mgr. Burke, who died in 1939, was general secretary of the National Catholic Welfare Conference here.

Until illness invalidated him some years ago, Mr. Burke was on the staff of a New York bank. Surviving are two sisters, Elizabeth Burke and Mrs. John Salmon of New York, and two brothers, William Burke, of New York, and the Rev. Thomas Burke, chaplain of the University of California at Berkeley.

C. P. Seebold Rites Tomorrow

Funeral services for Charles P. Seebold, 77, retired coal dealer, will be held at 11 a. m. tomorrow at Wright's funeral home, 1337 Tenth Street Northwest. Burial will be in Glenwood Cemetery.

Mr. Seebold died yesterday at the Home Apartment, 660 K Street Northwest. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Alma E. Seebold.

Mr. Seebold was in the coal business here for 60 years, having started with Charles H. Burgess and later associated with Griffith Consumers Co. He was with the latter firm for 10 years and until his retirement in 1941.



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- These aren't big sacrifices in themselves. It's true. They merely show which way the wind is blowing.
- No good American grumbles over the petty inconveniences. We'll gladly do without a thousand things . . . to give our boys the planes, the tanks, the guns.
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